

North Lanarkshire DPMTAGbased Appraisal – Bargeddie & Carnbroe LDP Clusters

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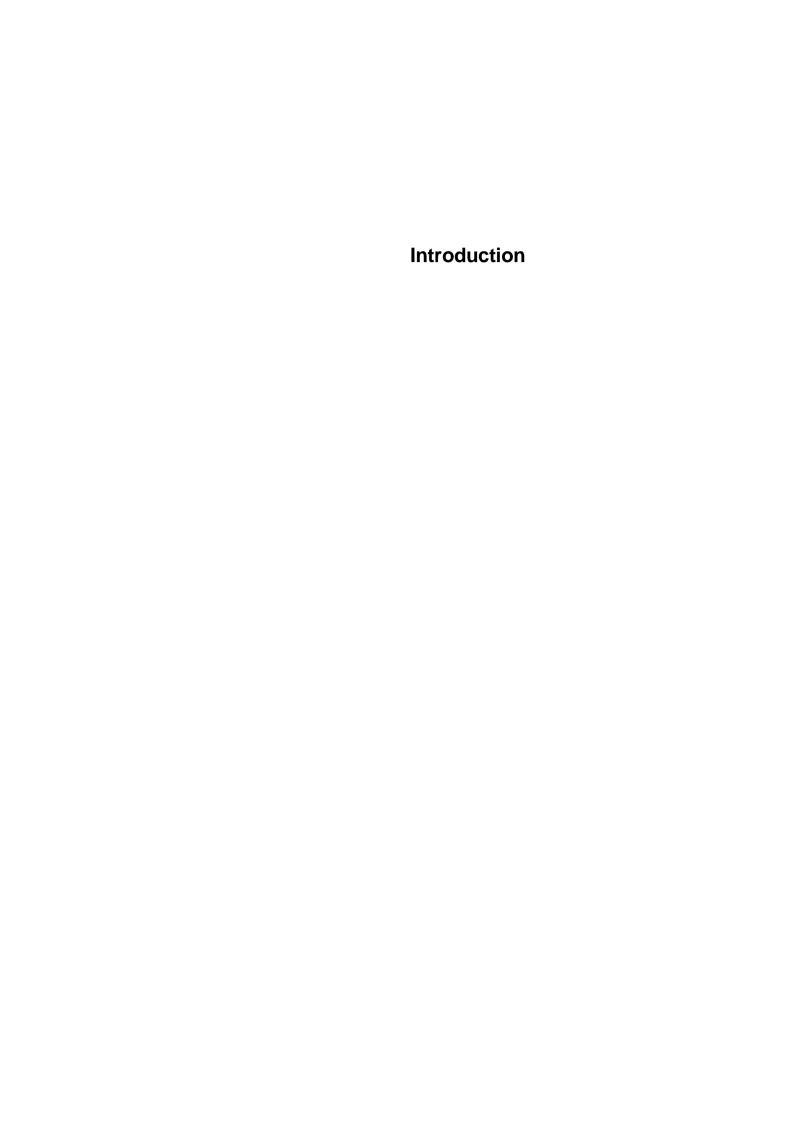
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1 Introduction

1.1 Introduction

AECOM have been commissioned by North Lanarkshire Council to undertake a Transport Appraisal based on the Development Planning and Management Transport Appraisal Guidance (DPMTAG) to support development of North Lanarkshire Council's Local Development Plan.

This DPMTAG-based Appraisal is being used to provide an initial understanding of a number of proposed development sites' cumulative impact on the road network to assist in the preparation of the North Lanarkshire Council's Local Development Plan in the following settlement areas:

- · Bargeddie; and
- Carnbroe.

1.2 Policy Context

DPMTAG was published by Transport Scotland in 2011. It provides guidance on Transport Appraisal of potential interventions associated with developments to inform in the preparation of Development Plans.

Scottish Planning Policy (SPP), which was updated in June 2014, outlines how nationally important land use planning matters should be addressed across Scotland. It promotes consistency in the application of policy across Scotland whilst allowing sufficient flexibility to reflect local circumstances. The SPP highlights the requirement for DPMTAG appraisal of proposed Local Development Plans.

In this context, this study will be conducted to understand the future transport conditions and the potential development impacts and thus, recognise the necessary measures to address the possible matters.

1.3 Methodology

Discussion took place between officers at North Lanarkshire Council and Transport Scotland to agree the methodology of the assessment. It was agreed between the parties that a high-level threshold assessment should be undertaken initially in order to identify specific locations on the road network which would need to be considered in greater detail i.e. subject to junction capacity analysis.

The initial task in the process was a review of all the development sites to be included in the assessment, noting location, land use and size.

Following this, a data gathering exercise was required to understand the existing and potential future traffic conditions. This task included a review of transport assessment documentation supporting any relevant previous development planning applications for the identified sites, committed transport schemes and any other available information on previously considered transport interventions. Data relating to the predicted future traffic flows on the road networks at Bargeddie and Carnbroe were obtained from the Land Use and Transport Integration in Scotland (LATIS) models from Transport Scotland's incumbent planning and transport modelling consultants. The LATIS model used includes the infrastructure associated with the A8/M8/M74/M73 major trunk road improvement works and the effect it has on the local road network through the affected settlements.

The proposed developments were considered to estimate the number of trips that may be generated. The trip generation assessment was carried out using valid Transport Assessments used to support previous planning applications for the specific sites being considered which where the development content was similar to the proposed LDP land use allocation. Where this was not available use was made of the national Trip Rate Information Computer System (TRICS) database. Predicted development trips were distributed and assigned to the road network based on similar trip distributions from available Transport Assessment data in close proximity to the development site considered in each case. This was complemented with 2011 Census data relating to "travel to work or place of study" of persons aged 16-74, and the shortest travel route calculated using ArcGIS software.

A threshold assessment was carried out to estimate the cumulative development impact on the study network using worksheets developed in Microsoft Excel

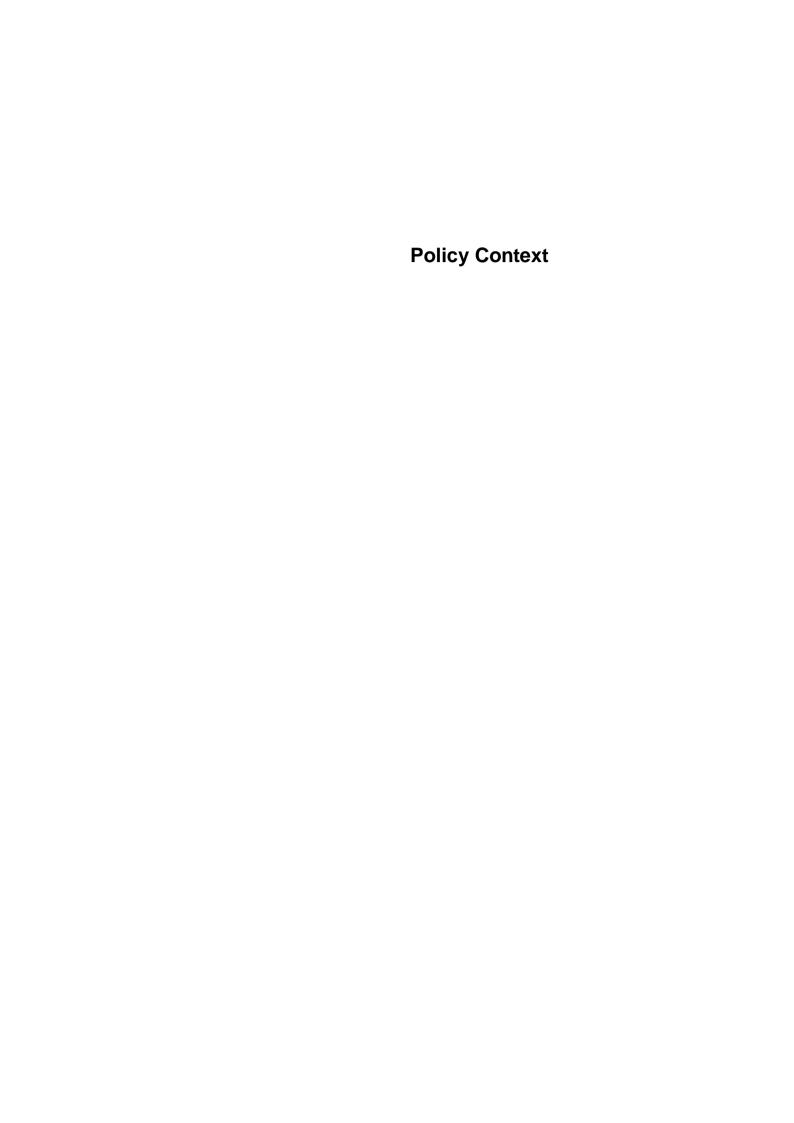
1.4 Scoping Discussions

Scoping discussions were undertaken between AECOM and North Lanarkshire Council's Strategic Planning team and Transport Officers. These discussions were undertaken at an inception meeting in June 2016. The meeting sought to agree the DPMTAG-based methodology to be undertaken and the settlements/developments to be included in the assessment of cumulative impacts.

1.5 Report Structure

The remainder of the TS report has been structured as follows:

- Chapter 2: Policy Context;
- Chapter 3: Development Sites;
- Chapter 4: Demand Assessment;
- Chapter 5: Road Network Impact; and
- Chapter 6: Summary and Conclusions.



2 Policy Context

2.1 National Planning Policy

2.1.1 Development Planning and Management Transport Appraisal Guidance (2011)

Development Planning and Management Transport Appraisal Guidance (DPMTAG) was published by Transport Scotland in 2011. It provides guidance on Transport Appraisal to inform the preparation of development plans. It is recommended that the appraisal should be undertaken at an early stage of the development plan process, prior to the publication of the main issues report, where it can be most effective in helping to shape the spatial strategy and the way in which the spatial strategy will be delivered.

The Transport Appraisal should provide a clear understanding of the transport implications and any main issues related to the Strategic Transport Network.

2.1.2 Scottish Planning Policy (2014)

The most recent iteration of Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) was published in June 2014; the purpose of which was to set out national planning policies that reflect Scottish Ministers' priorities for planning new developments and the use of land. It sits in a suite of documents that includes the National Planning Framework 3, Creating Places, Designing Streets and various circulars, which cumulatively set out the requirements for creating successful places in Scotland. Although it is a non-statutory document, the Town and County Planning (Scotland) 1997 Act dictates that the content of SPP should be regarded as a material consideration that carries significant weight within the planning process.

The two fundamental principles of SPP are concerned with ensuring sustainability and the creation of high quality places. It reinforces the understanding that achieving a sustainable economy, promoting good governance and using established science responsibly are essential to the creation and maintenance of a strong, healthy and just society capable of living within environmental limits. The policy continues that the Scottish Government has a commitment to sustainable development reflected in its purpose of creating a more successful country with opportunities for Scotland to flourish through increasing sustainable economic growth.

SPP states in paragraph 274 the need of DPM TAG- based appraisals:

"In preparing development plans, planning authorities are expected to appraise the impact of the spatial strategy and its reasonable alternatives on the transport network, in line with Transport Scotland's DPMTAG guidance. This should include consideration of previously allocated sites, transport opportunities and constraints, current capacity and committed improvements to the transport network. Planning authorities should ensure that a transport appraisal is undertaken at a scale and level of detail proportionate to the nature of the issues and proposals being considered, including funding requirements. Appraisals should be carried out in time to inform the spatial strategy and the strategic environmental assessment. Where there are potential issues for the strategic transport network, the appraisal should be discussed with Transport Scotland at the earliest opportunity."

2.2 Regional and Local Policy

2.2.1 North Lanarkshire Local Development Plan, Main Issues Report (2015)

The Main Issues Report (MIR) sets out the main issues for North Lanarkshire and contains options to resolve these issues. It highlights the main changes that have taken place in North Lanarkshire since the adoption of the Local Plan in September 2012 and the approach to replacing it. Adoption of the Local Development Plan is expected in 2017.

The MIR is an opportunity to evaluate the land use planning strategy that the Council operates and to make sure its replacement is fit for purpose.

2.2.2 North Lanarkshire Council Local Transport Strategy (2010)

Within the Local Transport Strategy (LTS) for North Lanarkshire the principles of Scottish Transport Appraisal Guidance (STAG) have assisted in making informed choices between possible alternative strategies by appraising alternatives against five criteria: environment, safety, economy, integration and accessibility. The strategy has been developed to address current problems facing North Lanarkshire both today and in the future as well as to achieve the Council's broader objectives and transport vision.



3 Development Sites

3.1 Introduction

The appraisal supports proposed development sites within two clusters in North Lanarkshire. The two clusters are listed below and illustrated in Figure 1:

- Bargeddie
- Carnbroe

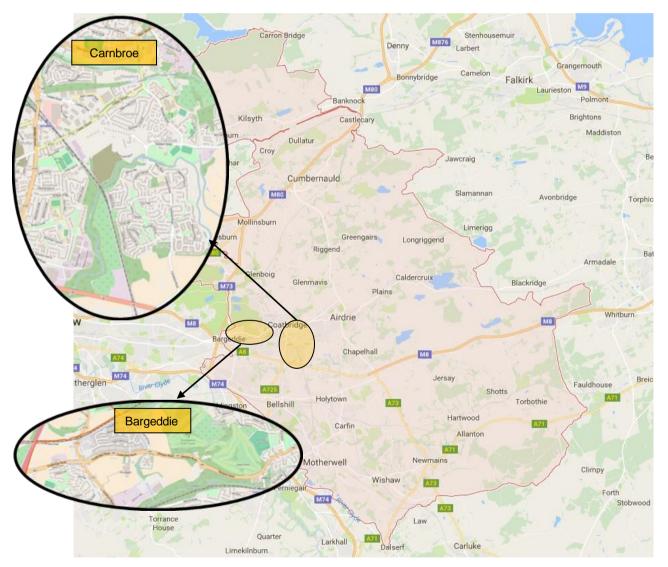


Figure 1: Study Development Areas

Information about the development sites was obtained from the North Lanarkshire Local Plan and are detailed in the following sections.

3.2 Bargeddie

This development area is located to the west of North Lanarkshire near the border with the City of Glasgow council area; it is bound by the M8 to the south, the M73 to the west, Drumpellier Golf Course to the north and Coatbridge to the east. Within this area are 4 proposed residential developments. One of the developments is located to the north of Coatbridge Road and bound by the M73 to the east, Manse Road to the north and Gartcosh Road to the east. The other three developments are located to the south of Coatbridge Road and east of A752, one to the west of Drumpark School and the other two to the east.

Figure 2 and Table 1 below show the location, land use and size of the developments within Bargeddie. All the sites are of a large capacity with a total of 648 dwellings being proposed at this area.

Table 1: Developments at Bargeddie

Site Ref.	Town	Location	Land Use	Site Area (Ha)	Capacity (Units)
0001/09	Bargeddie	Coatbridge Road/Manse Road	Residential	6.23	155
0002/09	Bargeddie	Coatbridge Road/Langmuir Road	Residential	8.21	205
0005/09	Bargeddie	Drumpark School	Residential	9.3	233
0006/09	Bargeddie	Drumpellier	Residential	2.18	55

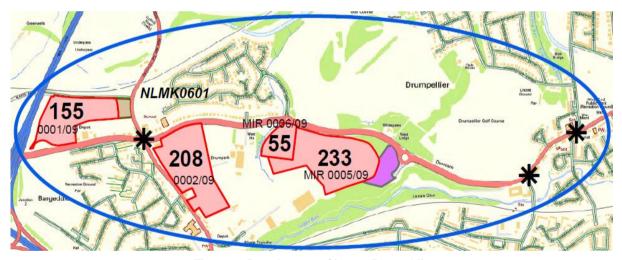


Figure 2: Development Sites at Bargeddie

3.3 Carnbroe

Carnbroe is bound by the A8 to the south, the A725 to the west, Coatbridge to the north and the North Calder Water to the east.

As illustrated in Figure 3 and shown in Table 2, there are 4 proposed development sites within this area. The Carnbroe Estate development is the biggest development at Carnbroe. It includes 500 residential units, 250m² medical facilities and 550m² GFA local retail facilities. A large business development, of 15.42Ha, to the west of the train line and in close proximity to the A8 is also proposed. Additionally, there are two residential developments, one as a continuation of the Carnbroe Estate, with capacity for 55 units, and the other one to the south of Sykeside Road, with capacity for 22 units.

Table 2: Developments at Carnbroe

Site Ref.	Town	Location	Land Use	Site Area (Ha)	Capacity (Units)
0001/10	Carnbroe	Sweethill Terrace/Deanston Terrace	Residential	2.21	55

0002/10	Coatbridge	Carnbroe	Business	15.42	-
0004/10	Coatbridge	Carnbroe estate	Residential, Health Centre, Retail	22.65	-
0007/11	Airdrie	Sikeside Road	Residential	0.87	22

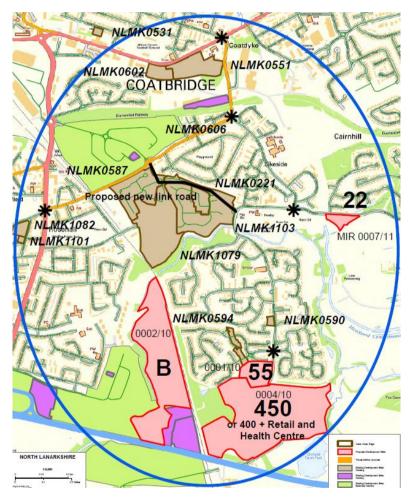
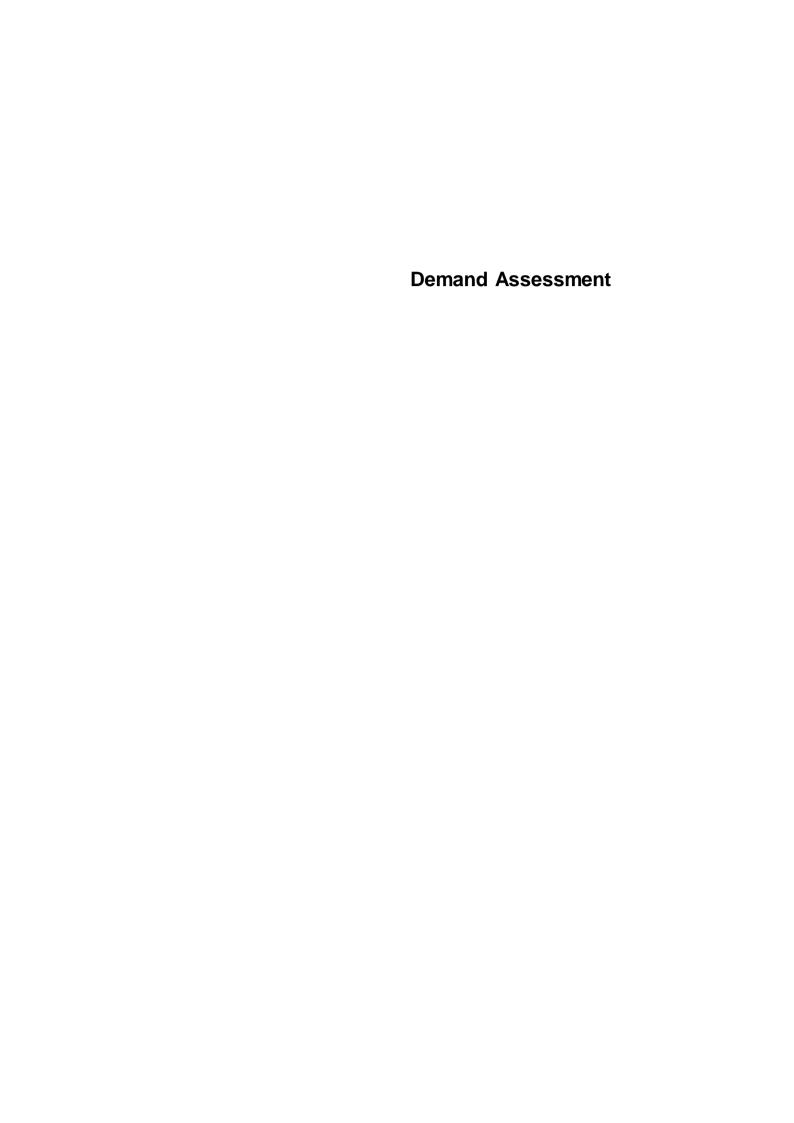


Figure 3: Development Sites at Carnbroe



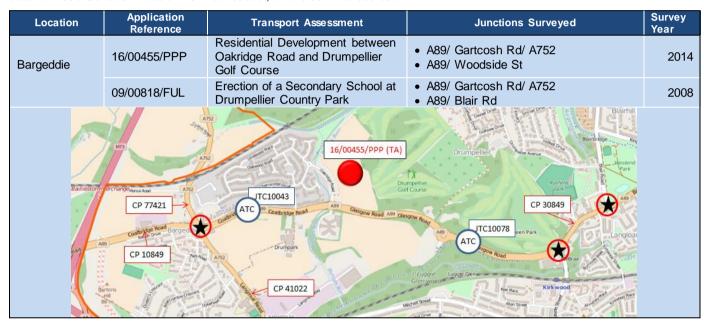
4 Demand Assessment

4.1 Introduction

The data available in both clusters; Bargeddie and Carnbroe is summarised in this section.

4.2 Data Gathering

In Bargeddie, counts undertaken in 2008 supplied data for A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752 roundabout and A89 / Blair Road signalised junction. Surveys from 2014 also supplied data for A89 / Woodside Road signalised junction as well as more current data for A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752 roundabout, and is summarised below.



In Carnbroe, survey data from 2005, 2014 and 2015 informed the analysis. The 2005 data was obtained from a Transport Assessment for a residential development at the former Sheffield Forgemasters and surveyed the A725 / B753 signalised junction, B753 / Main St Roundabout and Sikeside St / Paddock St Roundabout. The 2014 data was obtained from a Transport Assessment for a mixed use development at a site between Carnbroe Rd and the M8 and surveyed B753 / Sikeside St roundabout, B753 / Main St roundabout, Sikeside St / Paddock St roundabout and Sweethill Terrace / Carnbroe Rd roundabout. The 2015 data was obtained from a Transport Assessment for Columbia High School and surveyed A725 / B753 signalised junction and B753 / Main St Roundabout. All the sources are summarised overleaf.

Location	Application Reference	Transport Assessment	Junctions Surveyed	Survey Year
	15/01792/PPP	Mixed Use Development between Carnbroe Rd and M8	 B753/ Sikeside St B753/ Main St Sikeside St/ Paddock St Sweethill Terrace/ Carnbroe Rd 	2014
Carnbroe	11/00764/MSC	Residential Development at Sheffield Forgemasters	A725/ B753B753/ Main StSikeside St/ Paddock St	2005
	-	Columba High School	A725/ B753B753/ Main St	201
	Necosi Signatura Arts Shawhead		PASSIC SIDE STATE OF THE PASSIC SIDE STATE OF	

4.3 National Transport and Land Use Models

The national transport model, Transport Model for Scotland (TMfS) offers a generalised, multi-modal representation of travel demand and infrastructure supply for a base (2014) and future forecast years. The model has been used to extract the traffic demand for both clusters.

The National land-use model, TELMoS (Transport and Economic Land-use Model of Scotland), provides independent demographic, planning and economic forecasts which form the basis for future travel demands. The input data for this model has been reviewed to check that the proposed developments considered in this study had not been previously included.

4.4 People Based Trip Assessment

As TAG (2012) identifies, it is important that a people based assessment is undertaken for any new development site to provide an indication of the extent to which the development would be able to attract sustainable modes of travel.

There are numerous methods and sources by which estimations can be made of the likely number of people trips to a development; one of which uses the Trip Rate Information Computer System (TRICS) database. The TRICS database includes vehicular and multi-modal surveys of various types from existing developments around the UK.

In accordance with the TRICS Good Practice Guide, the most important data field in terms of site compatibility is the locational type and not the specific demographic characteristics of the region. For example, sites in a town centre with a good level of public transport access and a permeable walking environment would naturally achieve a more sustainable modal split than a development that is located within a rural area.

4.4.1 Vehicular Trip Assessment

The TRICS database was interrogated further to determine the vehicular trip rates for each development. Table 3 below shows the trip rates for the different location types and land uses within the study area.

Table 3: Vehicular Trip Rates. Source: TRICS

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						Wee	kdays			
Location Type	Land Use	Sub Land Use	Unit	AM ((08:00 - 09	:00)	PM	(17:00 - 18	:00)	No. surveys
				IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	ou. royo
Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44
Edge of Town	Business	Business Park	per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.230	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209	11
Edge of Town	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.134	0.079	0.214	0.037	0.116	0.154	21
Edge of Town Centre	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44
Edge of Town Centre	Business	Business Park	per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.230	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209	11
Edge of Town Centre	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.140	0.083	0.222	0.039	0.120	0.159	19
Suburban Area	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44
Suburban Area	Business	Business Park	per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.23	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209	11
Suburban Area	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.137	0.081	0.217	0.038	0.117	0.155	20
Neighbourhood Centre	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.140	0.361	0.501	0.310	0.183	0.493	38
Neighbourhood	Business	Business	per 100sqm	1.315	1.548	2.863	0.166	1.049	1.215	10

					Weekdays						
Location Type	Land Use	Sub Land Use	Unit	AM (08:00 - 09:00)			PM (17:00 - 18:00)			No. surveys	
		030		IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	Jul Voyo	
Centre		Park	(GFA)								
Neighbourhood Centre	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.136	0.080	0.216	0.035	0.116	0.151	16	

An Excel spreadsheet has been developed to allow the selection of different location types, land uses and sub-land uses and gives as a result the number of trips for each development.

The location type Edge of Town has been considered for all the development sites.

Table 4 below shows the number of trips that each development site would generate.

Table 4: Vehicular Trip Generation. Source: TRICS

						١	ehicular trip	s - Weekday	s	
	Site Ref.	Sub Land Use	Ha	Capacity	AIV	l (08:00 <i>-</i> 09:	00)	PN	/I (17:00 - 18:0	00)
	itoi.			Ī	IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total
ø	0001/09	Private Houses	6.23	155	23	54	77	46	29	75
Bargeddie	0002/09	Private Houses	8.21	205	29	72	101	61	38	99
arge	0005/09	Private Houses	9.3	233	33	82	115	69	43	112
В	0006/09	Private Houses	2.18	55	8	19	27	16	10	26
d)	0001/10	Private Houses	2.21	55	8	19	27	16	10	26
broe	0002/10	Industrial Estate	15.42	1542	207	123	330	58	180	238
Carnbroe	0004/10	Private Houses	22.65	500	72	176	247	148	93	241
	0007/11	Private Houses	0.87	22	3	8	11	7	4	11

Table 5 below shows the trips for those development sites where Transport Assessments were available. The trips estimated in these reports have been used in this study.

Table 5: Vehicular Trip Generation. Source: Transport Assessments

Table 5. Verificatal 111p Generation, Gource, Transport Assessments												
				Capacity	Vehicular trips - Weekdays							
	Site Ref.	Sub Land Use	На		Capacity AM (08:00 - 09:00)				PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
1101.					IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total		
ø		Residential		500	125	300	425	300	125	425		
bro	0004/10	Health Centre	0.025		11	5	16	6	9	15		
Carnbroe	Car.	Retail	0.055		24	21	45	21	20	41		
0		Total	22.65	566	160	326	486	327	154	481		

4.4.2 Mode Share

In order to develop multi-modal trip rates, 2011 Census data has been used to calculate the mode share for the residential development. Table DC7101SC Travel to Work has been utilised for the output areas where the development sites are located.

Table 6 below shows the output areas selected and the mode splits for the development site 0002/09.

Table 6: Transport to Place of Work or Study. Source: Census 2011

Mode of Transport / Output Area	S00123553	S00123554	S00123556	S00123557	S00123558	S00123549	Total	Mode Share
All people	56	58	29	83	46	87	359	
Work or study mainly from home	3	6	5	10	1	7	32	
Train	4	1	0	2	2	9	18	6%
Bus, minibus or coach	12	7	4	14	11	16	64	20%
Taxi or minicab	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1%
Driving a car or van	21	30	14	34	21	34	154	47%
Passenger in a car or van	6	8	3	11	3	8	39	12%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0%
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
On foot	10	6	3	8	6	12	45	14%
Other	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	1%

Due to the large amount of information, the name and location of the outputs areas as well as the mode share for each development site are contained within Appendix A.

For the business developments, the mode share has been estimated using TRICS database. Figure 4 shows the mode share assumed for the business development site 0002/10.

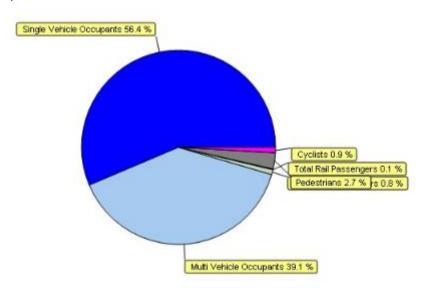


Figure 4: Estimated Modal Split Percentages for the Business Development Site 0002/10. Source: TRICS

4.4.3 Multi-modal People Trip Assessment

The modal splits percentages from Section 4.4.2 have been applied to the trip rates in Table 3 to derive people trip rates for each development site.

The multi-modal people based trips for each development site are contained within Appendix A.

4.5 Trip Distribution

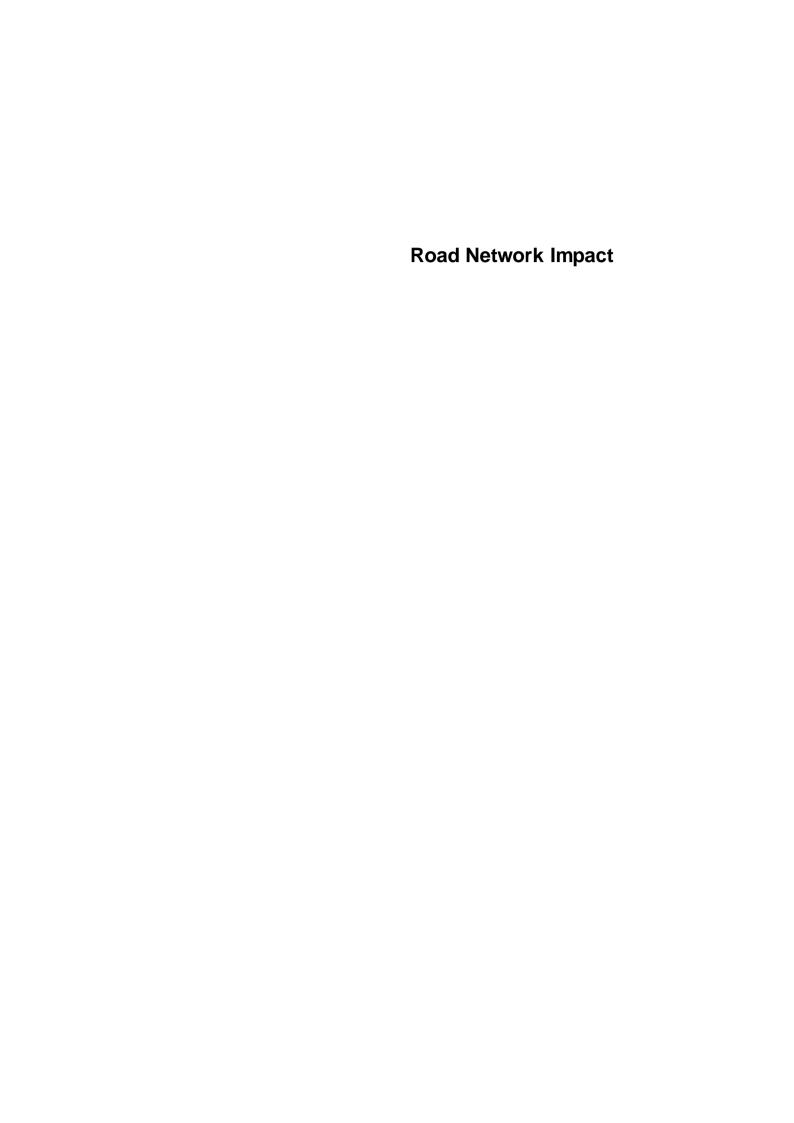
The trip distributions for the proposed developments have been based on trip distributions within Transport Assessments for existing planning applications. Table 7 shows the Transport Assessments that have been used for the trip distribution of the proposed developments.

Table 7: Transport Assessments used for the Developments Trips Distributions

	Site		Development used for the trip distribution
	Reference	Application Reference	Transport Assessment
o o	0001/09	16/00455/PPP	Residential Development between Oakridge Road and Drumpellier Golf Course
ddie	0002/09	16/00455/PPP	Residential Development between Oakridge Road and Drumpellier Golf Course
Bargeddie	0005/09	16/00455/PPP	Residential Development between Oakridge Road and Drumpellier Golf Course
_ <u></u>	0006/09	16/00455/PPP	Residential Development between Oakridge Road and Drumpellier Golf Course
0	0001/10	15/01792/PPP	Mixed Use Development between Carnbroe Rd and M8
Carnbroe	0002/10	15/01792/PPP	Mixed Use Development between Carnbroe Rd and M8
Sarn	0004/10	15/01792/PPP	Mixed Use Development between Carnbroe Rd and M8
	0007/11	15/01792/PPP	Mixed Use Development between Carnbroe Rd and M8

Some of the development trip distributions from the Transport Assessments in Table 7 were adjusted to reflect the individual characteristics of the proposed development site. To make the adjustments, Census 2011 data from DataShine Scotland Commute website was used.

Due to the large amount of data, network flow diagrams illustrating the trip distribution for each of the proposed development is contained within Appendix B.



5 Road Network Impact

5.1 Methodology

A threshold assessment has been carried out to estimate the potential impact that trips generated by the proposed developments have on the study network.

5.2 Study Road Network

The following study network was identified through discussions with the North Lanarkshire Council. This network reflects the junctions which would be impacted upon by trips routing to and from the proposed development site allocations.

The road network considered in the analysis does not include any trunk road and is formed of the following local junctions:

- Bargeddie
 - o A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752 Roundabout 4 arm roundabout
 - A89 / Woodside Street 3 arm signalised junction
 - o A89 / Blair Road 3 arm signalised junction
- Carnbroe
 - o A725 / B753 4 arm signalised crossroads
 - B753 / Sikeside Street 3 arm roundabout
 - B753 / Main Street 4 arm roundabout
 - o Sikeside Street / Paddock Street 3 arm roundabout
 - o Sweethill Terrace / Carnbroe Road 4 arm roundabout

5.3 Future Traffic Assessment Parameters

5.3.1 Base Traffic Flows

Base flows have been calculated using the Transport Assessments from previous planning applications.

5.3.2 Assessment Years and Time Periods

As specified within TAG (2012), dates for the traffic impact assessment of the development should be undertaken for the year of opening to ensure that background traffic growth is incorporated within any assessment. It is assumed that the construction will begin following conclusion of the planning process which is considered to be 2020. Therefore the development is predicted to be constructed by 2022. National Road Traffic Forecast (NRTF) low growth factors have been used. Analysis of the performance of the road network has been undertaken in 2022 reflecting the opening of the development and 2027.

As specified within TAG (2012), road traffic impact analysis should focus on peak periods and the appraisal should incorporate days and times when the combination of development and non-development traffic would peak. In accordance with this requirement and based on the most up-to-date traffic data from the existing Transport Assessments, the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the road network surrounding the proposed development sites were found to be:

- Weekday AM Peak Hour: 08:00 09:00; and
- Weekday PM Peak Hour: 16:45 17:45.

5.3.3 Future Traffic Flows

Network traffic flows for the years 2022 and 2027 have been estimated using two approaches. The first approach was to use the Base traffic flows from Transport Assessments and then factor them up to the assessment years 2022 and 2027. National Road Traffic Forecast (NRTF) low growth factors were used and they are shown in

Table 8 overleaf.

Table 8: Growth Factors

	Low G	irowth
	2016 - 2022	2016 - 2027
Growth Factor	1.047	1.074

However, this approach did not include any committed development within the area. Therefore, an alternative approach was used. This approach utilises the LATIS model to estimate the forecast traffic. Traffic data was extracted from the Transport Model for Scotland (TMfS) forecast models for 2022 and 2027. To ensure that the proposed development trips had not been included into the TMfS 2022 and 2027 models, the input data from the Transport and Economic Land-Use Model of Scotland (TELMoS) was requested and interrogated; i.e. double-counting trips generated by the proposed sites and therefore diluting their impact

After reviewing all the planning data considered in the model, it has been determined that none of the proposed development sites were included in TELMoS and, therefore, in the TMfS forecast models.

Network Flow Diagrams were produced for the development sites and are provided within Appendix B. They contain a conceptual layout of the road network for each cluster. They include:

- Base flows from the Transport Assessments of previous planning applications and survey data;
- Forecast flows base flows factored up to 2022 and 2027;
- Development trip distributions;
- · Development trips;
- TMfS 2022 and 2027 traffic flows:
- · Development traffic impact using the traffic flows from the Transport Assessments and surveyed data; and
- Development traffic impact using the traffic flows from the TMfS.

5.4 Development Trips Network Impact

5.4.1 Criteria

TAG (2012) states that, "the significance of traffic impact depends not only on the percentage increase but the available capacity." Where existing traffic levels are low, any increase in traffic is likely to result in a predicted increase in traffic levels that exceed the threshold. Where this situation presents itself, it is important to consider any increase both in terms of its relative increase in respect of existing flows as well as the overall total flow in respect to the available capacity.

5.4.2 Results

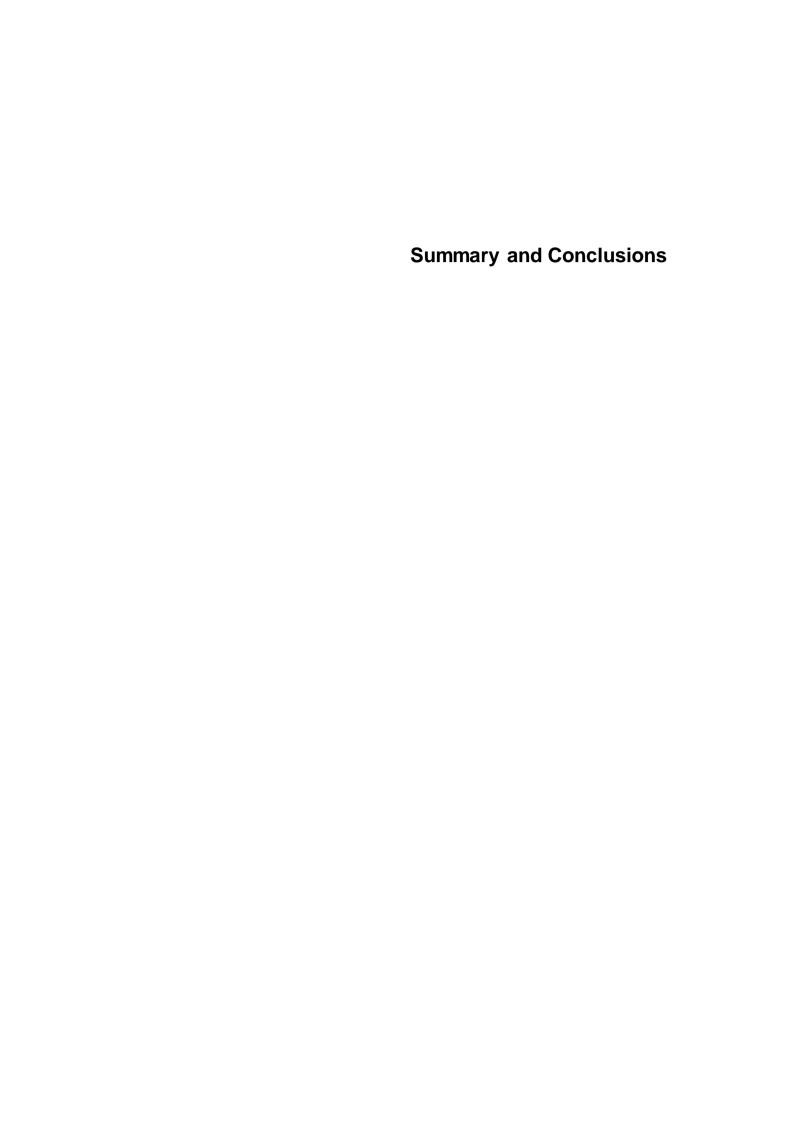
The impact of the development trips with all the development sites included is shown in Tables 9-10. These results can also be observed graphically in Appendix B. Within the network impact diagrams and tables, junction approaches where the potential impact is less than 5% have been highlighted in green, 5%-10% in yellow and higher than 10% red. The results show a general green / yellow trend for the Bargeddie and Carnbroe sites.

As noted, the results that are presented in this report reflect the full cumulative impact of the proposed development sites. The Excel spreadsheets used in this assessment have been developed in such a way that they permit the user to select the developments to include in the analysis and automatically update the table and the network diagrams with the development traffic impact.

Table 9: Bargeddie Threshold Assessment Results- All the proposed			TA fl	ows		TMfS14 flows									
developments included			20	22	20	27	20	22	20	27					
Name	Junction Type	Approach	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM					
		A89 West	6%	7%	5%	7%	3%	5%	3%	5%					
A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752	Roundabout	Gartcosh Road	2%	4%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%					
A09 / Cartoosii Road / A/ 32	Noundabout	A89 East	8%	6%	8%	6%	9%	4%	9%	4%					
		A752	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	6%	6%	4%					
		A89 West	6%	3%	6%	3%	3%	2%	3%	2%					
A89 / Woodside Street	Signals	A89 East	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%					
		Woodside Street	2%	2%	2%	2%	-	-	-	-					
A89 / Blair Road Sig	Signals						A89 West	4%	2%	4%	2%	-	-	-	-
		Blair Road	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-					
		A89 East	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-					

Table 10: Carnbroe Threshold Assessment Results- All the proposed			TA fl	ows			TMfS14	4 flows		
developments included		/ ш. ш. р. оросош	20	22	20	27	20)22	20	27
Name	Junction Type	Approach	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
		B753 West	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
A725 / B753	Signals	A725 North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
A1231 B133	A7237 B733 Signals	Calder Street	9%	3%	8%	3%	7%	3%	7%	3%
			0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	B753 West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
B753 / Sikeside Street	Roundabout	B753 North	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%	1%	2%	1%
		Sikeside Street	4%	3%	4%	3%	-	-	-	-
		Main Street West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
B753 / Main Street	Roundabout	E Muirhall Street	1%	0%	1%	0%	-	-	-	-
Droor Main Street	Roundabout	Main Street East	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		B753	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%
		Paddock Street West	7%	10%	6%	10%	-	-	-	-
Sikeside Street / Paddock Street	Roundabout	Sikeside Street	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Olloci		Paddock Street East	4%	2%	4%	2%	_	_	_	_

Sweethill Terrace / Carnbroe Road		Drummore Avenue	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
	Poundahout	Sweethill Terrace	1%	1%	1%	1%	-	-	-	-
	Roundabout	Brambling Road	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
		Carnbroe Road	24%	10%	24%	10%	-	-	-	-



6 Summary and Conclusions

6.1 Summary

This DPMTAG-based Appraisal has been used to provide an initial understanding of a number of proposed development sites' cumulative impact on the road network to assist in the preparation of the North Lanarkshire Council's Local Development Plan.

Two clusters were considered in this appraisal: Bargeddie and Carnbroe. Data was gathered for each cluster to understand the existing and future road network conditions. The data gathering process included the review off all the Transport Assessments for applicable developments and traffic model output

The demand that the proposed developments will have for all modes of transport was assessed through a people-based trip assessment. For those development sites identified for potential allocation where relevant Transport Assessments were available, the trips from these Transport Assessments were considered. For all other sites, people-based trip rates were obtained using TRICS database.

In order to develop multi-modal trip rates, 2011 Census data was used to calculate the mode share for an identified residential development site allocation. Table DC7101SC Travel to Work data for the output areas where the development sites are located was used. For the business development land uses, the mode share was estimated using the TRICS database.

The trip distributions for the proposed developments were based on the trip distributions within the relevant Transport Assessments for existing planning applications in the proximity of each development site.

A threshold assessment was carried out to estimate the potential impact that trips generated by the proposed development allocations may have on the study network.

Base flows were calculated using the Transport Assessments from previous planning applications. Network traffic flows for the future years 2022 and 2027 were estimated considering two approaches. The first approach was to use the Base traffic flows from Transport Assessments and then factor them up to the assessment years 2022 and 2027 using growth factors. Since this approach does include any committed development within the area, a second approach was undertaken which utilised the LATIS models to estimate the forecast traffic. Traffic data was extracted from the Transport Model for Scotland (TMfS) forecast models for 2022 and 2027. To ensure that the proposed development trips had not been previously included in the TMfS 2022 and 2027 forecast models, the input data from the Transport and Economic Land-Use Model of Scotland (TELMoS) was requested and interrogated.

Network Flow Diagrams were developed for the proposed development site allocations including:

- · base traffic flows,
- forecast traffic flows,
- development trip distribution,
- development trips,
- TMfS 2022 and 2027 forecast traffic flows,
- development traffic impact using the traffic flows from the Transport Assessments and surveyed data, and
- development traffic impact using the traffic flows from the TMfS.

6.2 Conclusions

Results from this appraisal show low network traffic impact for the Bargeddie and Carnbroe sites.

The junction listed below demonstrated a percentage impact of higher than 10% at at least one of the two approaches used in the threshold appraisal and, thus, further detailed analysis is recommended.

Carnbroe cluster:

Sweethill Terrace / Carnbroe Road

The following junctions showed a percentage impact between 5% and 10%, and therefore further detailed analysis may be required.

Bargeddie cluster:

- A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752
- A89 / Woodside Street

Carnbroe cluster:

- A725 / B753
- Sikeside Street / Paddock Street

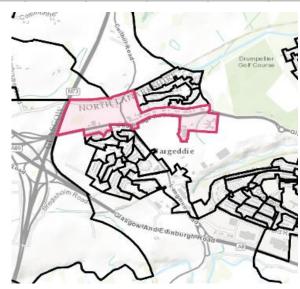
Appendix A: People-based Trip Assessment

									TRICS TA - Planning Application												
										Veh	icular trips	s - Weekd	lays			Vehi	cular trips				Mode
	Site Ref.	Town	Location	Location Type	Land Use	Sub Lan Use	Ha	Capacity	AM (08:00 - 09):00)	PM (17:00 - 18	:00)	AM (08:00 - 09	:00)	PM (*	7:00 - 18	:00)	Share
						▼.			IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	Silare
<u> </u>	0001/09	Bargeddie	Coatbridge Road/Manse Road	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	6.23	155	22	54	77	46	29	75							0001/09
	0002/09	Bargeddie	Coatbridge Road/Langmuir Road	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	8.21	205	29	72	101	61	38	99							0002/09
a d	0005/09	Bargeddie	Drumpark School	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	9.3	233	33	82	115	69	43	112							0005/09
a (0006/09	Bargeddie	Drumpellier	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	2.18	55	8	19	27	16	10	26							0006/09
(0001/10	Carnbroe	Sweethill Terrace/Deanston Terrace	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	2.21	55	8	19	27	16	10	26							0001/10
0	0002/10	Coatbridge	Carnbroe	Edge of Town	Business	Industrial Estate	15.42	1542	207	123	330	58	180	238							0002/10
3					Residential	Private Houses		500	72	176	247	148	93	241	125	300	425	300	125	425	
Ē	0004/10	Coathridge	Carnbroe estate	Edge of Town	Health Centre		0.025		0	0	0	0	0	0	11	5	16	6	9	15	٦ .
3	0004/10 Coatbridge Carnbroe estate E	Luge of Town	Retail		0.055		0	0	0	0	0	0	24	21	45	21	20	41	-		
					Total		22.65	566	0	0	0	0	0	0	160	326	486	327	154	481	
(0007/11	Airdrie	Sikeside Road	Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	0.87	22	3	8	11	7	4	11							0007/11

					AM (08:00 - 09:00)		PM (17:00 - 18:00)		No. surveys	Notes
Location Type	Land Use	Sub Land Use	Unit	IN	OUT	Total	IN	OUT	Total	Ť	
Edge of Town	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44	
Edge of Town	Residential	Private Flats	per no. dwellings	0.071	0.221	0.292	0.259	0.137	0.396	19	
Edge of Town	Residential	Private Mixed	per no. dwellings	0.129	0.405	0.534	0.324	0.188	0.512	9	
Edge of Town	Residential	Afford Houses	per no. dwellings	0.154	0.288	0.442	0.297	0.191	0.488	9	
Edge of Town	Residential	Afford Flats	per no. dwellings	0.07	0.091	0.161	0.106	0.098	0.204	8	Peak times don't match with selected
Edge of Town	Residential	Afford Mixed	per no. dwellings	0.121	0.207	0.328	0.293	0.276	0.569	3	Peak times don't match with selected
Edge of Town	Residential	Private-Afford Mixed	per no. dwellings	0.16	0.307	0.467	0.343	0.252	0.595	10	
Edge of Town	Business	Business Park	per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.23	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209	11	
Edge of Town	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.13454	0.0797	0.21424	0.03761	0.11658	0.15419	21	Peak times don't match with selected
Edge of Town Centre	Residential	Private Houses	per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44	
Edge of Town Centre	Residential	Private Flats	per no. dwellings	0.066	0.206	0.272	0.251	0.143	0.394	20	
Edge of Town Centre	Residential	Private Mixed	per no. dwellings	0.129	0.405	0.534	0.324	0.188	0.512	9	
Edge of Town Centre			per no. dwellings	0.157	0.299	0.456	0.263	0.196	0.459	7	
Edge of Town Centre	Residential		per no. dwellings	0.067	0.08	0.147	0.083	0.067	0.15	8	Peak times don't match with selected
Edge of Town Centre			per no. dwellings	0.05	0.125	0.175	0.2	0.15	0.35	2	Peak times don't match with selected
Edge of Town Centre			per no. dwellings	0.16	0.307	0.467	0.343	0.252	0.595	10	
Edge of Town Centre			per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.23	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209	11	
Edge of Town Centre			per 100sqm (Site area)	0.140	0.083	0.222	0.039	0.120	0.159		Peak times don't match with selected
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.143	0.351	0.494	0.296	0.185	0.481	44	
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.071	0.221	0.292	0.259	0.137	0.396	19	
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.129	0.405	0.534	0.324	0.188	0.512	9	
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.154	0.288	0.442	0.297	0.191	0.488	9	
Suburban Area	Residential		per no. dwellings	0.07	0.091	0.161	0.106	0.098	0.204	_	Peak times don't match with selected
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.121	0.207	0.328	0.293	0.276	0.569		Peak times don't match with selected
Suburban Area			per no. dwellings	0.16	0.307	0.467	0.343	0.252	0.595	10	
Suburban Area			per 100sqm (GFA)	1.329	0.23	1.559	0.161	1.048	1.209		All location types selected
Suburban Area			per 100sqm (Site area)	0.137	0.081	0.217	0.038	0.117	0.155		Peak times don't match with selected
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.14	0.361	0.501	0.31	0.183	0.493	38	
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.084	0.272	0.356	0.315	0.152	0.467	12	
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.136	0.424	0.56	0.334	0.196	0.53	7	
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.152	0.28	0.432	0.297	0.185	0.482	8	
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.07	0.091	0.161	0.106	0.098	0.204		Peak times don't match with selected
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.121	0.207	0.328	0.293	0.276	0.569	_	Peak times don't match with selected
Neighbourhood Centre			per no. dwellings	0.16	0.307	0.467	0.343	0.252	0.595	10	
Neighbourhood Centre			per 100sqm (GFA)	1.315	1.548	2.863	0.166	1.049	1.215	10	
Neighbourhood Centre	Business	Industrial Estate	per 100sqm (Site area)	0.136	0.080	0.216	0.035	0.116	0.151	16	Peak times don't match with selected

Transport to place of work or study	All people			Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi or minicab	_	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea												
S00123559	100	13	0	6	15	2	47	10	0	1	6	0

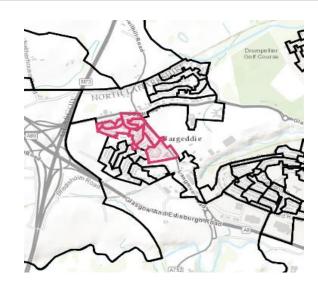
Transport to place of work or study		
All people	100	
Work or study mainly at or from home	13	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	6	7%
Bus, minibus or coach	15	17%
Taxi or minicab	2	2%
Driving a car or van	47	54%
Passenger in a car or van	10	11%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	1	1%
On foot	6	7%
Other	0	0%
		100%



	AN	<mark>1 (08:00 - 09:</mark>	00)	PN	/I (17:00 - 18:0	00)
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
0001/09	22	54	77	46	29	75
Train	3	7	10	6	4	10
Bus	7	17	24	15	9	24
Taxi	1	2	3	2	1	3
Car driver	22	54	77	46	29	75
Car passenger	5	12	16	10	6	16
Bicycle	0	1	2	1	1	2
On foot	3	7	10	6	4	10
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0

Transport to place of work or study		All people	Work or study mainly at or from home		Train	,	Taxi or minicab	_	car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea													
	Total	359	32	0	18	64	3	154	39	1	0	45	3
	S00123553	56	3	0	4	12	0	21	6	0	0	10	0
	S00123554	58	6	0	1	7	0	30	8	0	0	6	0
	S00123556	29	5	0	0	4	0	14	3	0	0	3	0
	S00123557	83	10	0	2	14	1	34	11	1	0	8	2
	S00123558	46	1	0	2	11	2	21	3	0	0	6	0
	S00123549	87	7	0	9	16	0	34	8	0	0	12	1

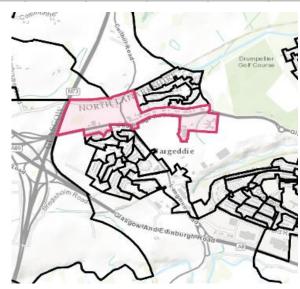
Transport to place of work or study		
All people	359	
Work or study mainly at or from home	32	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	18	6%
Bus, minibus or coach	64	20%
Taxi or minicab	3	1%
Driving a car or van	154	47%
Passenger in a car or van	39	12%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	1	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
On foot	45	14%
Other	3	1%
		100%



	AN	Л (08:00 - 09:0	00)	PN	/ (17:00 - 18:0	00)
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
0002/09	29	72	101	61	38	99
Train	3	8	12	7	4	12
Bus	12	30	42	25	16	41
Taxi	1	1	2	1	1	2
Car driver	29	72	101	61	38	99
Car passenger	7	18	26	15	10	25
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	0
On foot	9	21	30	18	11	29
Other	1	1	2	1	1	2

Transport to place of work or study	All people			Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi or minicab	_	Passenger in a car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea												
S00123559	100	13	0	6	15	2	47	10	0	1	6	0

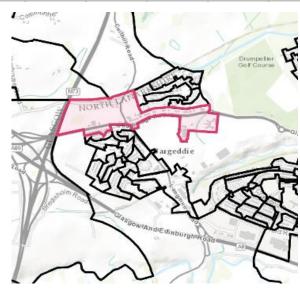
Transport to place of work or study		
All people	100	
Work or study mainly at or from home	13	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	6	7%
Bus, minibus or coach	15	17%
Taxi or minicab	2	2%
Driving a car or van	47	54%
Passenger in a car or van	10	11%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	1	1%
On foot	6	7%
Other	0	0%
		100%



	AN	<mark>1 (08:00 - 09:</mark>	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
0005/09	33	82	115	69	43	112	
Train	4	10	15	9	6	14	
Bus	11	26	37	22	14	36	
Taxi	1	3	5	3	2	5	
Car driver	33	82	115	69	43	112	
Car passenger	7	17	24	15	9	24	
Bicycle	1	2	2	1	1	2	
On foot	4	10	15	9	6	14	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Transport to place of work or study	All people	Work or study mainly at or from home	Underground, metro, light rail or tram	Train	,		_	Passenger in a	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea												
\$00123559	100	13	0	6	15	2	47	10	0	1	6	0

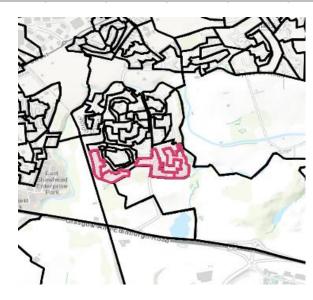
Transport to place of work or study		
All people	100	
Work or study mainly at or from home	13	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	6	7%
Bus, minibus or coach	15	17%
Taxi or minicab	2	2%
Driving a car or van	47	54%
Passenger in a car or van	10	11%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	1	1%
On foot	6	7%
Other	0	0%
		100%



	AN	1 (08:00 - 09:0	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
0006/09	8	19	27	16	10	26	
Train	1	2	3	2	1	3	
Bus	3	6	9	5	3	8	
Taxi	0	1	1	1	0	1	
Car driver	8	19	27	16	10	26	
Car passenger	2	4	6	3	2	6	
Bicycle	0	0	1	0	0	1	
On foot	1	2	3	2	1	3	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Transport to place of work or study		All people		_	Train	,		_	car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea													
Tot	otal	548	58	0	29	42	7	301	78	0	1	28	4
Soci	0123873	128	13	0	5	7	2	66	24	0	1	9	1
S00	0125510	152	10	0	11	13	3	85	22	0	0	7	1
Soci	0125511	168	22	0	8	8	1	94	25	0	0	8	2
S00	0125513	100	13	0	5	14	1	56	7	0	0	4	0

Transport to place of work or study		
All people	548	
Work or study mainly at or from home	58	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	29	6%
Bus, minibus or coach	42	9%
Taxi or minicab	7	1%
Driving a car or van	301	61%
Passenger in a car or van	78	16%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	1	0%
On foot	28	6%
Other	4	1%
-		100%



	AN	M (08:00 - 09:	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
0001/10	8	19	27	16	10	26	
Train	1	2	. 3		1	3	
Bus	1	3	4	. 2	1	4	
Taxi	0	0	1	0	0	1	
Car driver	8	19	27	16	10	26	
Car passenger	2	2 5	7	4	. 3	7	
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	0	
On foot	1	2	3	2	1	2	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table from Scotland Census 2011

Transport to place of work or study		All people			Train		Taxi or minicab	_	car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea													
	S00123872	78	12	0	1	7	3	17	19	0	0	19	0

Mode Share

Transport to place of work or study		
All people	78	
Work or study mainly at or from home	12	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	0	
Train	1	2%
Bus, minibus or coach	7	11%
Taxi or minicab	3	5%
Driving a car or van	17	26%
Passenger in a car or van	19	29%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
On foot	19	29%
Other	0	0%
		100%



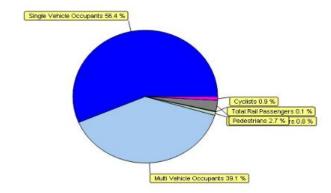
	AN	1 (08:00 - 09:	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	ln	Out	Total	
0002/10	207	123	330	58	180	238	
Train	12	7	19	3	11	14	
Bus	85	51	136	24	74	98	
Taxi	37	22	58	10	32	42	
Car driver	207	123	330	58	180	238	
Car passenger	232	137	369	65	201	266	
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	0	
On foot	232	137	369	65	201	266	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table from TRICS

Mode Share

Transport to place of work or study All people Work or study mainly at or from home Underground, metro, light rail or tram 0.1 0% Train 0.8 1% Bus, minibus or coach 0% Taxi or minicab 56.4 56% Driving a car or van 39.1 39% Passenger in a car or van 0% Motorcycle, scooter or moped 0.9 1% Bicycle 3% On foot 2.7 0% Other 100%

Modal Split Percentages



	All	A (08:00 - 09:0	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
0002/10	207	123	330	58	180	238	
Train	1	0	1	0	1	1	
Bus	6	4	10	2	6	7	
Taxi	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Car driver	454	269	723	127	394	521	
Car passenger	315	187	501	88	273	361	
Bicycle	7	4	12	2	6	8	
On foot	22	13	35	6	19	25	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table from Scotland Census 2011

Transport to place of work or study		All people			Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi or minicab	_	car or van	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Bicycle	On foot	Other
2011OutputArea													
	Total	442	23	1	46	47	5	224	70	0	1	25	0
	S00125429	118	11	0	17	7	1	59	12	0	1	10	0
	S00125430	152	8	0	13	18	1	84	19	0	0	9	0
	S00125431	65	2	0	7	3	0	31	20	0	0	2	0
	S00125432	107	2	1	9	19	3	50	19	0	0	4	0

Mode Share

Transport to place of work or study		
All people	442	
Work or study mainly at or from home	23	
Underground, metro, light rail or tram	1	
Train	46	11%
Bus, minibus or coach	47	11%
Taxi or minicab	5	1%
Driving a car or van	224	54%
Passenger in a car or van	70	17%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	0	0%
Bicycle	1	0%
On foot	25	6%
Other	0	0%
		100%



	AN	/ (08:00 - 09:0	00)	PM (17:00 - 18:00)			
	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
0007/11	3	8	11	7	4	11	
Train	1	2	2	1	1	2	
Bus	1	2	2	1	1	2	
Taxi	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Car driver	3	8	11	7	4	11	
Car passenger	1	2	3	2	1	3	
Bicycle	0	0	0	0	0	0	
On foot	0	1	1	1	0	1	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Appendix B: Network Flow

Diagrams

GRO	ROWTH FACTORS										
	Future Year	2016	2016	2022	2027						
	Base Year	2014	2008	2016	2016						
	Low Growth	1.023	1.095	1.047	1.074	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A			
	High Growth	1.036	1.153	1.090	1.157	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A			

NETWORK FLOW DIAGRAMS

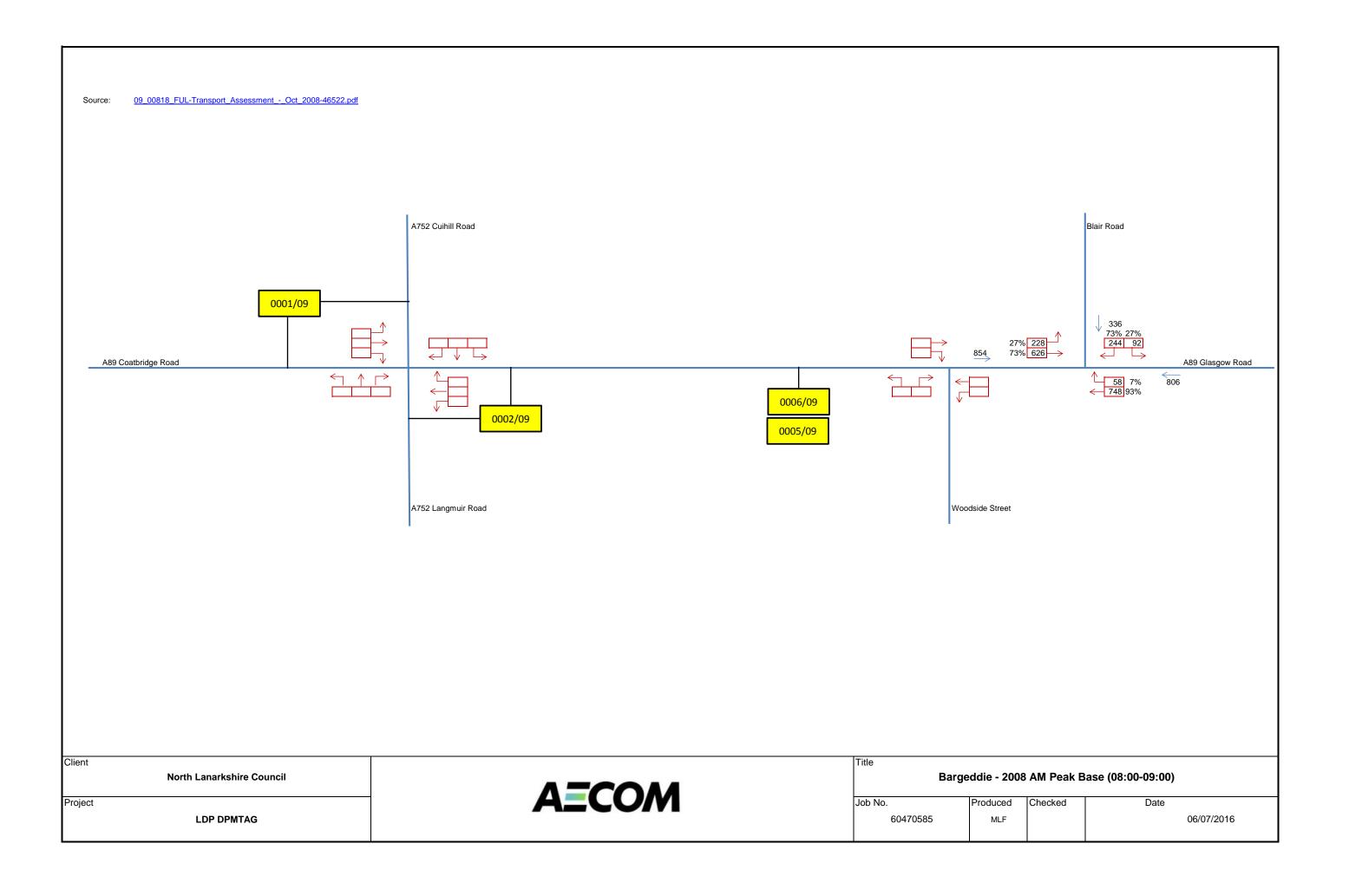
INDEX	SOURCE
2008 AM Base'!A1	09 00818 FUL-Transport Assessment - Oct 2008-46522.pdf
2008 PM Base'!A1	09 00818 FUL-Transport Assessment - Oct 2008-46522.pdf
2014 AM Base'!A1	16 00455 PPP-TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT PART 2-674799.pdf
2014 PM Base'!A1	16 00455 PPP-TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT PART 2-674799.pdf
AM Dev Flows 16-00455'!A1	16 00455 PPP-TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT PART 2-674799.ndf
PM Dev Flows 16-00455'!A1	16 00455 PPP-TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT PART 2-674799.ndf
16-00455 AM Dev Proportions'!A1	AM Dev Flows 16-00455'IA1
0001 09 Development AM Flows'!A1	
0002 09 Development AM Flows'!A1	The development trips have been distributed using the same proportions than the trip distribution for the development
0005_09 Development AM Flows'!A1	flows from I 6/00455/PPP
0006 09 Development AM Flows'!A1	
16-00455 PM Dev Proportions'!A1	PM Dev Flows 16-00455'!A1
0001 09 Development PM Flows'!A1	
0002 09 Development PM Flows'!A1	The development trips have been distributed using the same proportions than the trip distribution for the development
0005 09 Development PM Flows'!A1	flows from16/00455/PPP
0006 09 Development PM Flows'!A1	
AM Developments Flows'!A1	This MED, and include the development of the develo
PM Developments Flows'!A1	This NFDs only include the developments selected below
2016 AM Base'!A1	
2016 PM Base'!A1	
2022 AM Base'!A1	2014 factored flows. The trips at A89 Bank Street/Blair Road junction have been distributed using the same proportions
2022 PM Base'!A1	than the 2008 background flows from 09/00818/PPP
2027 AM Base'!A1	
2027 PM Base'!A1	
TMfS14 - AM Base flows'!A1	
TMfS14 - PM Base flows'!A1	
TMfS14 - AM 2022 flows'!A1	TMfS14 flows.xlsx
TMfS14 - PM 2022 flows'!A1	10113 14 110W3.AISA
TMfS14 - AM 2027 flows'!A1	
TMfS14 - PM 2027 flows'!A1	

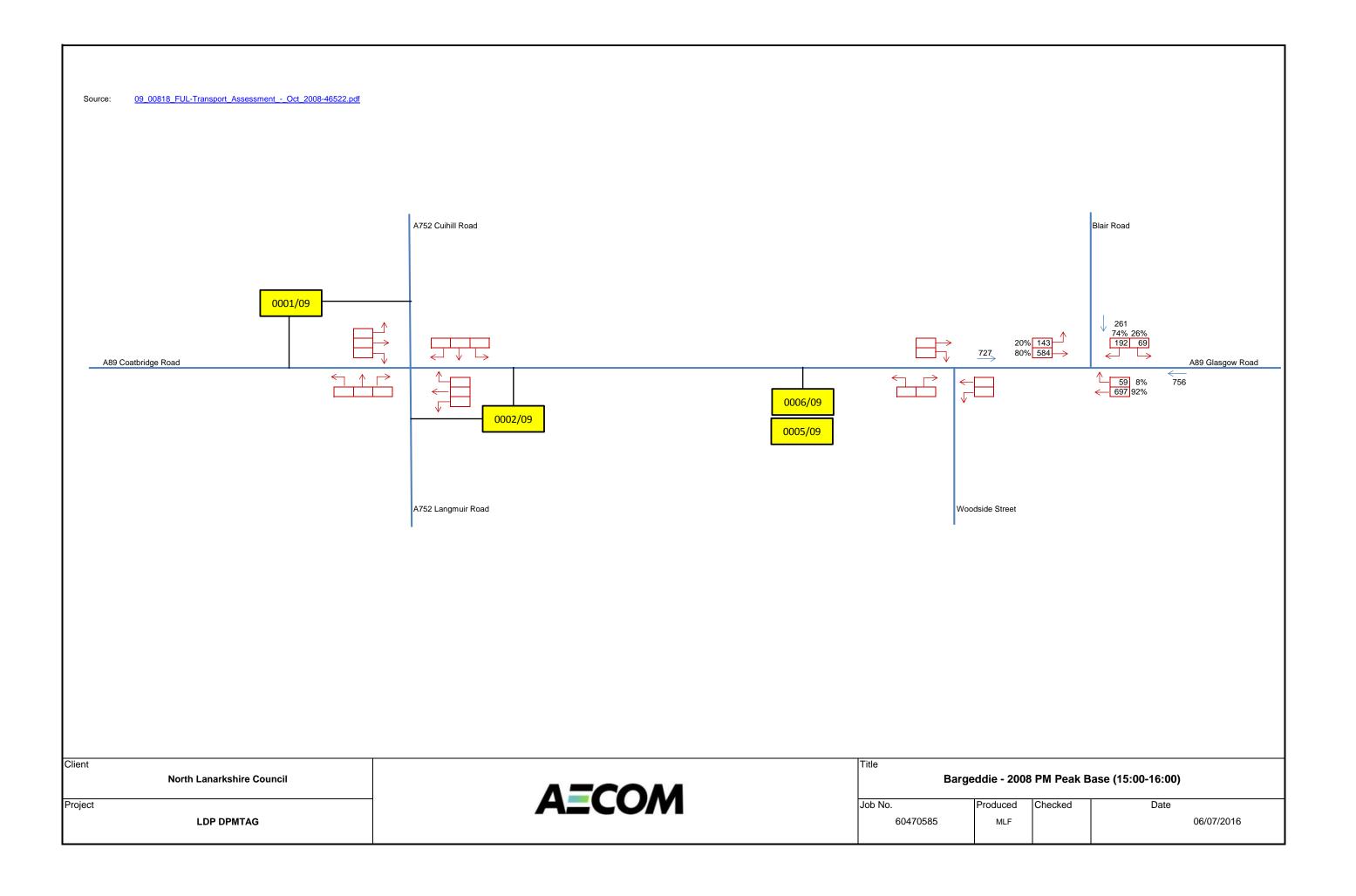
THRESHOLD ASSESSMENT

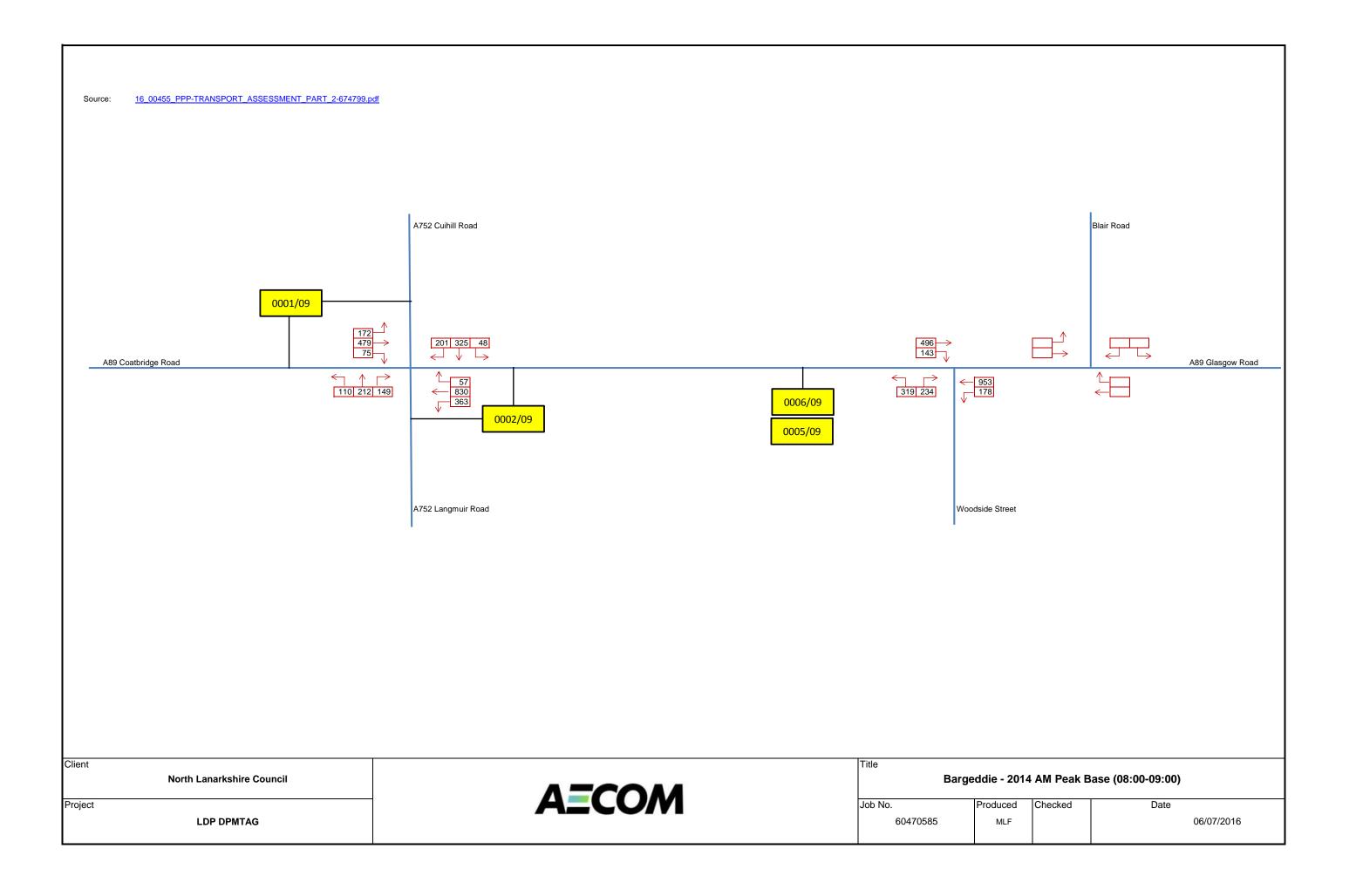
Graphical Results

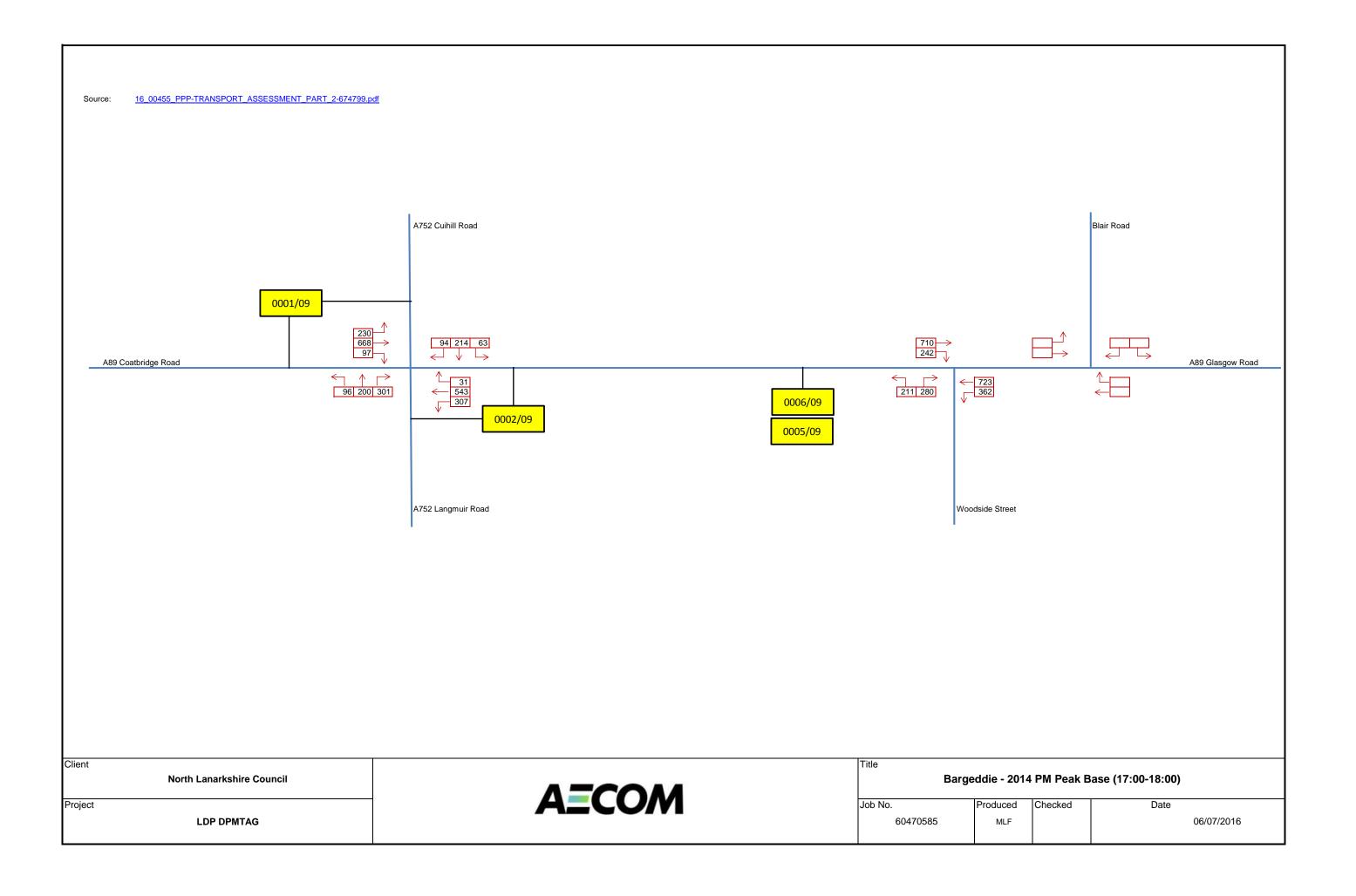


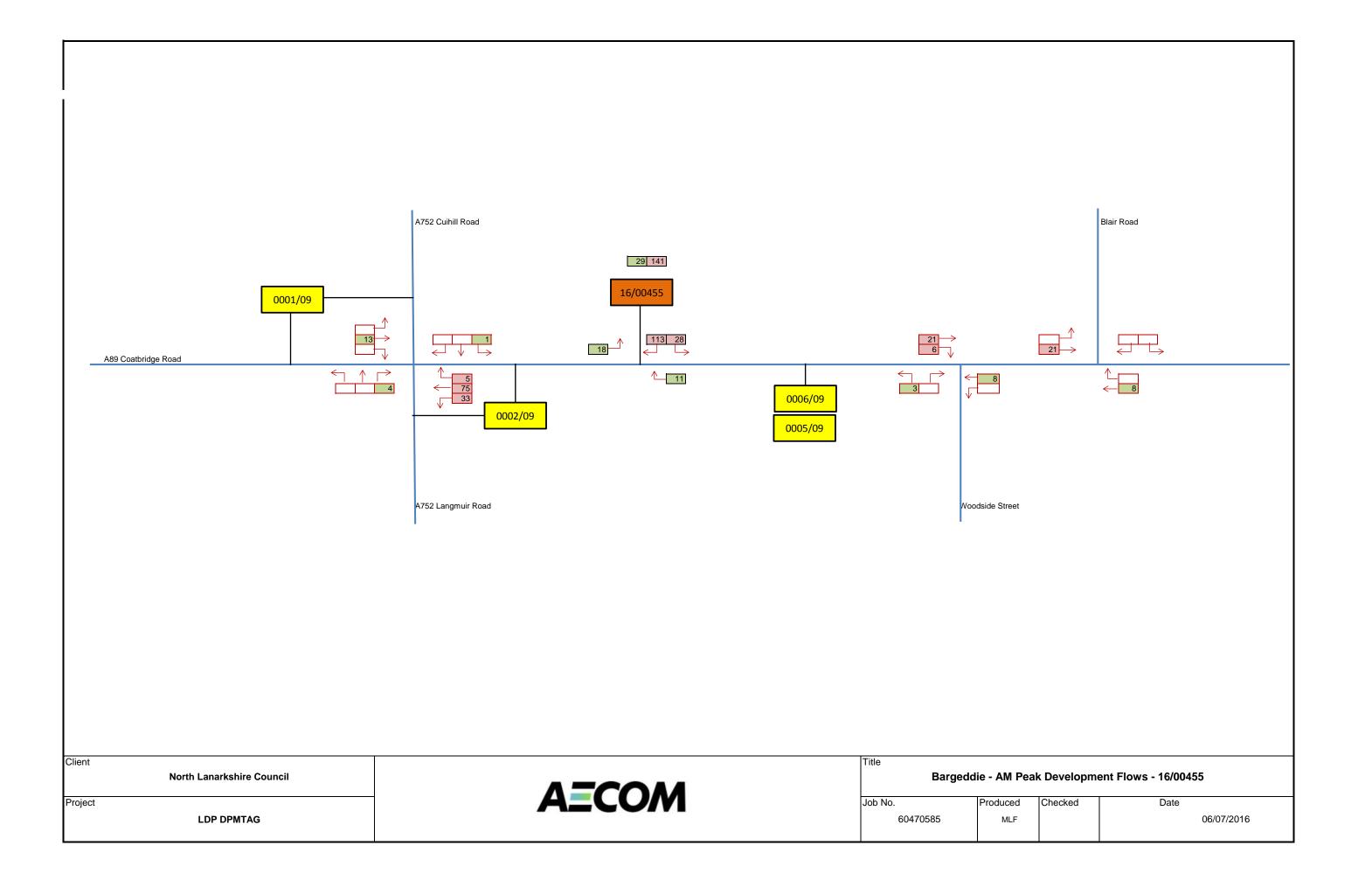
Results		TA fl	ows		TMfS14 flows					
			202	2	202	27	20:	22	202	27
Name	Junction Type	Approach	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
		A89 West 6% 7% 5% 7	7%	3%	5%	3%	5%			
A89 / Gartcosh Road / A752	Roundabout	Gartcosh Road	2%	4%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%
A09 / Galloosii Road / A732	Roundabout	A89 East	8%	6%	8%	6%	9%	4%	4% 9%	4%
		A752	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	6%	6%	4%
		A89 West	6%	3%	6%	3%	3%	2%	3%	2%
A89 / Woodside Street	Signals	A89 East	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%
		Woodside Street	2%	2%	2%	2%	-	-		
		A89 West	4%	2%	4%	2%	-	-		
A89 / Blair Road	Signals	Blair Road	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-		
		A89 East	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-		

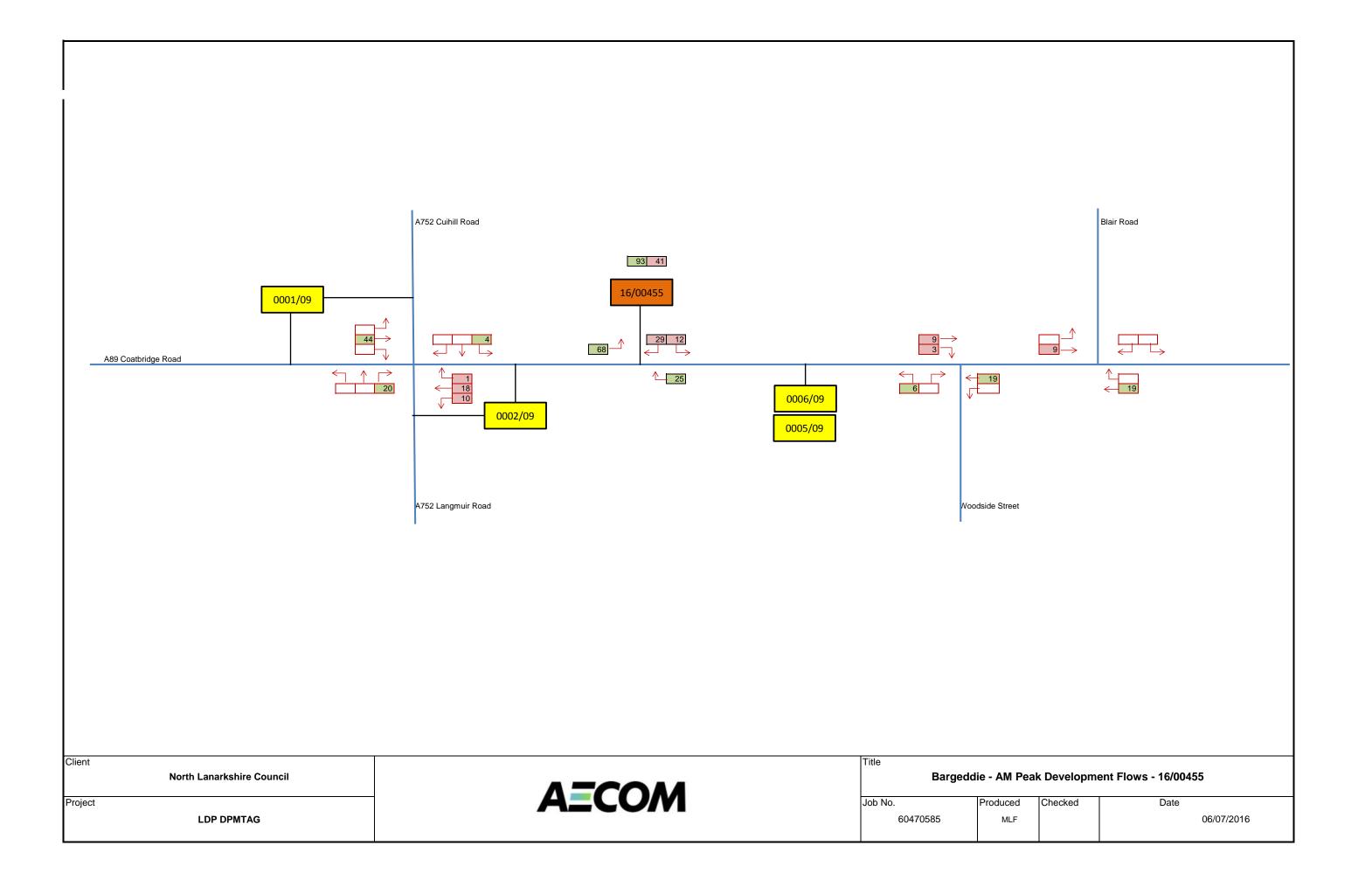


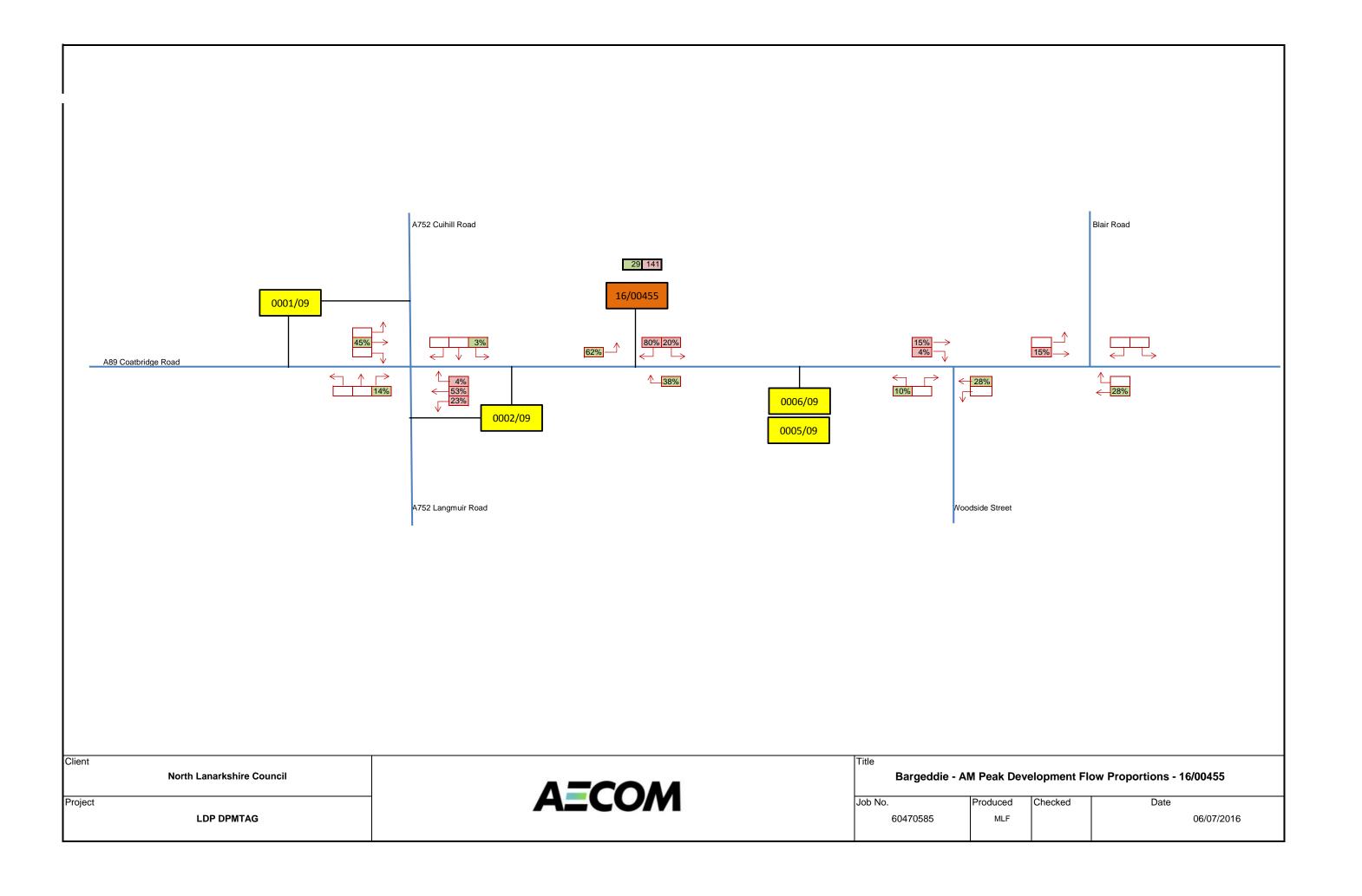


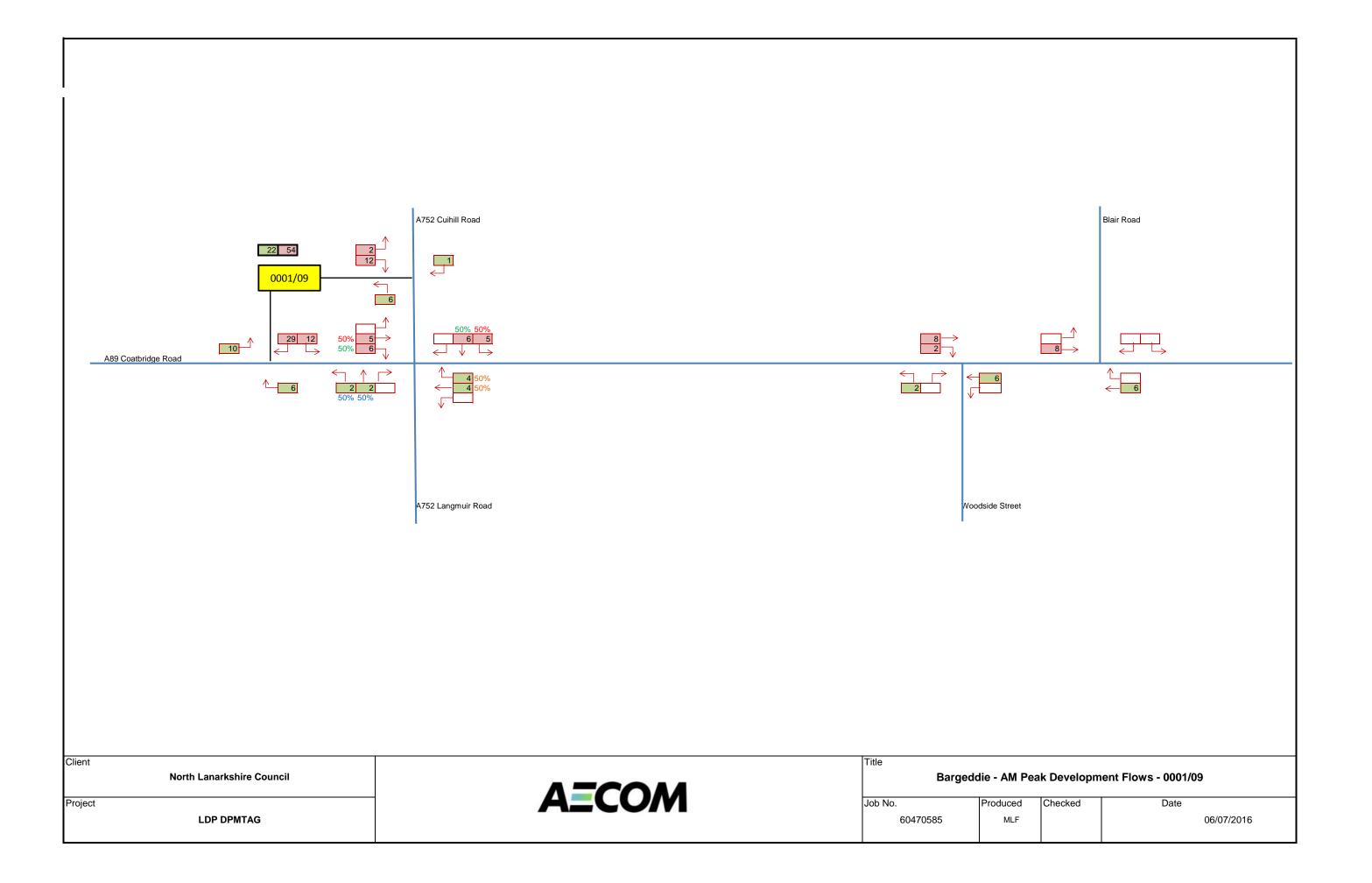


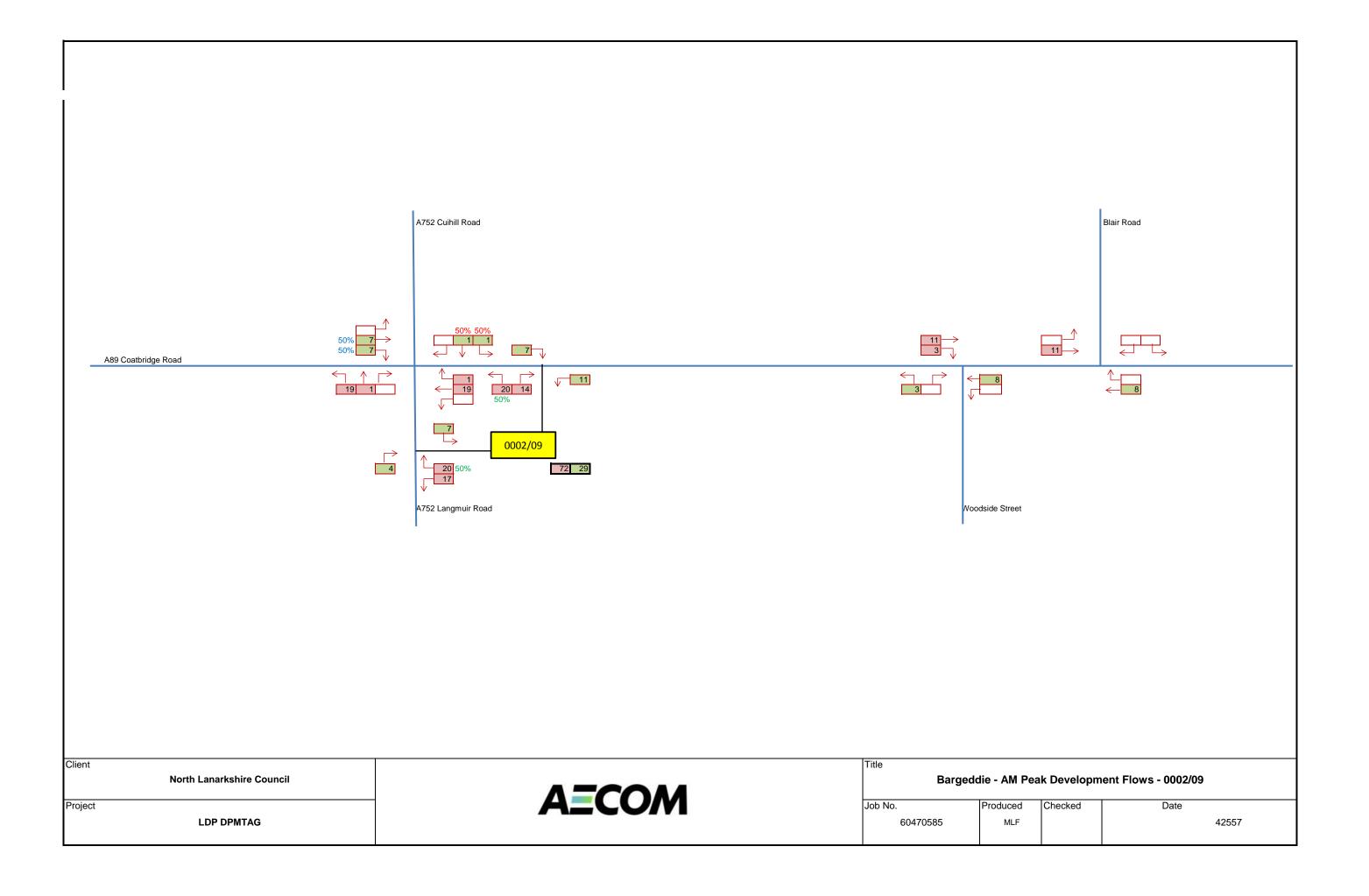


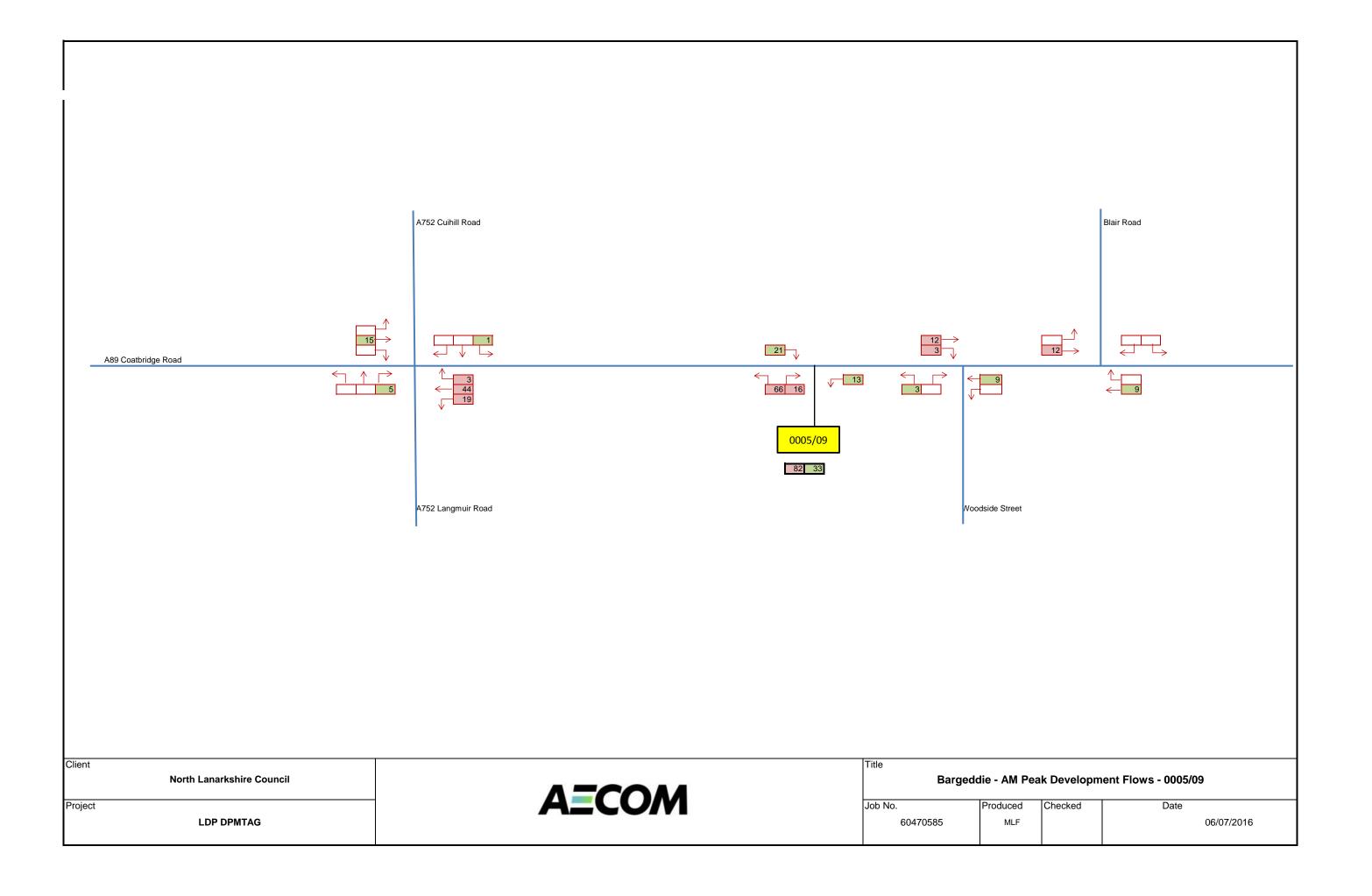


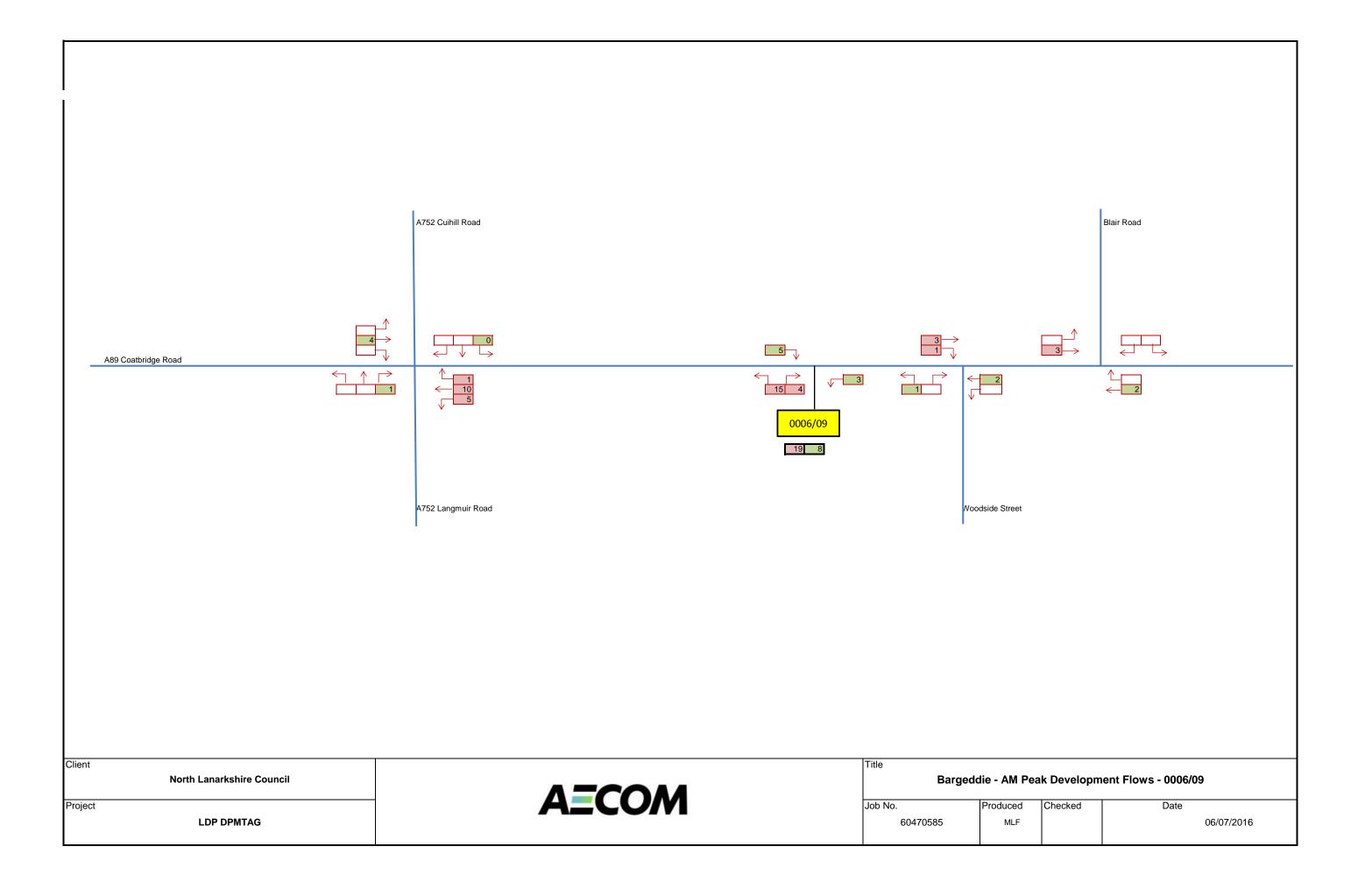


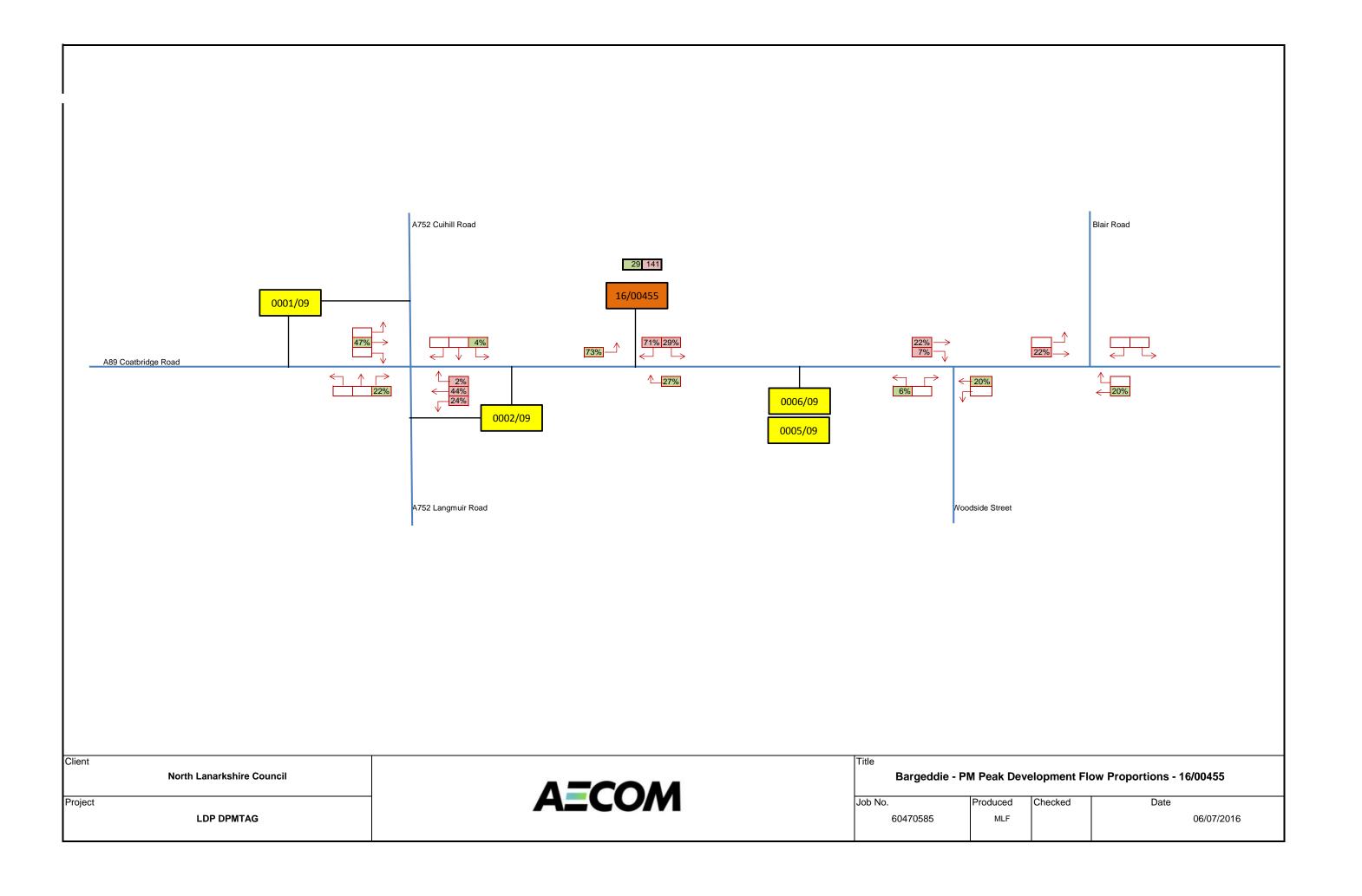


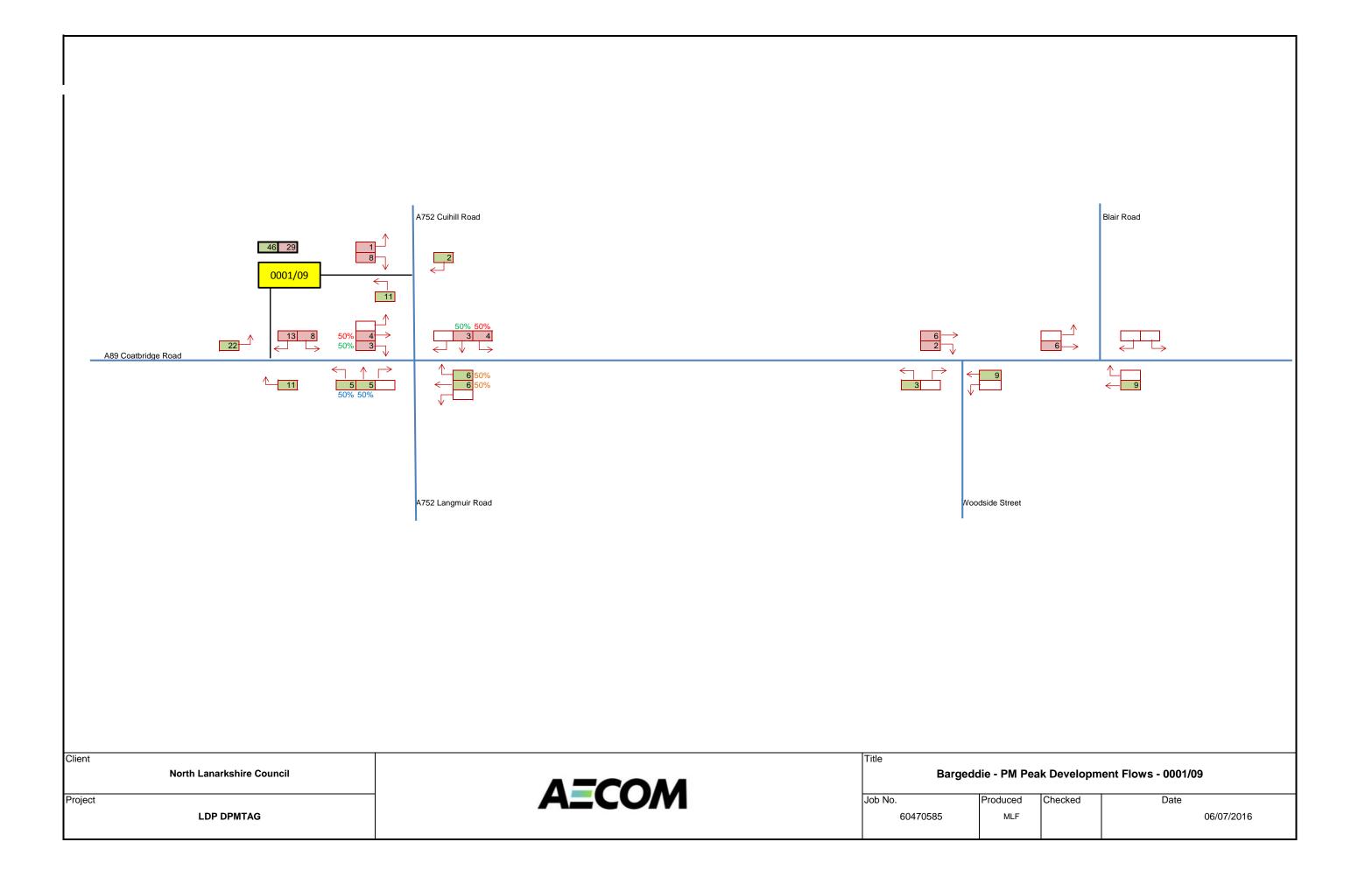


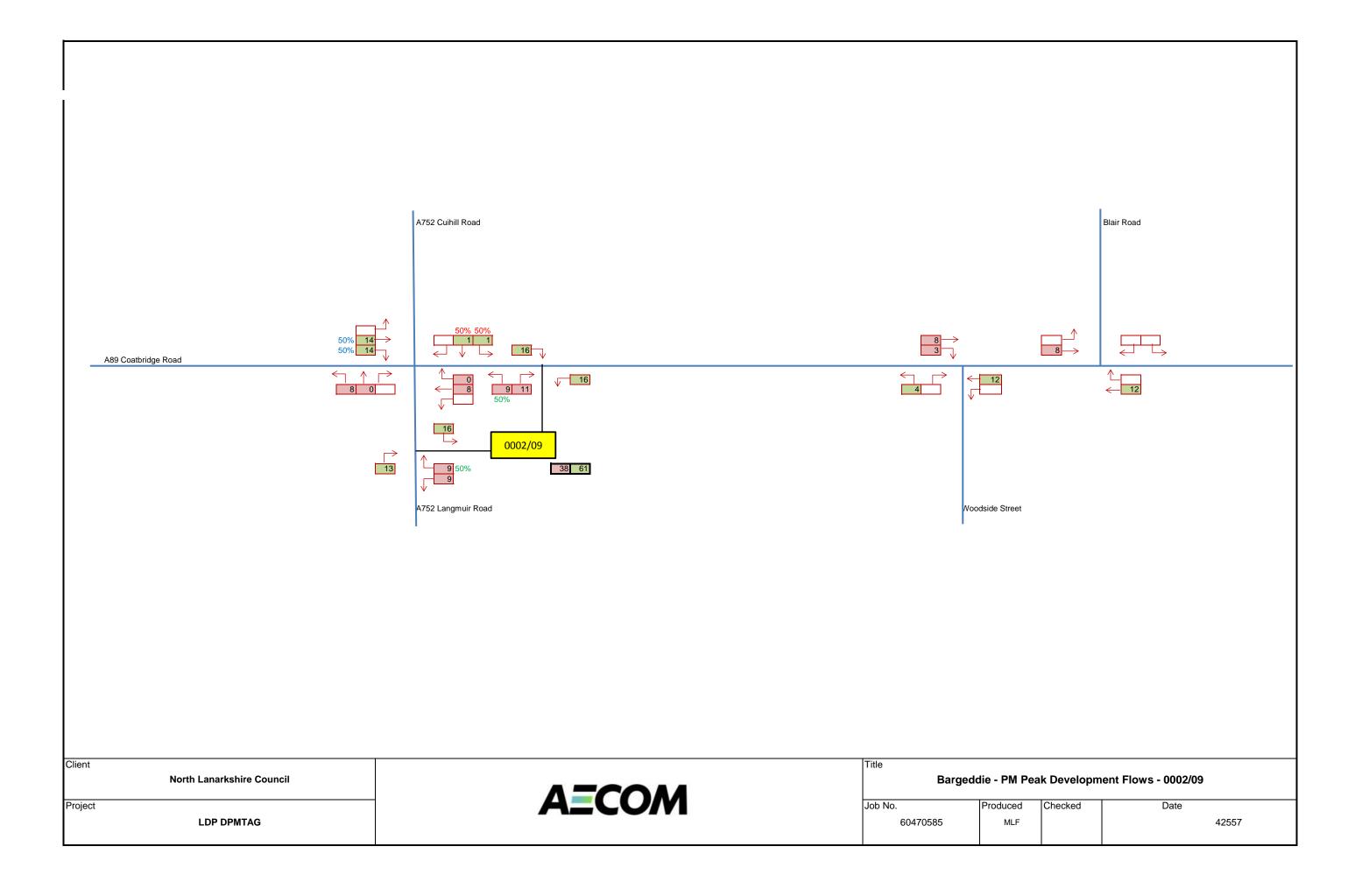


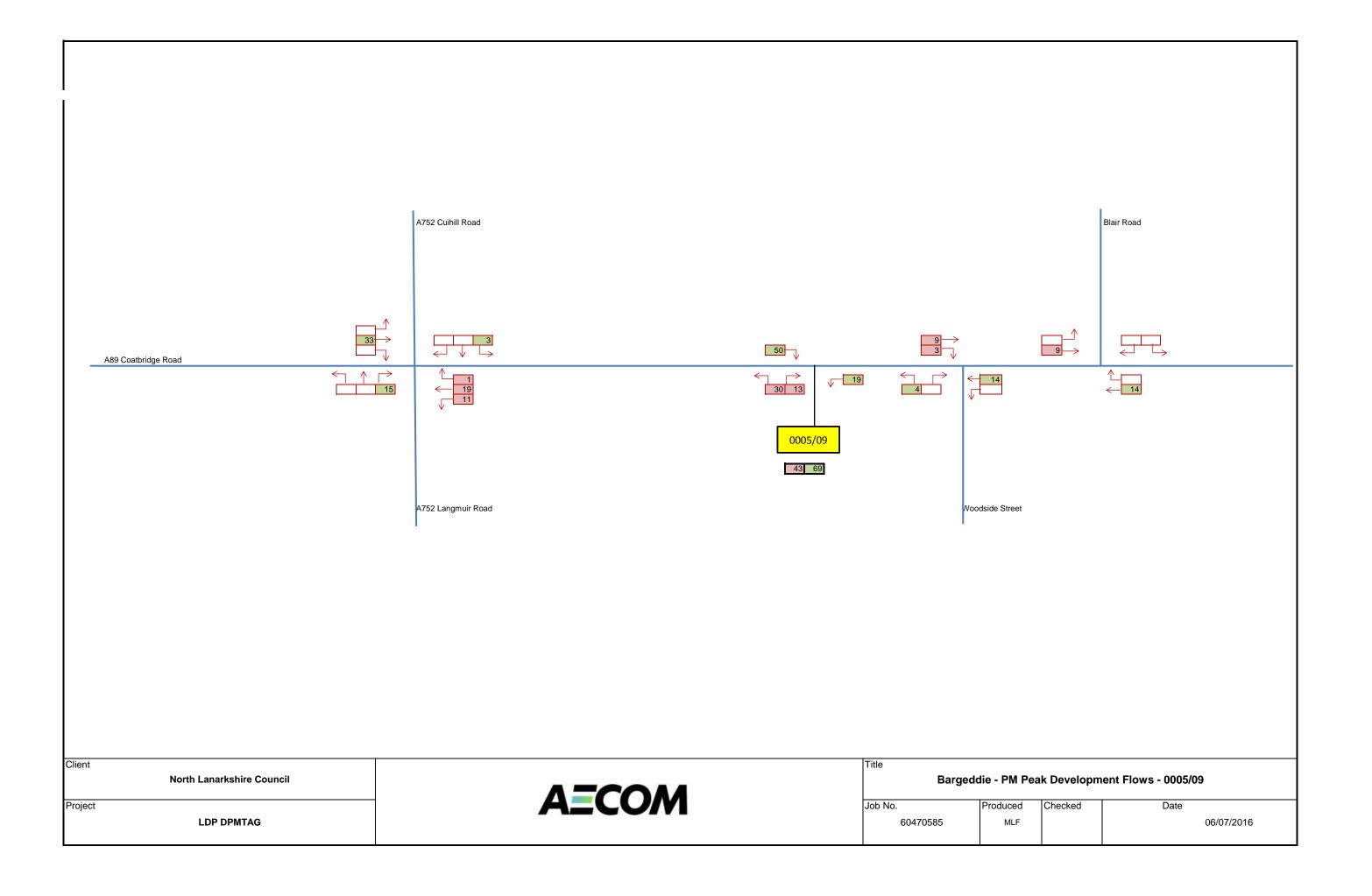


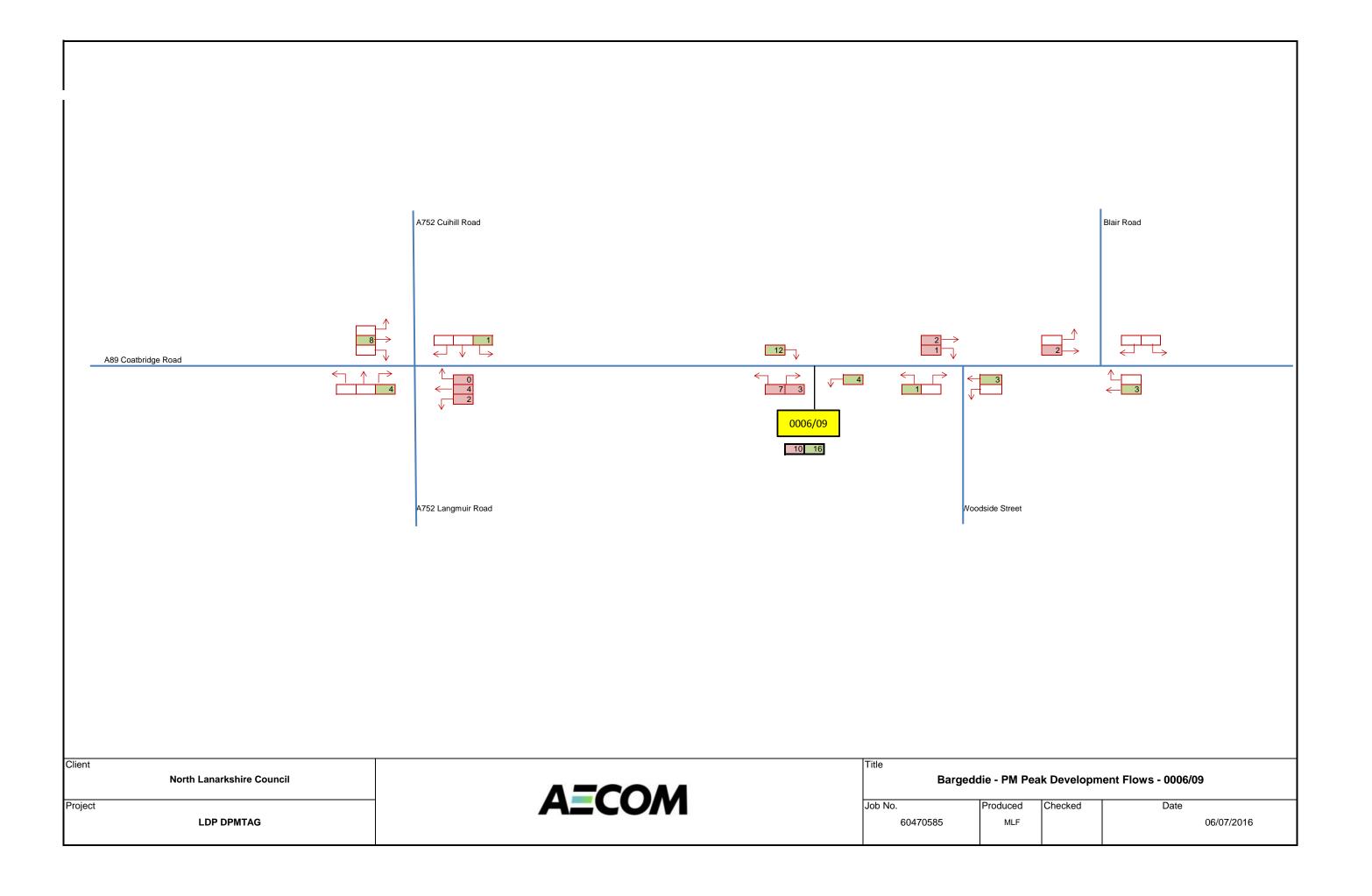


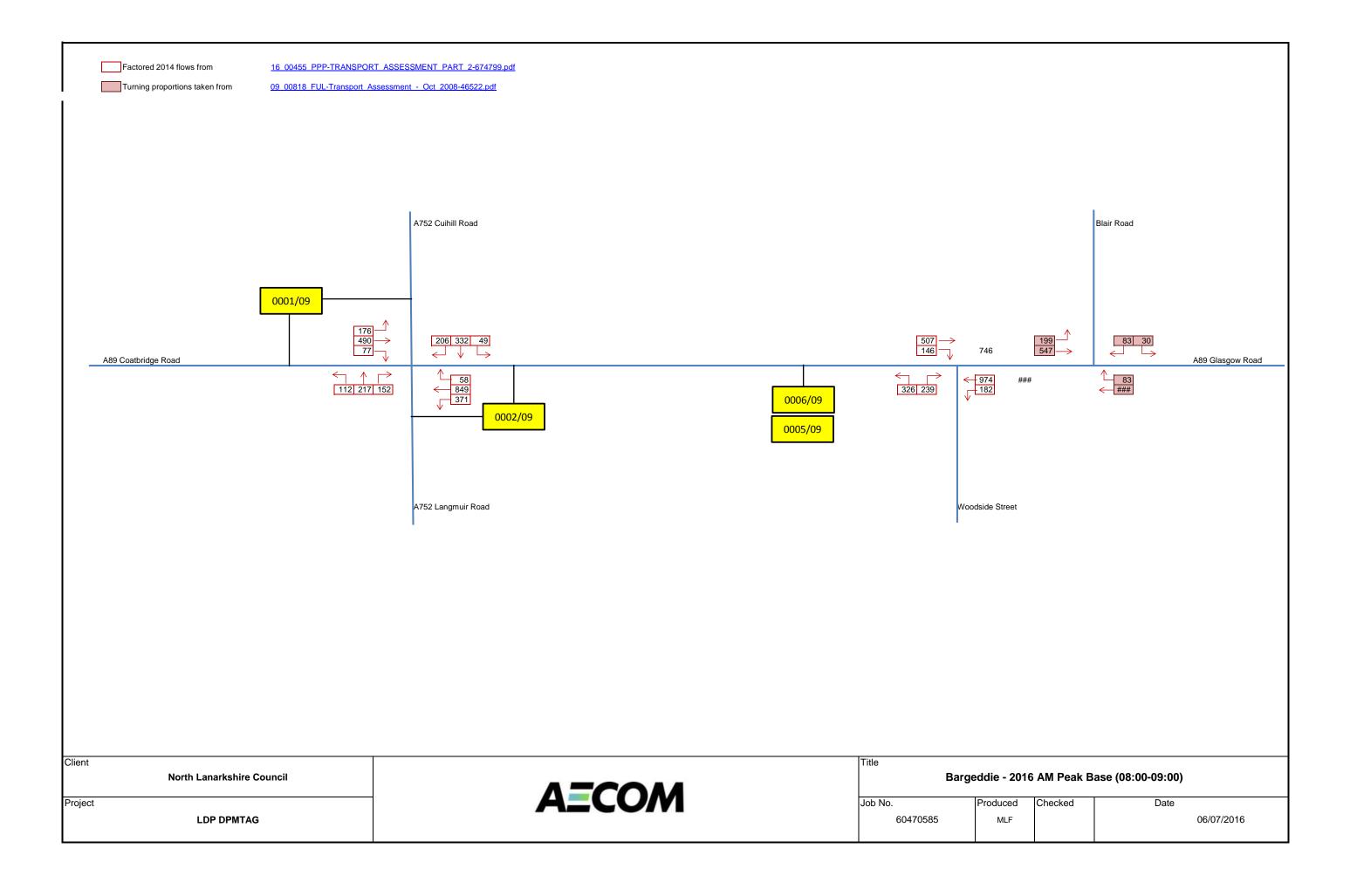


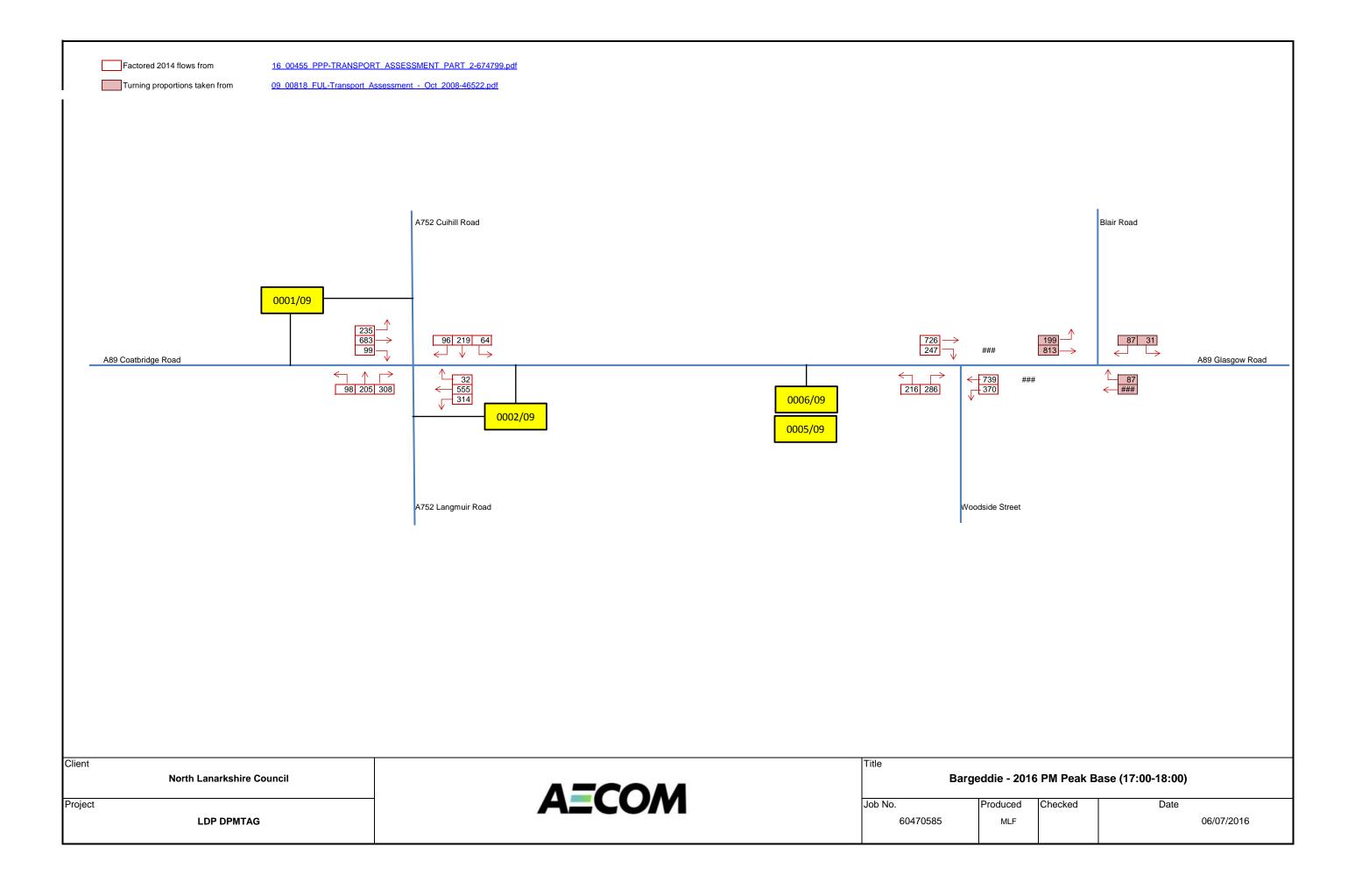


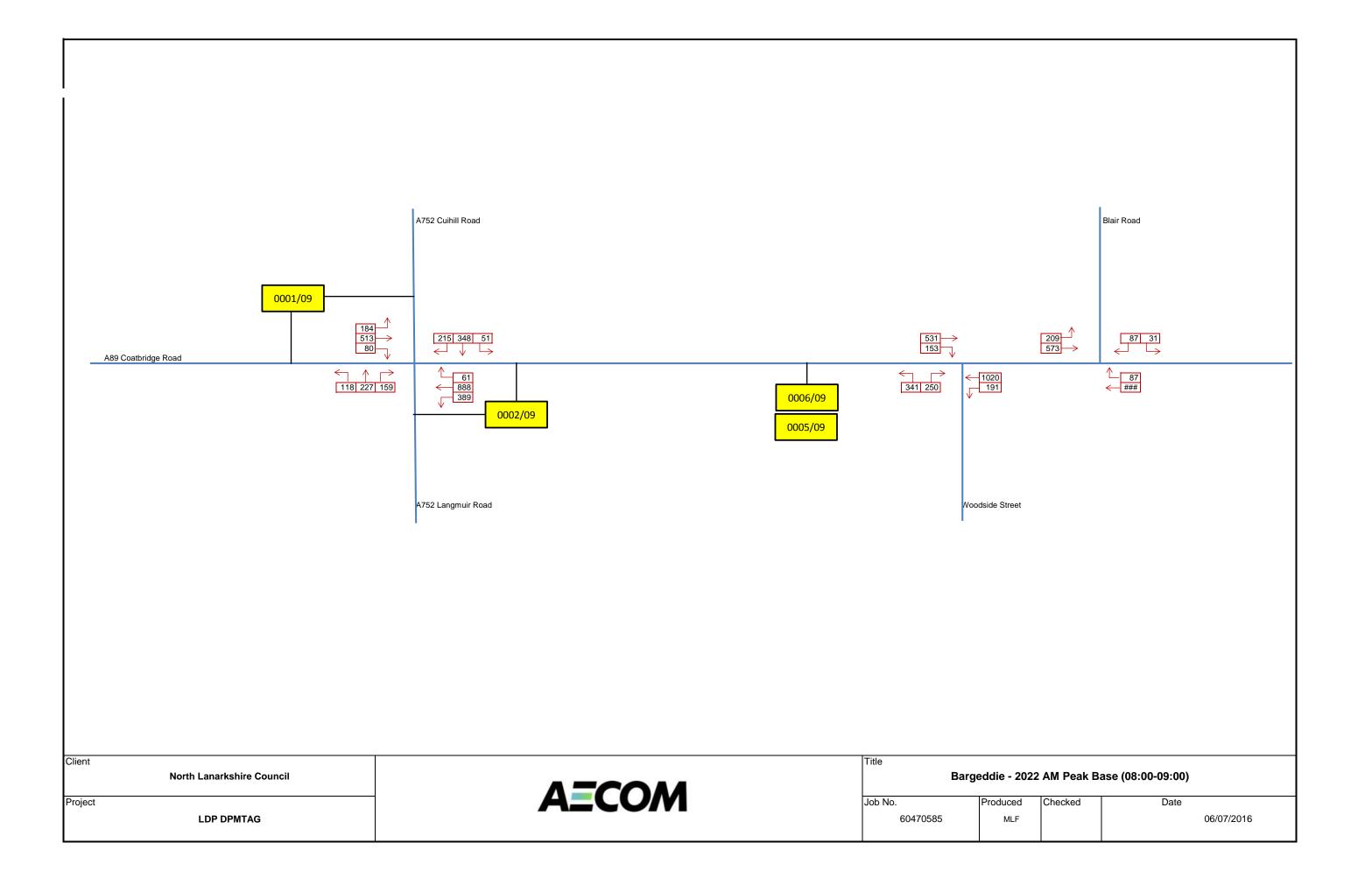


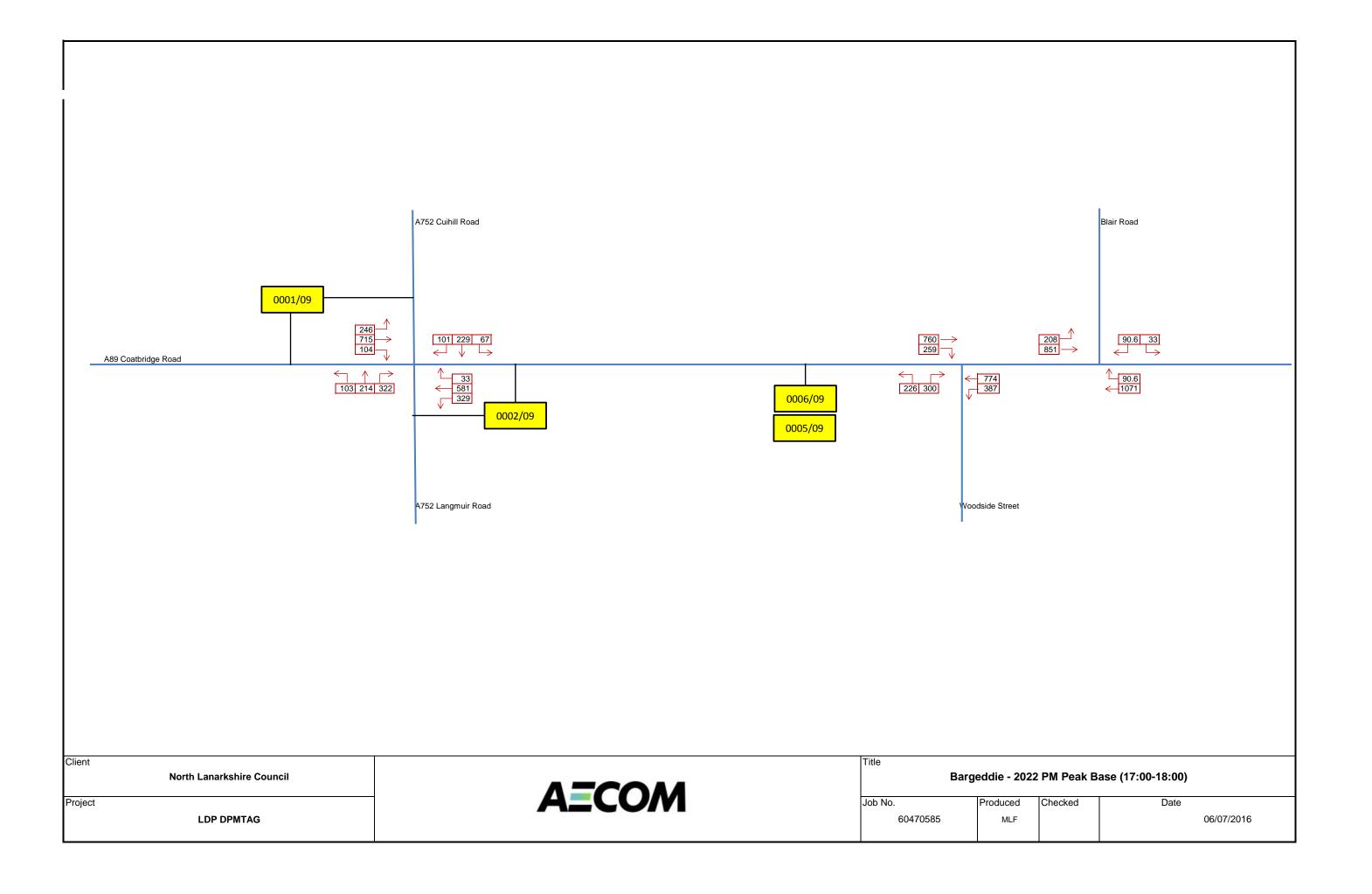


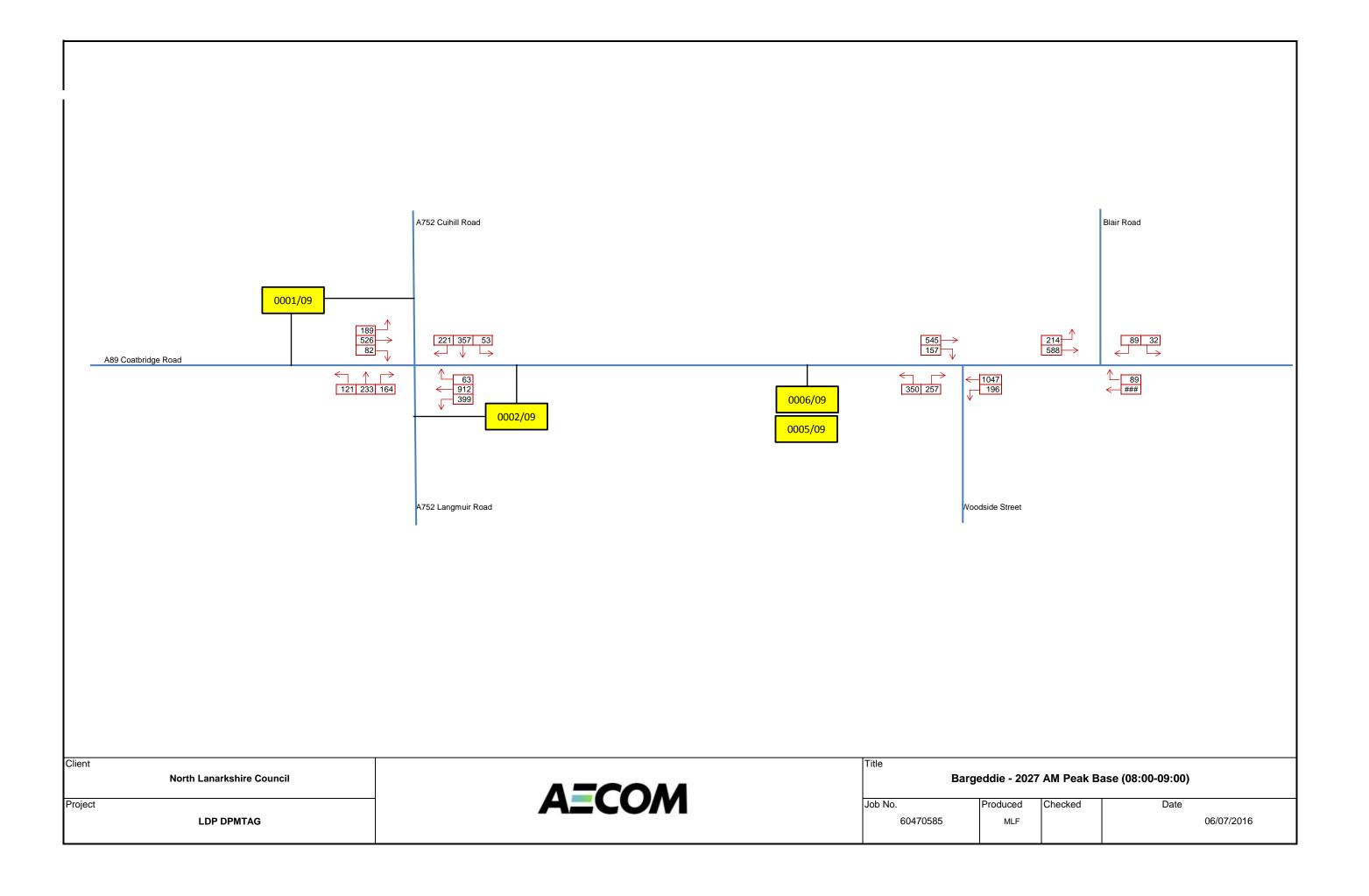


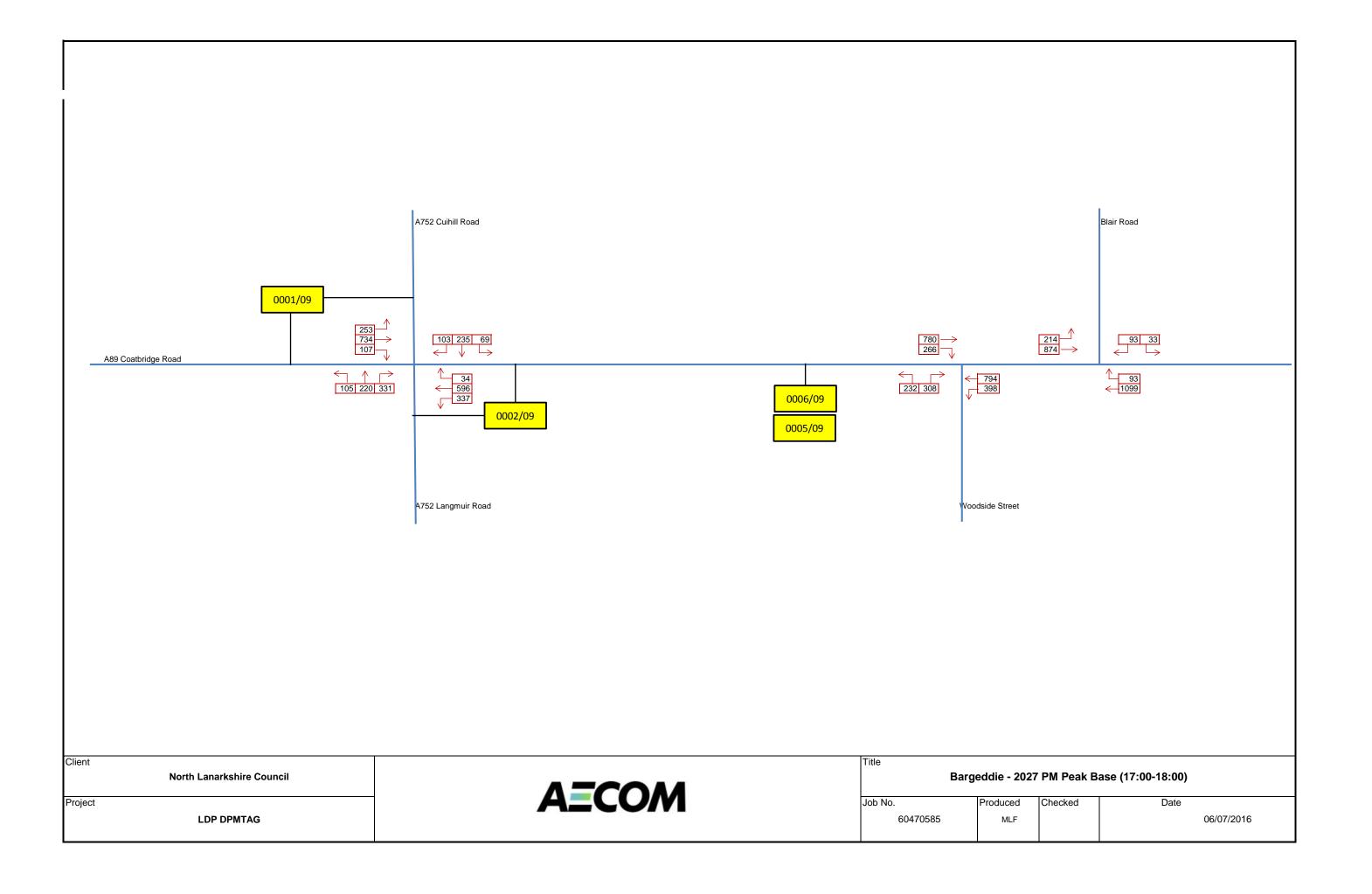


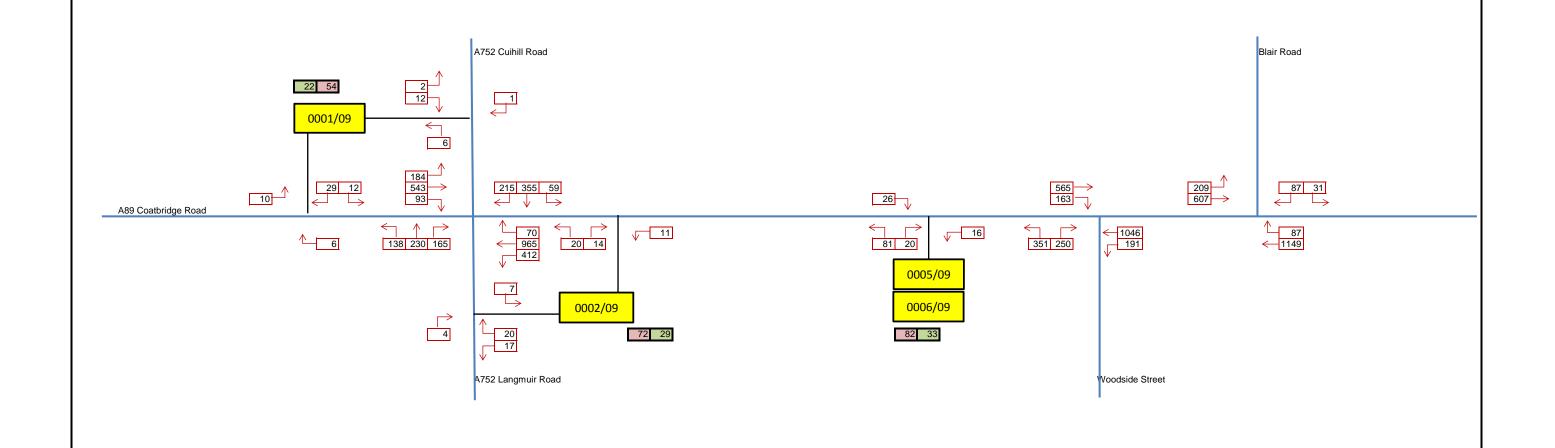








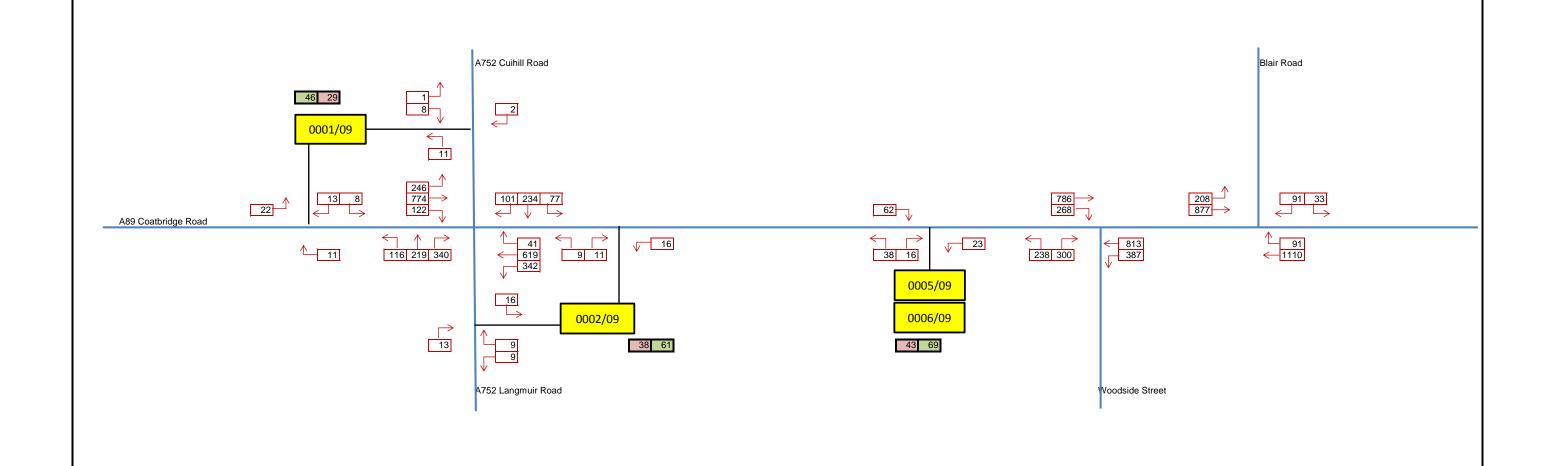




Client	North Lanarkshire Council				
Project	LDP DPMTAG				



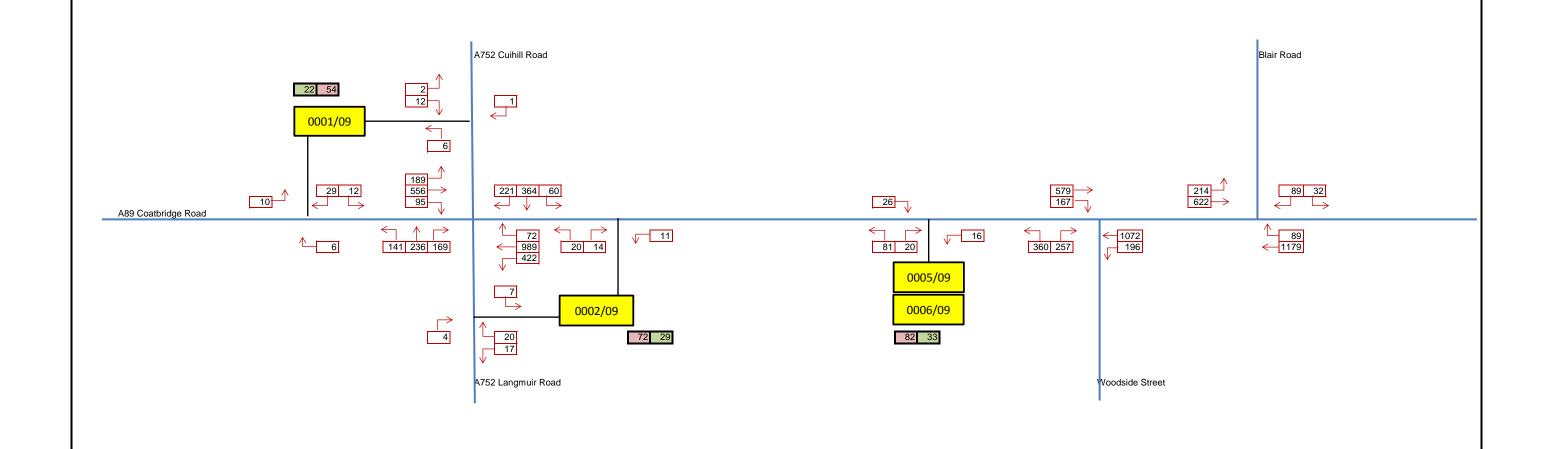
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Job No.		Produced	Checked	Date					
6	60470585	MLF			06/07/2016				



Client		
	North Lanarkshire Council	
Project		
	LDP DPMTAG	



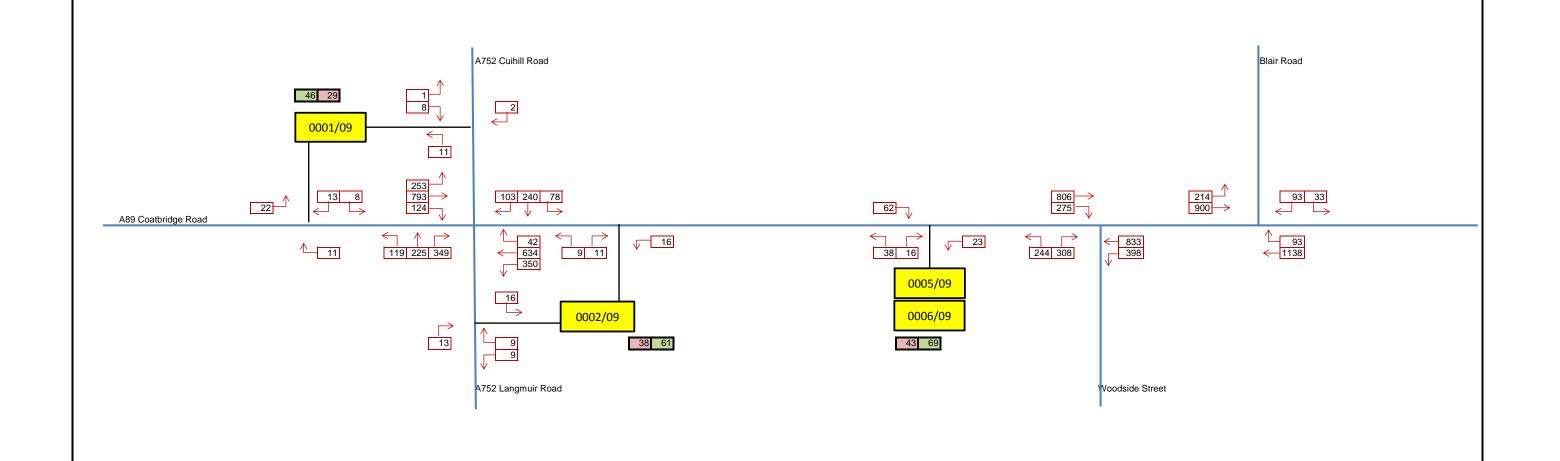
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Job No.		Produced	Checked	Date	
(60470585	MLF			06/07/2016



Client		T
	North Lanarkshire Council	
Project		-
-	LDP DPMTAG	



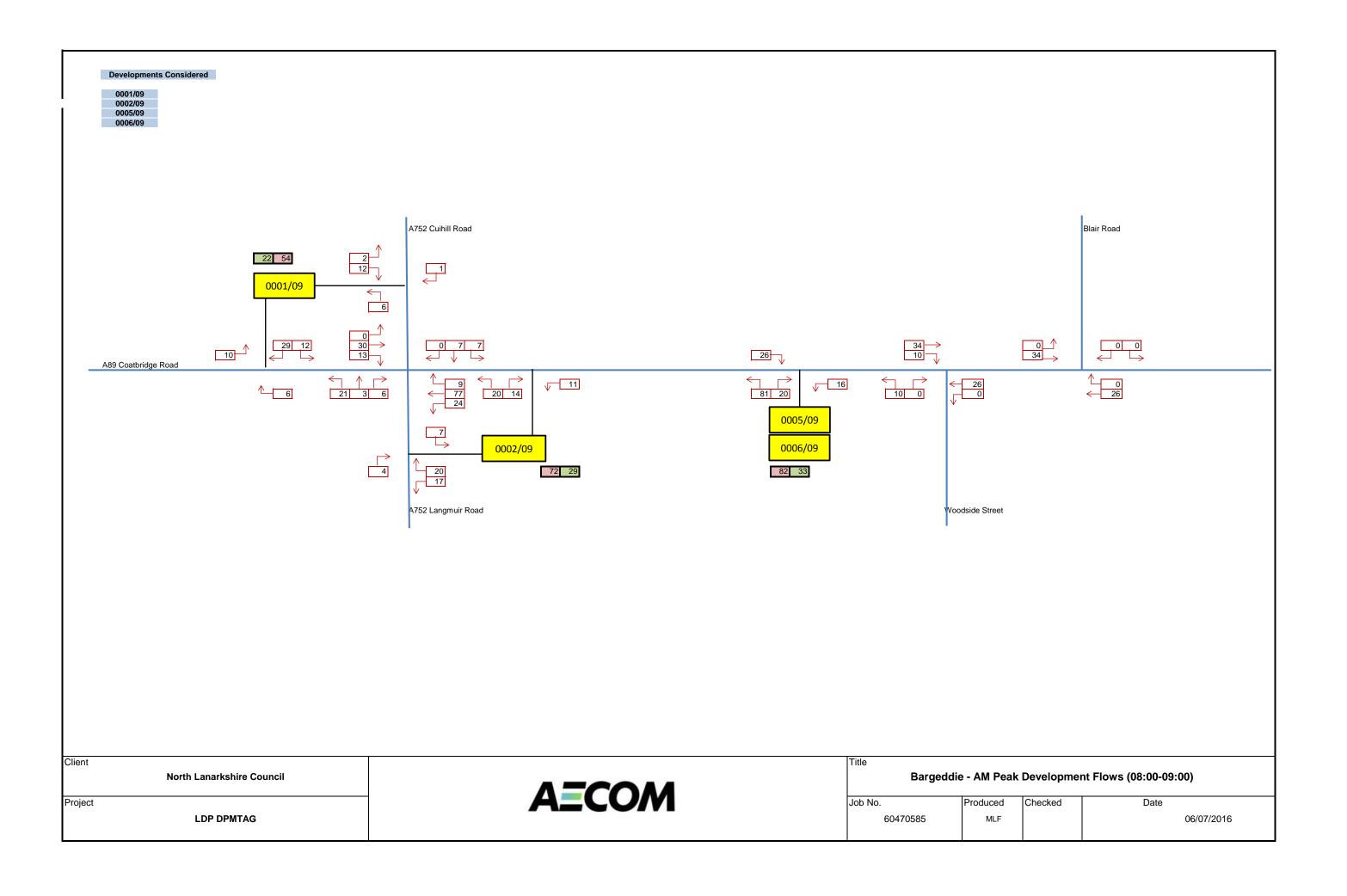
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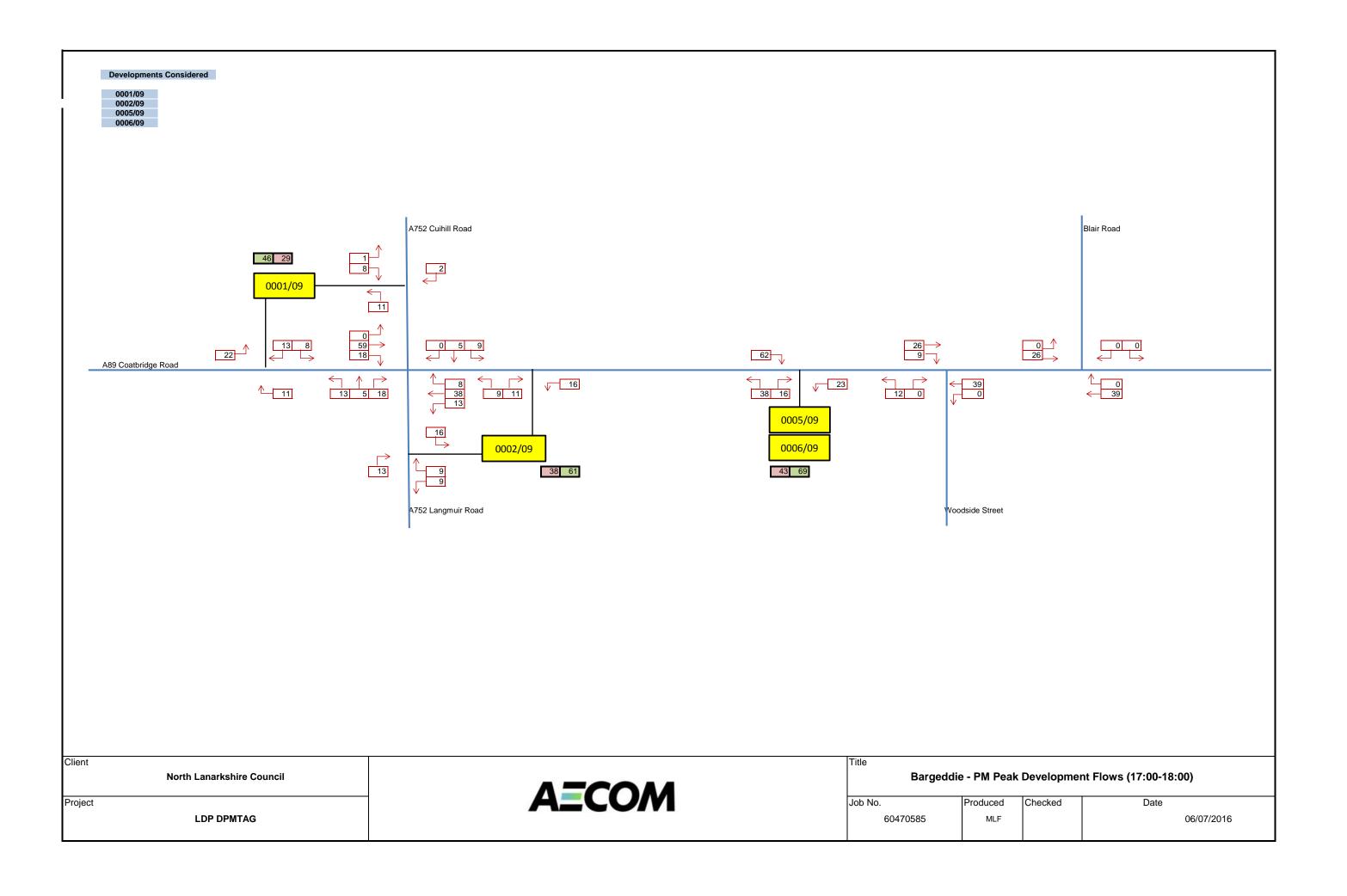


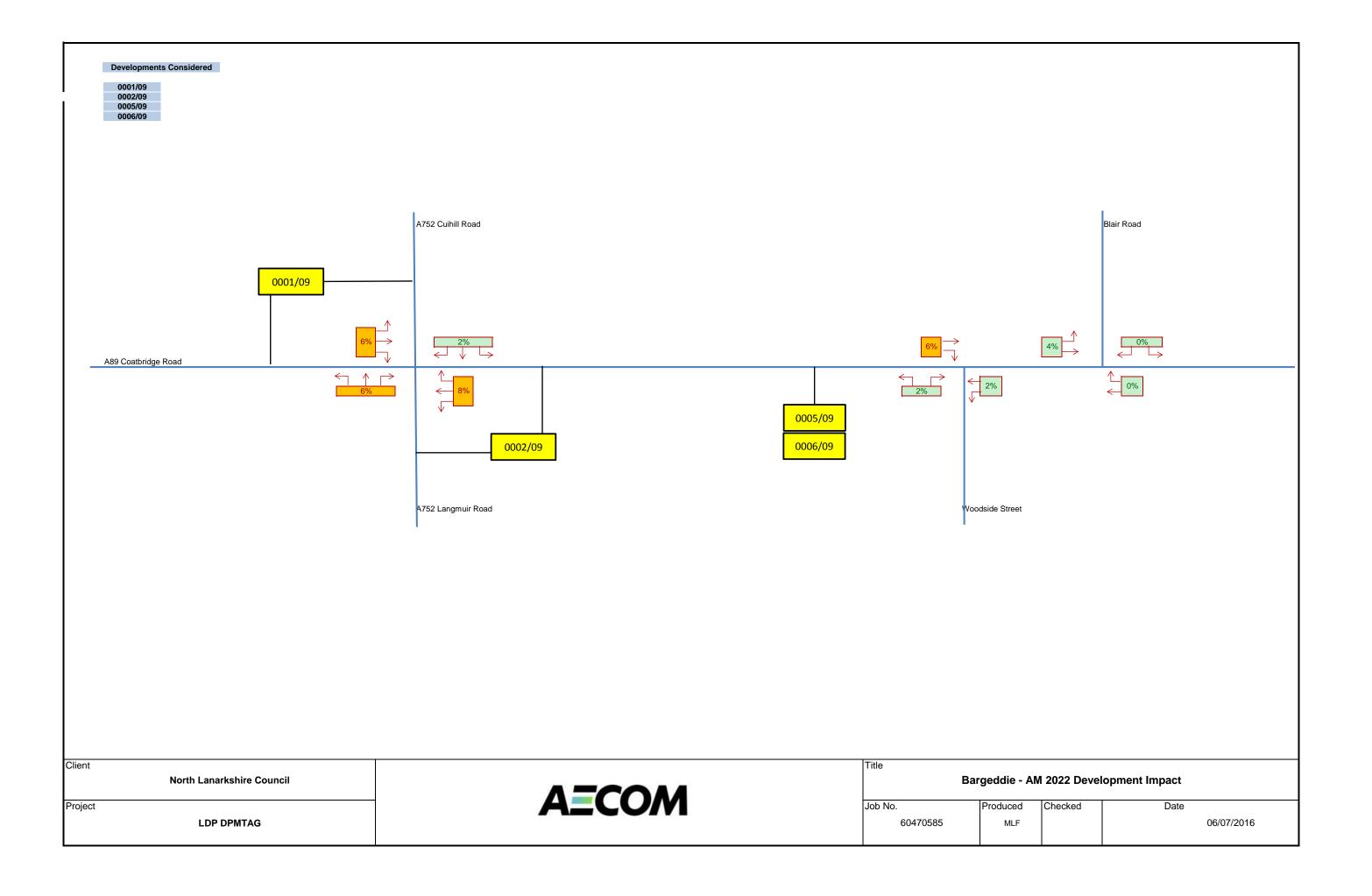
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Project	LDP DPMTAG	

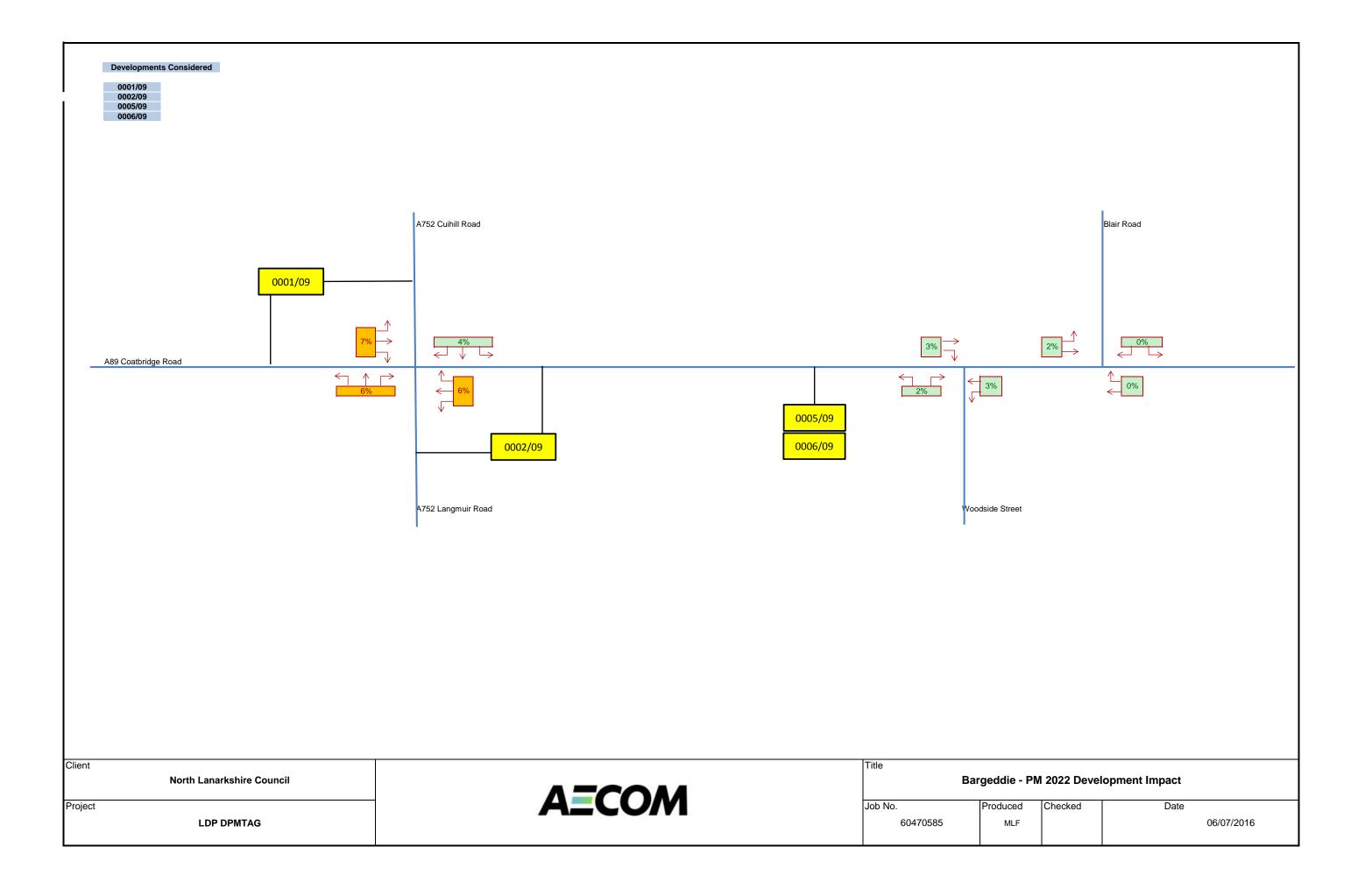


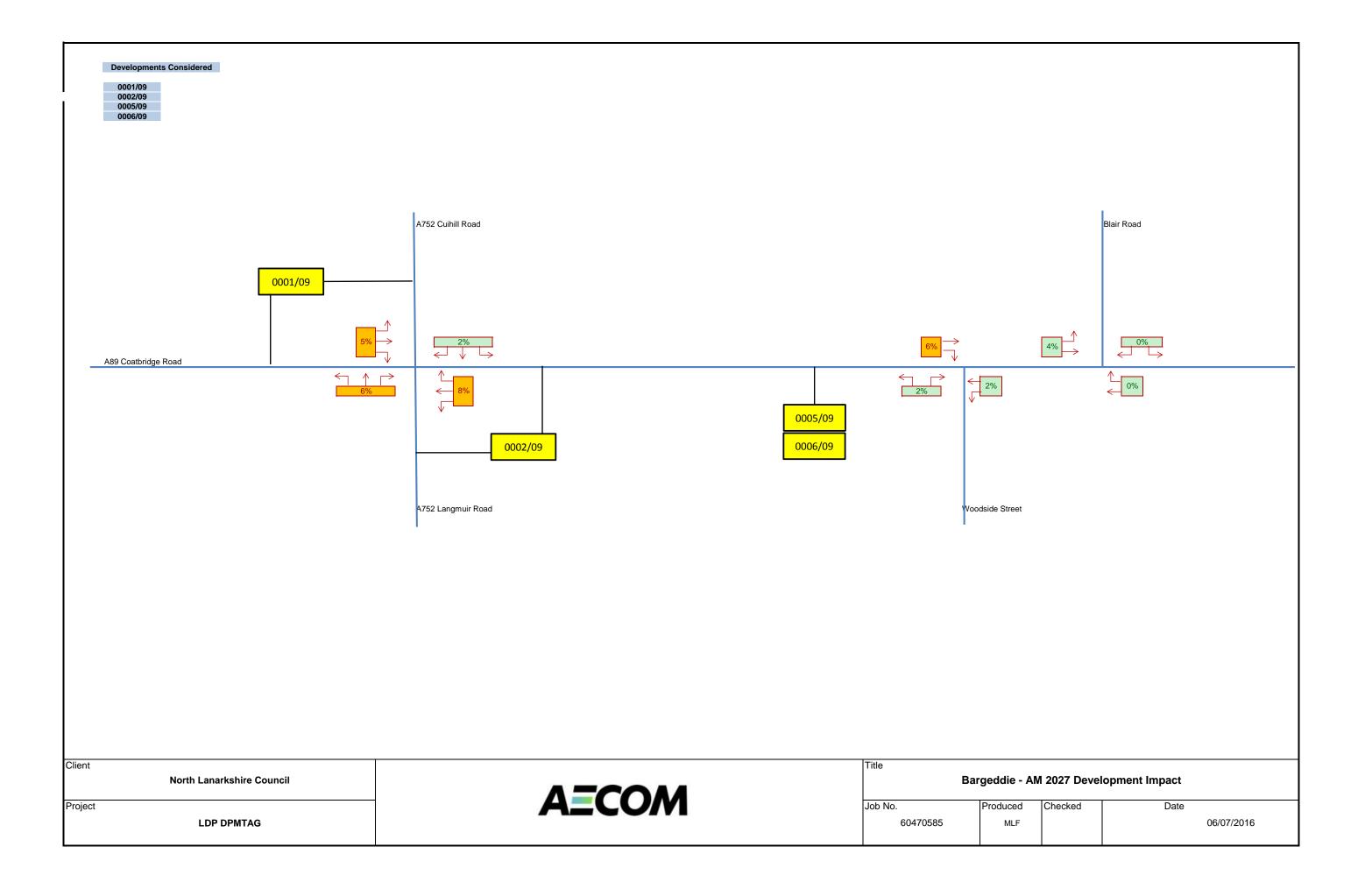
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Job No.		Produced	Checked	Date	
(60470585	MLF			06/07/2016

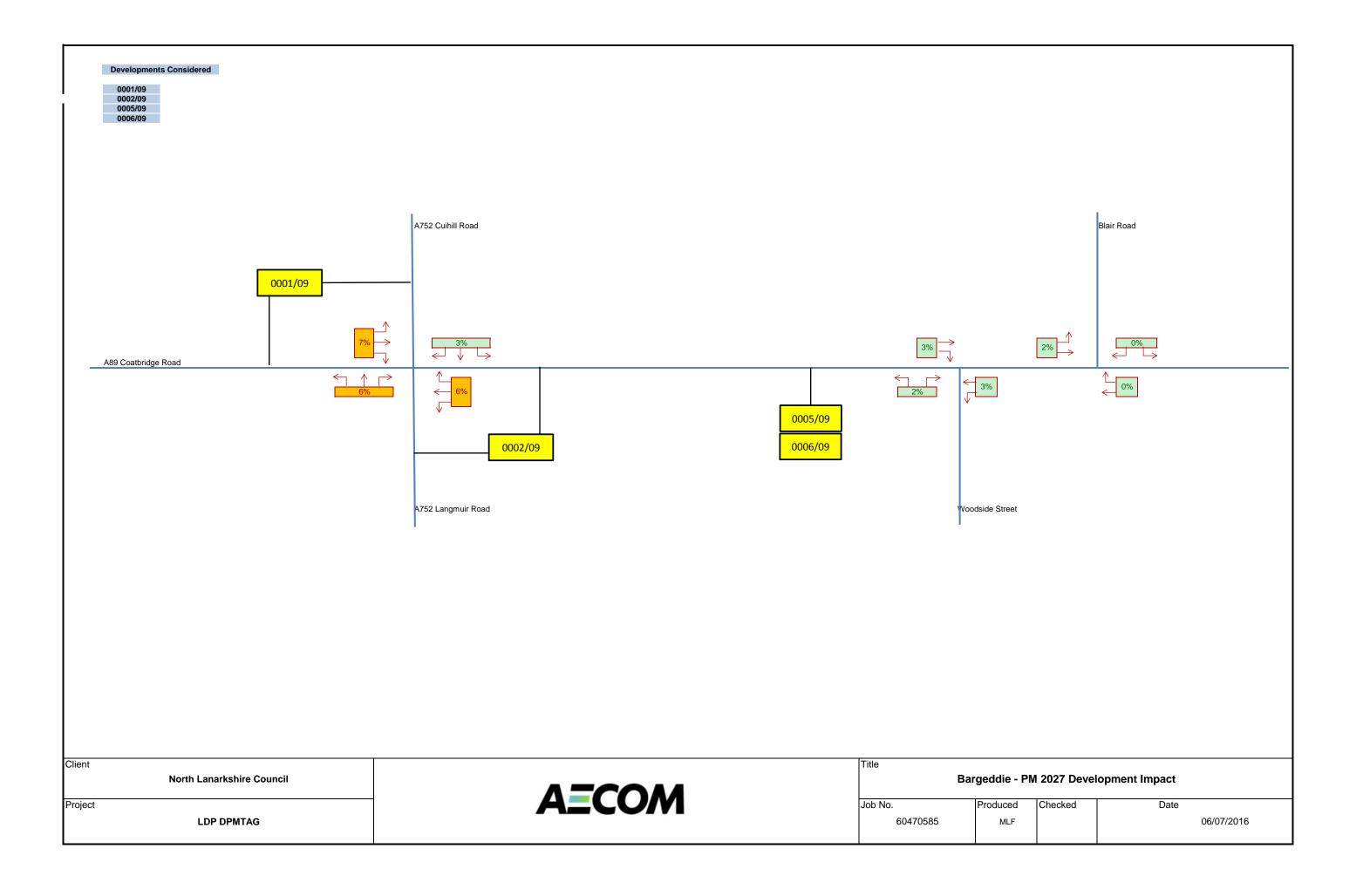


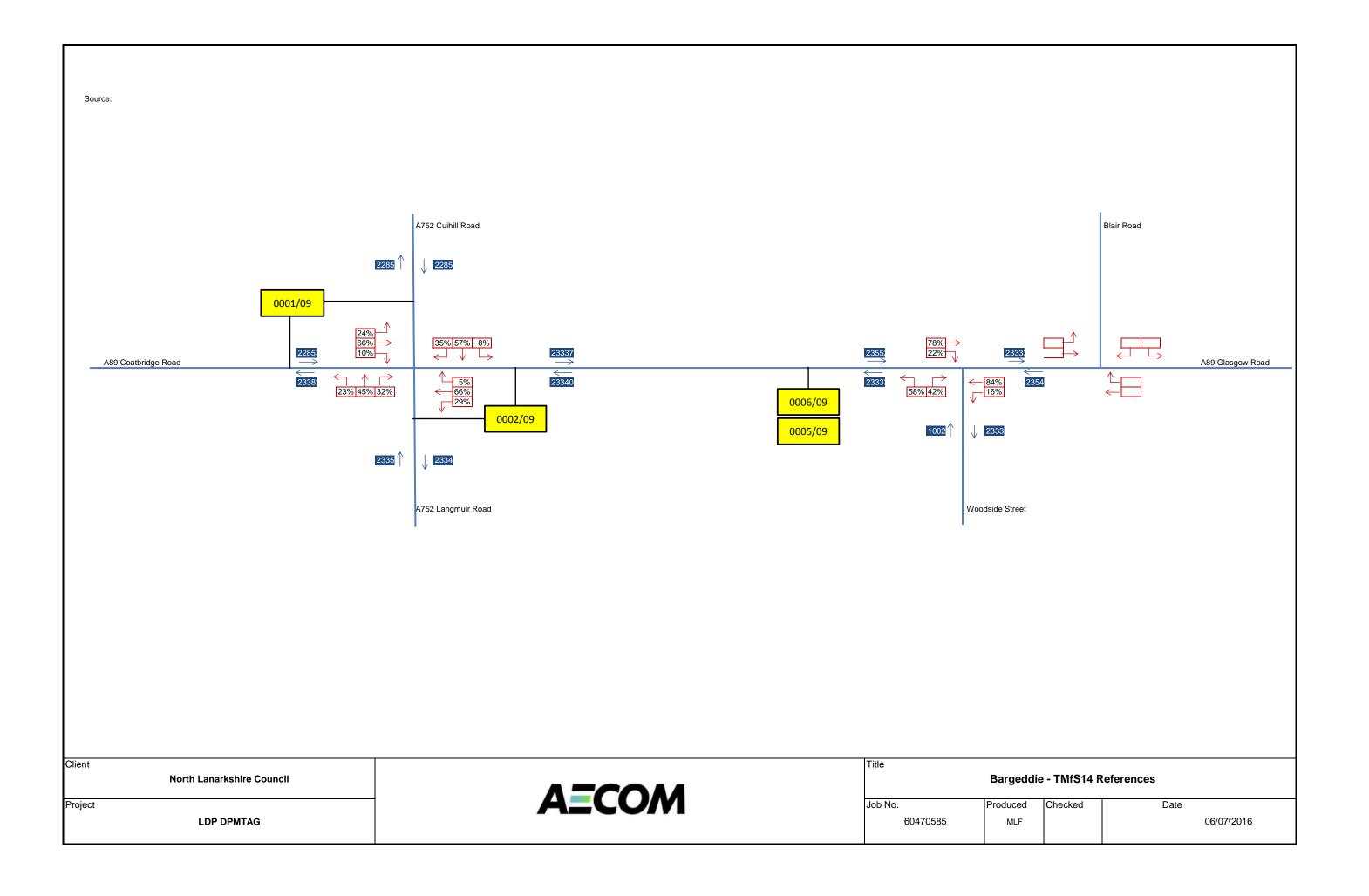


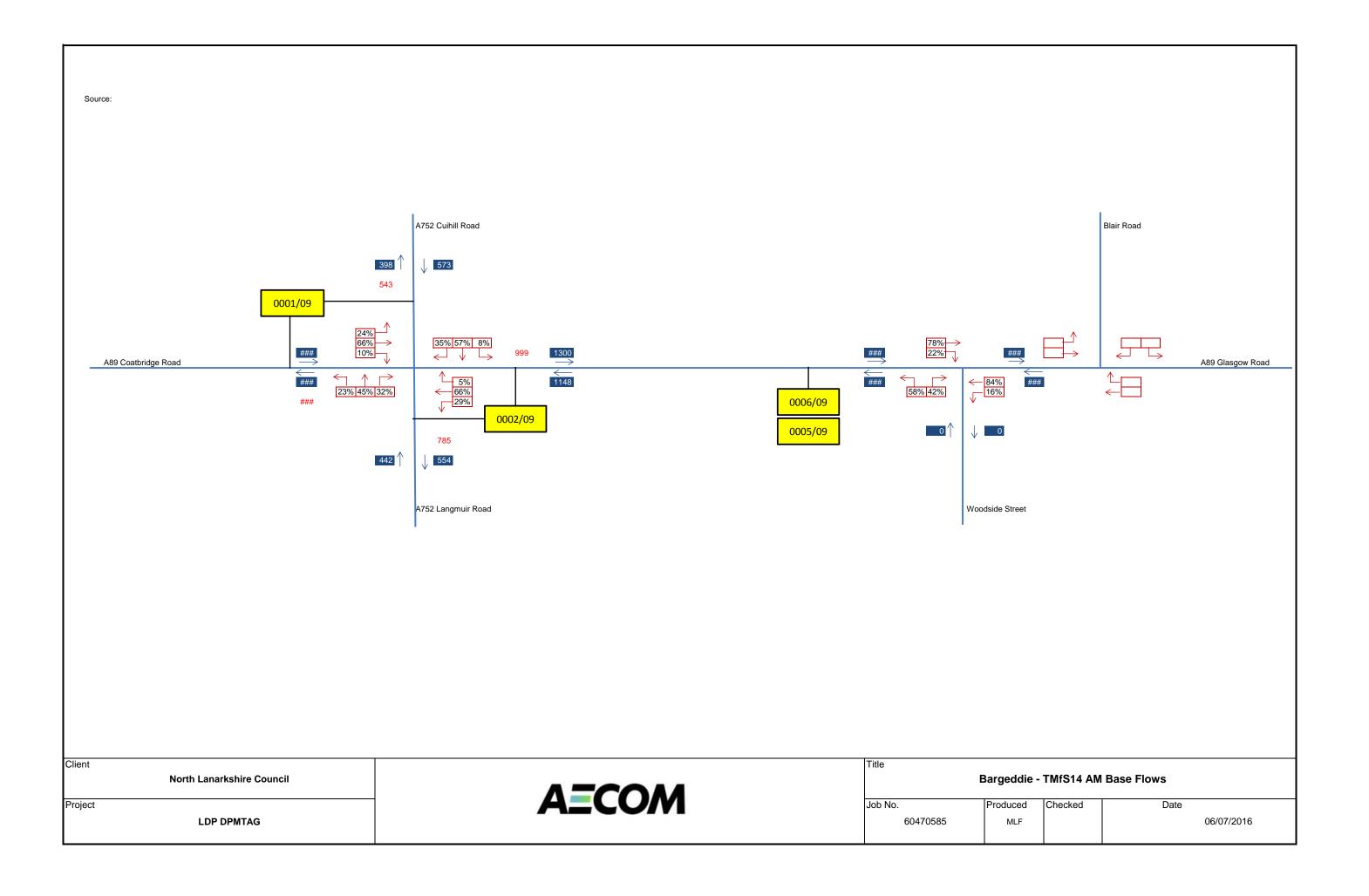


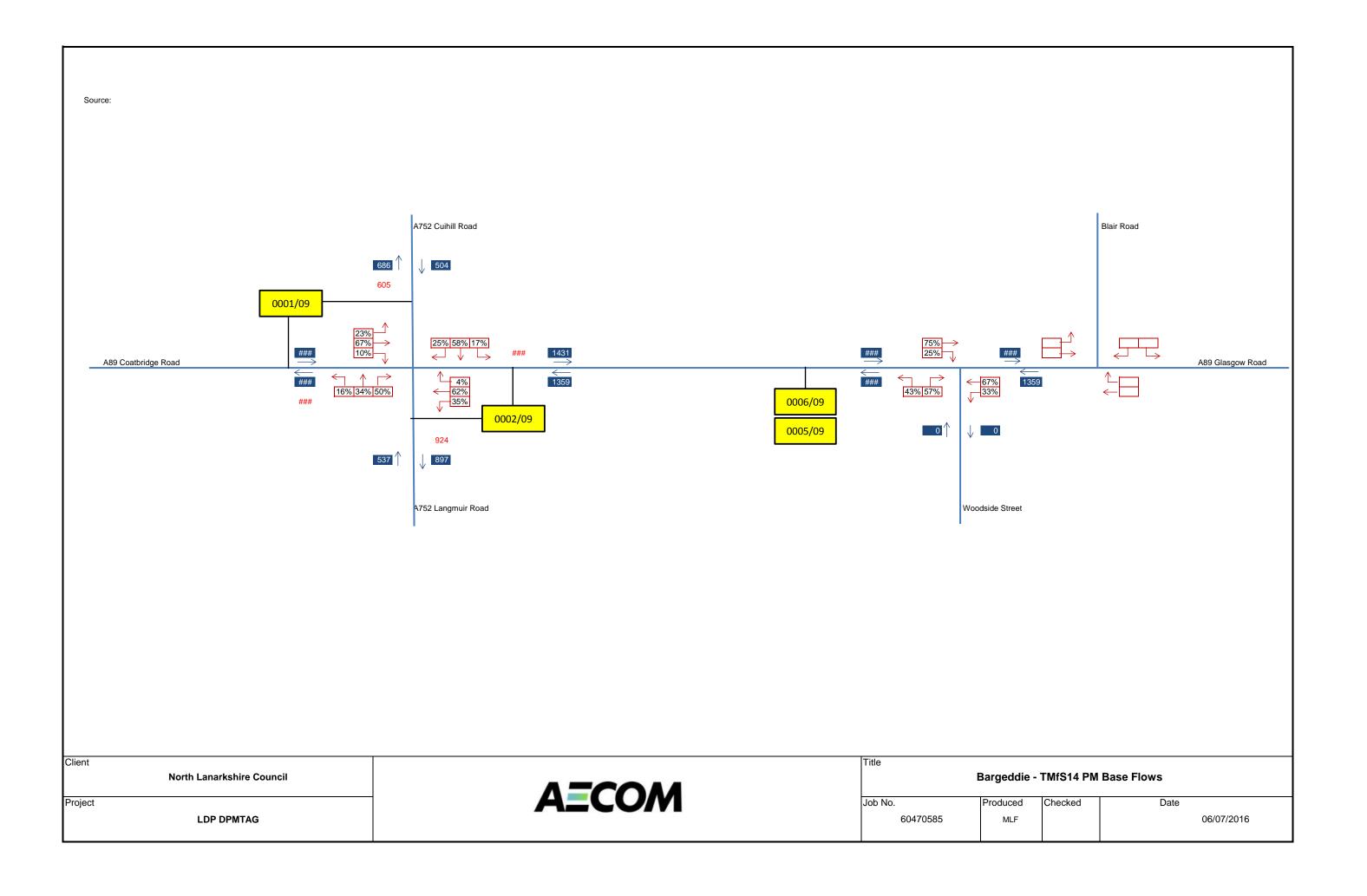


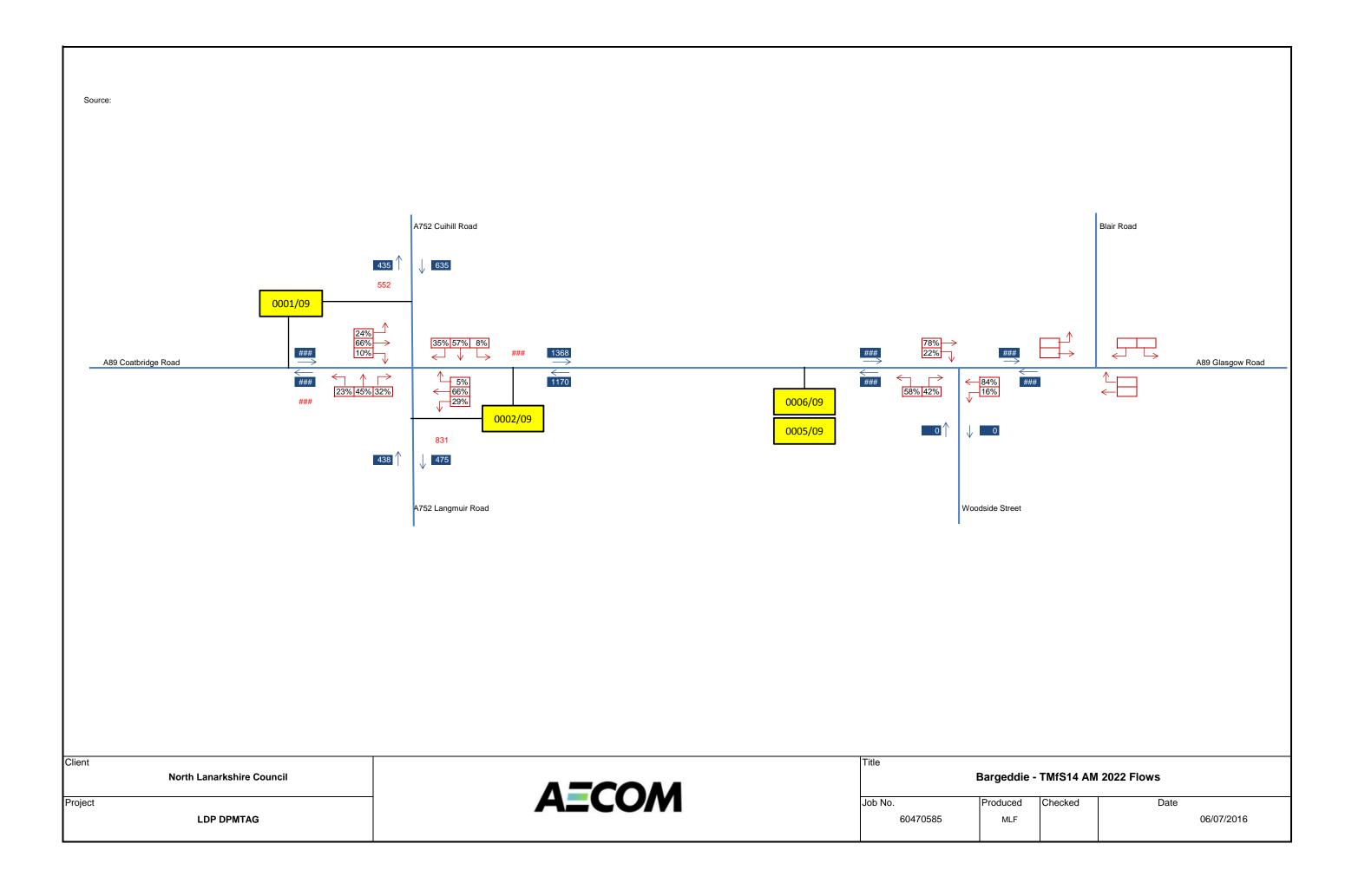


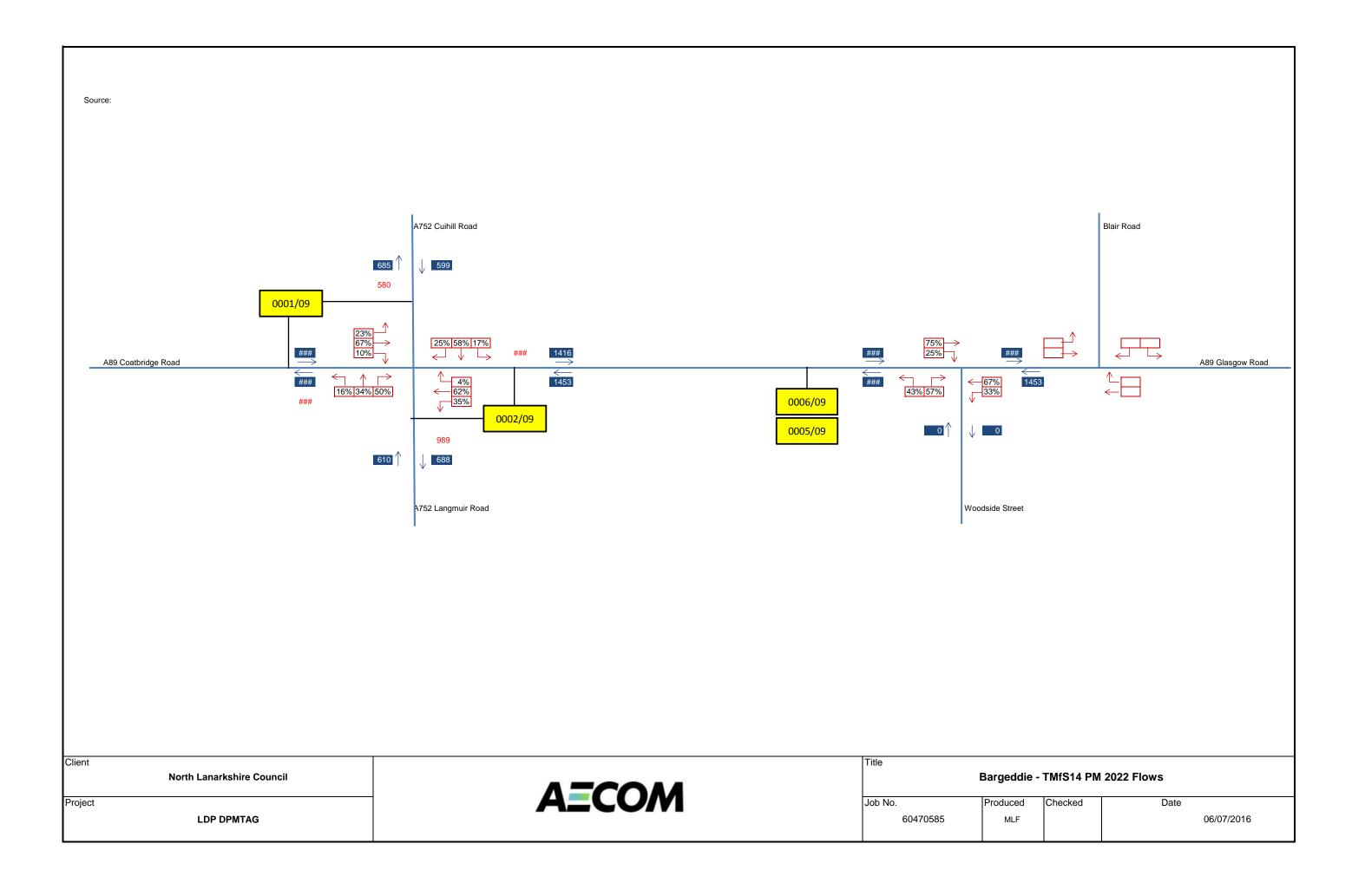


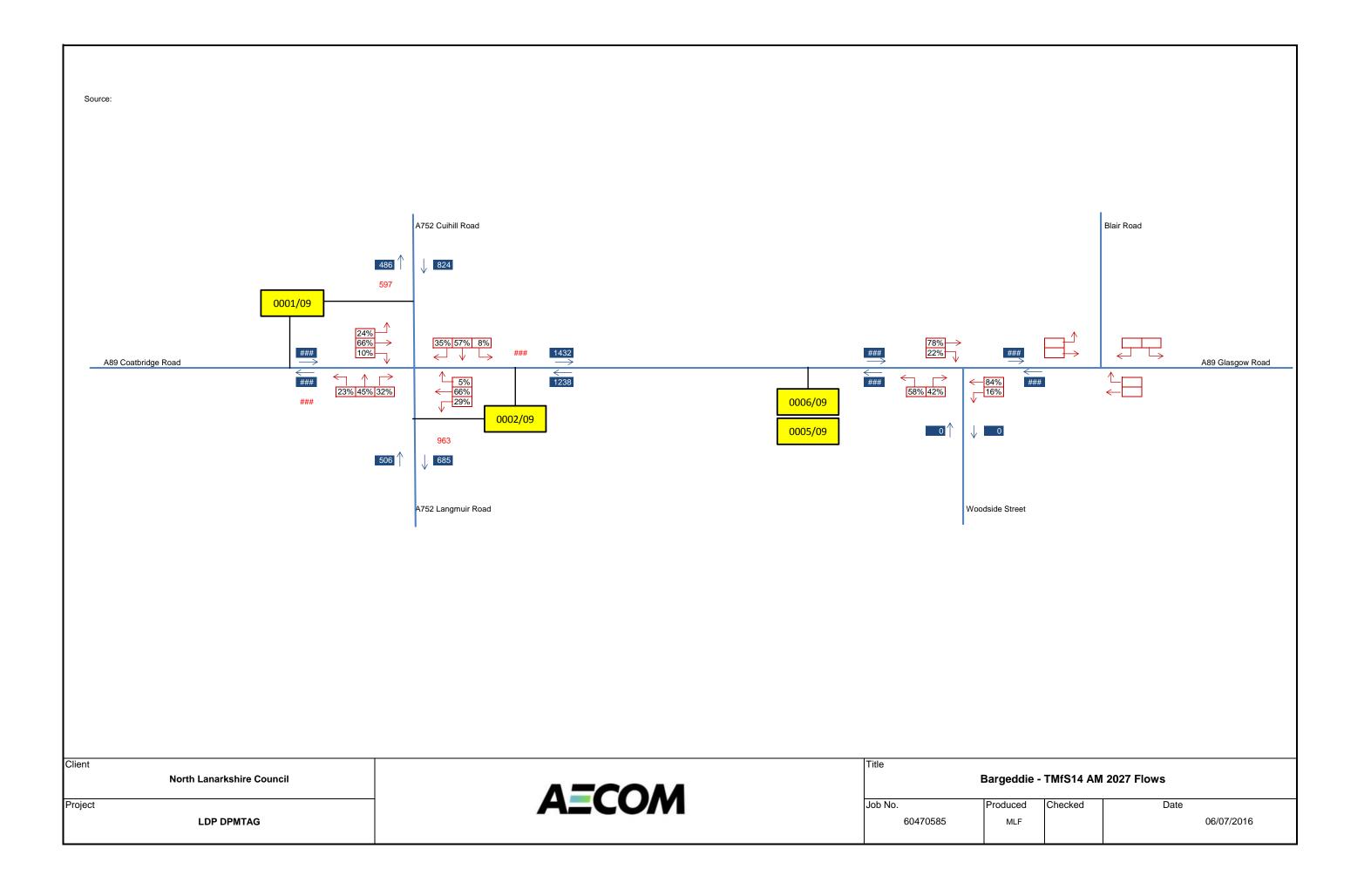


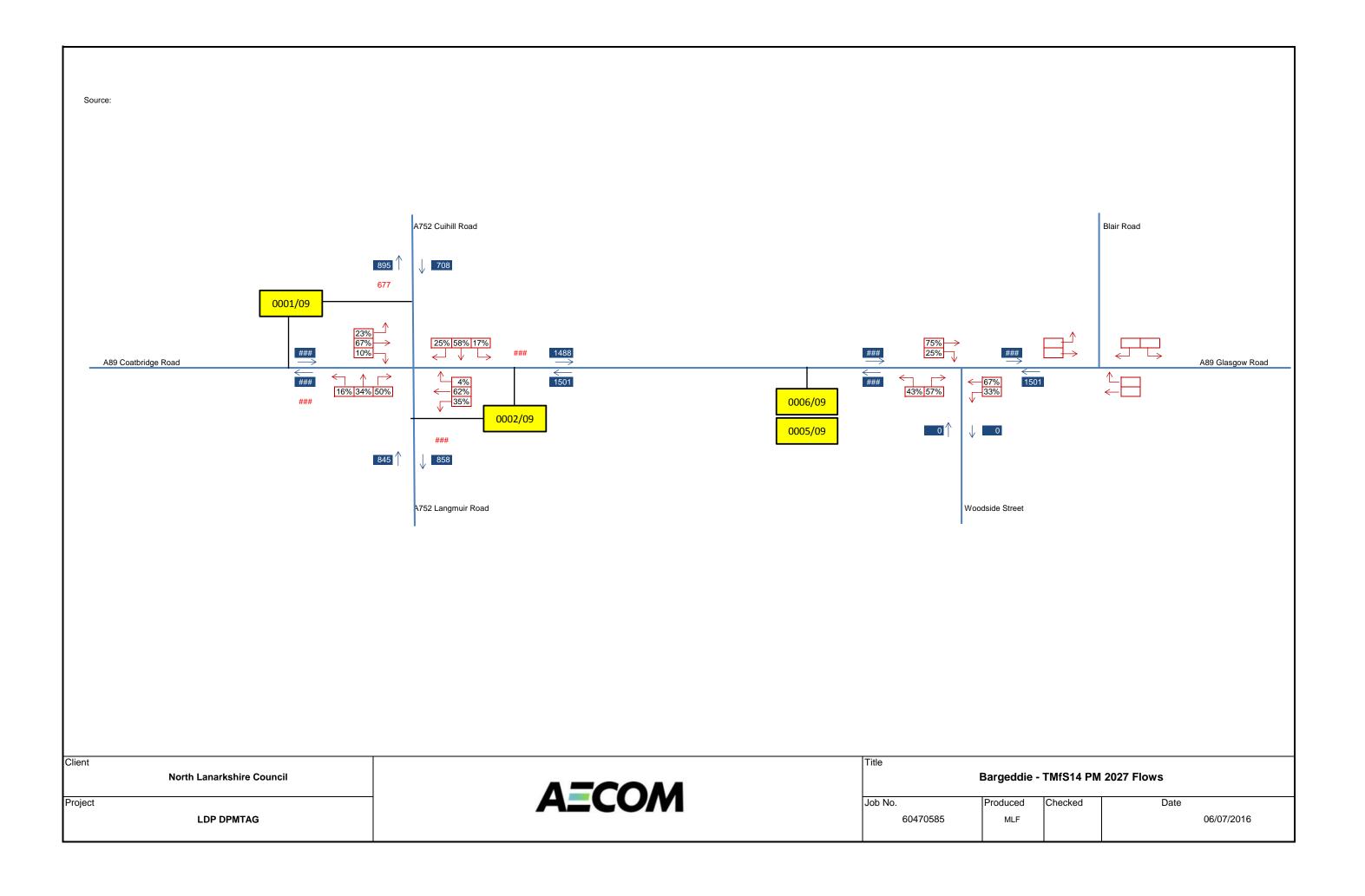


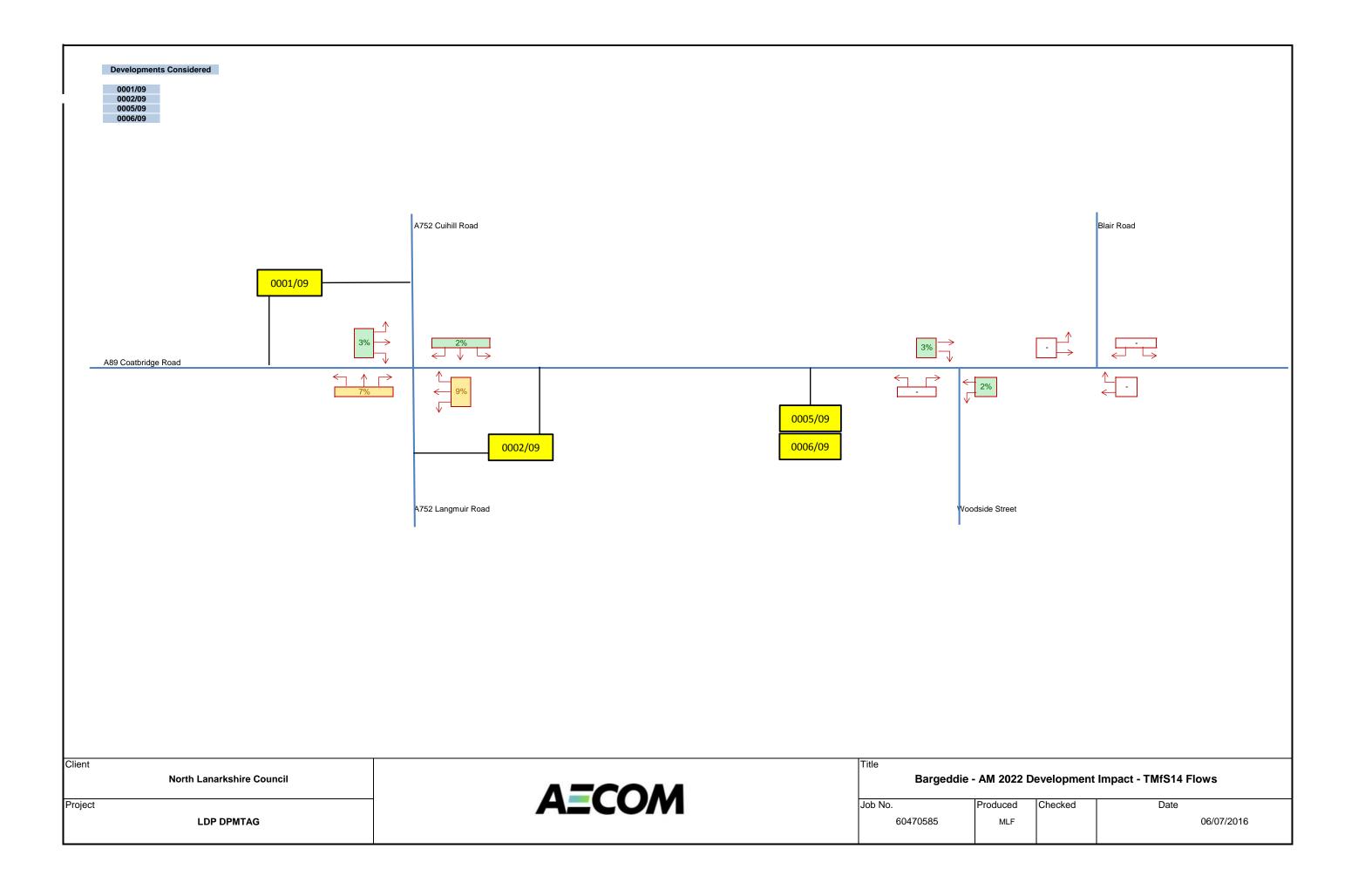


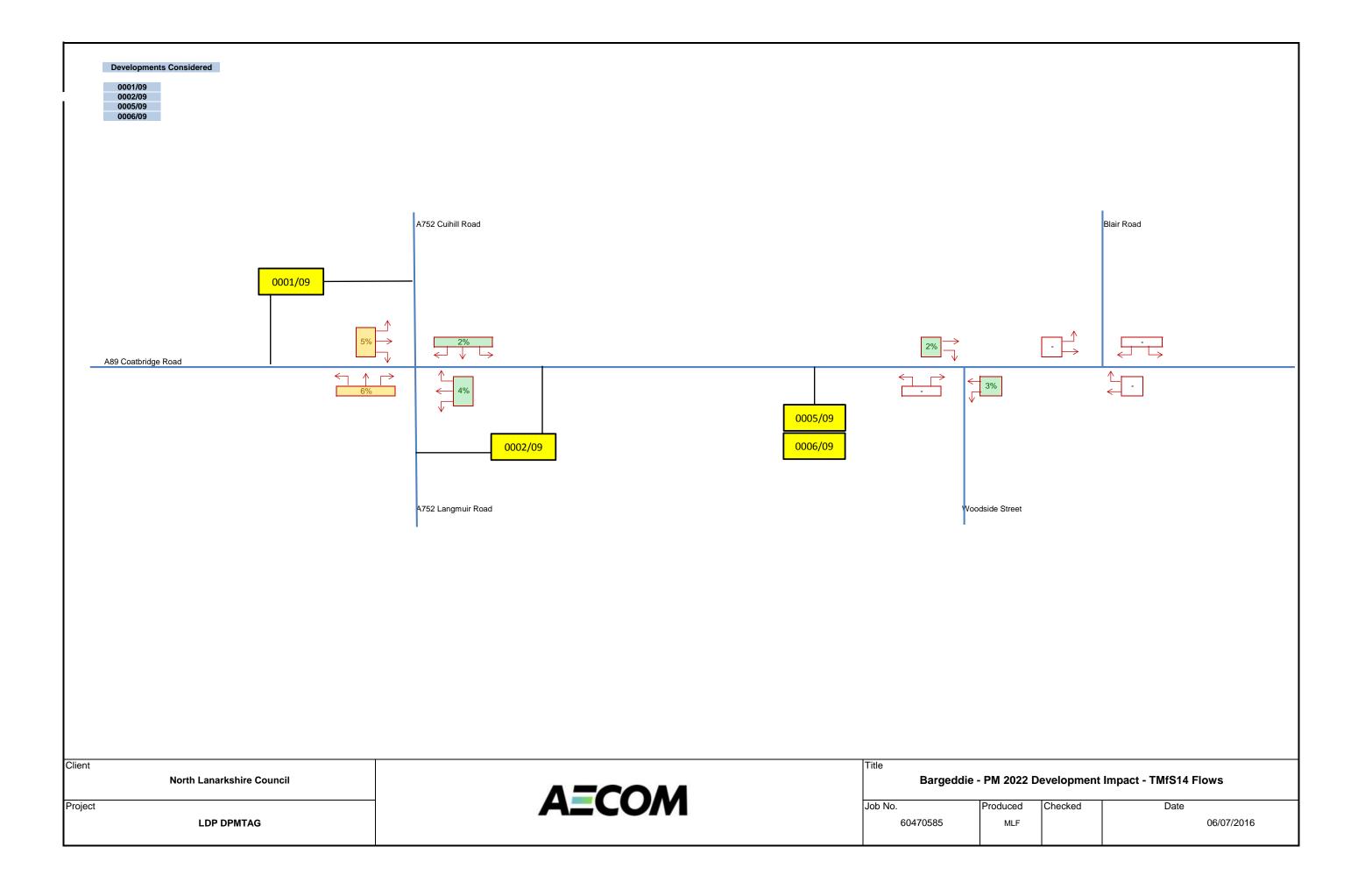


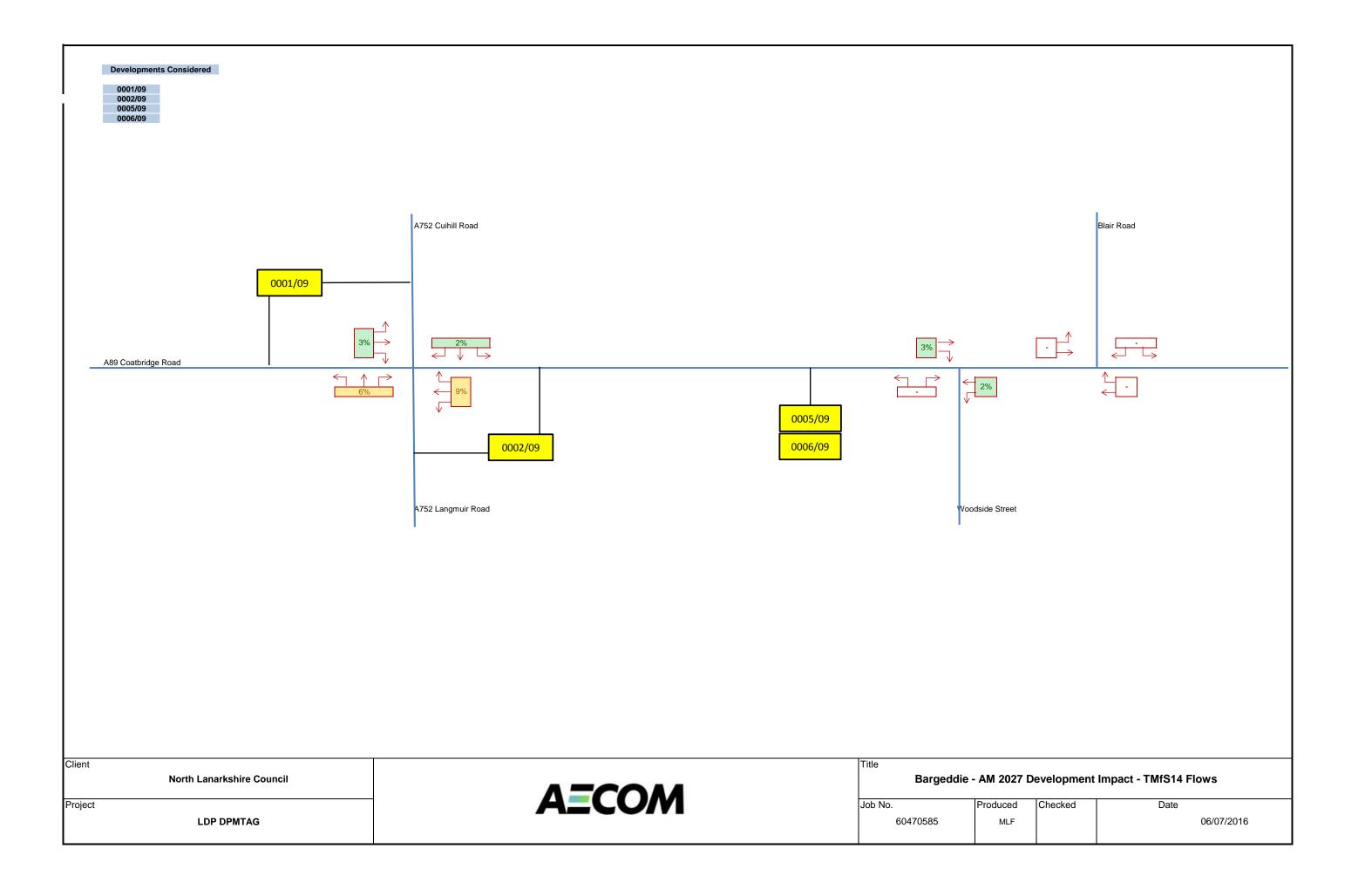


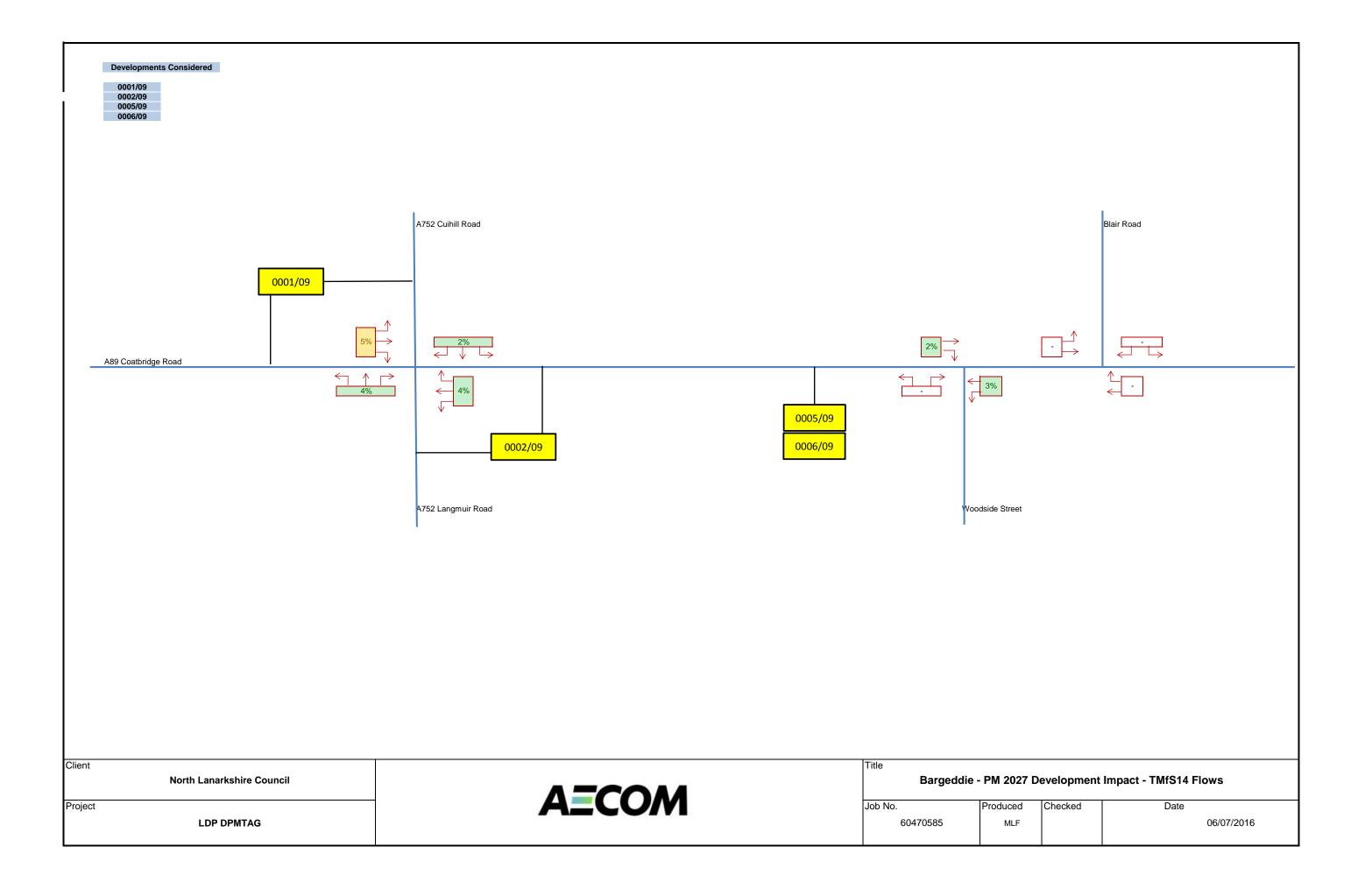












| Future Year | 2022 | 2027 | 2022 | 2027 | | Base Year | 2014 | 2015 | 2015 | | Low Growth | 1.070 | 1.098 | 1.058 | 1.086 | #N/A | #N/A | | High Growth | 1.129 | 1.199 | 1.109 | 1.178 | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A |

NETWORK FLOW DIAGRAMS

INDEX	SOURCE
AM Base'!A1	15 01792 PPP-Transportation Assessment July 2014-511900.pdf
PM Base'!A1	Columba High School Draft TA 050216.pdf
15-01792 Dev Proportions'!A1	Columba High School Draft TA 050216.pdf
0004-10 AM Development trips'!A1	
0004-10 PM Development trips'!A1	
0001-10 AM Development trips'!A1	
0001-10 PM Development trips'!A1	
15-01792 Dev Proportions (2)!A1	The development trips have been distributed using the same proportions than the trip distribution for the development
0007-11 AM Development Trips'!A1	flows from 15/01792/PPP
0007-11 PM Development Trips'!A1	
15-01792 Dev Proportions (3)!!A1	
0002-10 AM Development Trips'!A1	
0002-10 PM Development Trips'!A1	
AM Development Trips'!A1	This NFDs only include the developments selected below
PM Development Trips'!A1	
2022 AM Base'!A1	
2022 PM Base'!A1	Factored Flows
2027 AM Base'!A1	- delications.
2027 PM Base'!A1	
TMfS14 - AM 2022 flows'!A1	
TMfS14 - PM 2022 flows'!A1	TMfS14 flows.xlsx
TMfS14 - AM 2027 flows'!A1	
TMfS14 - PM 2027 flows'!A1	

THRESHOLD ASSESSMENT

Select developments:

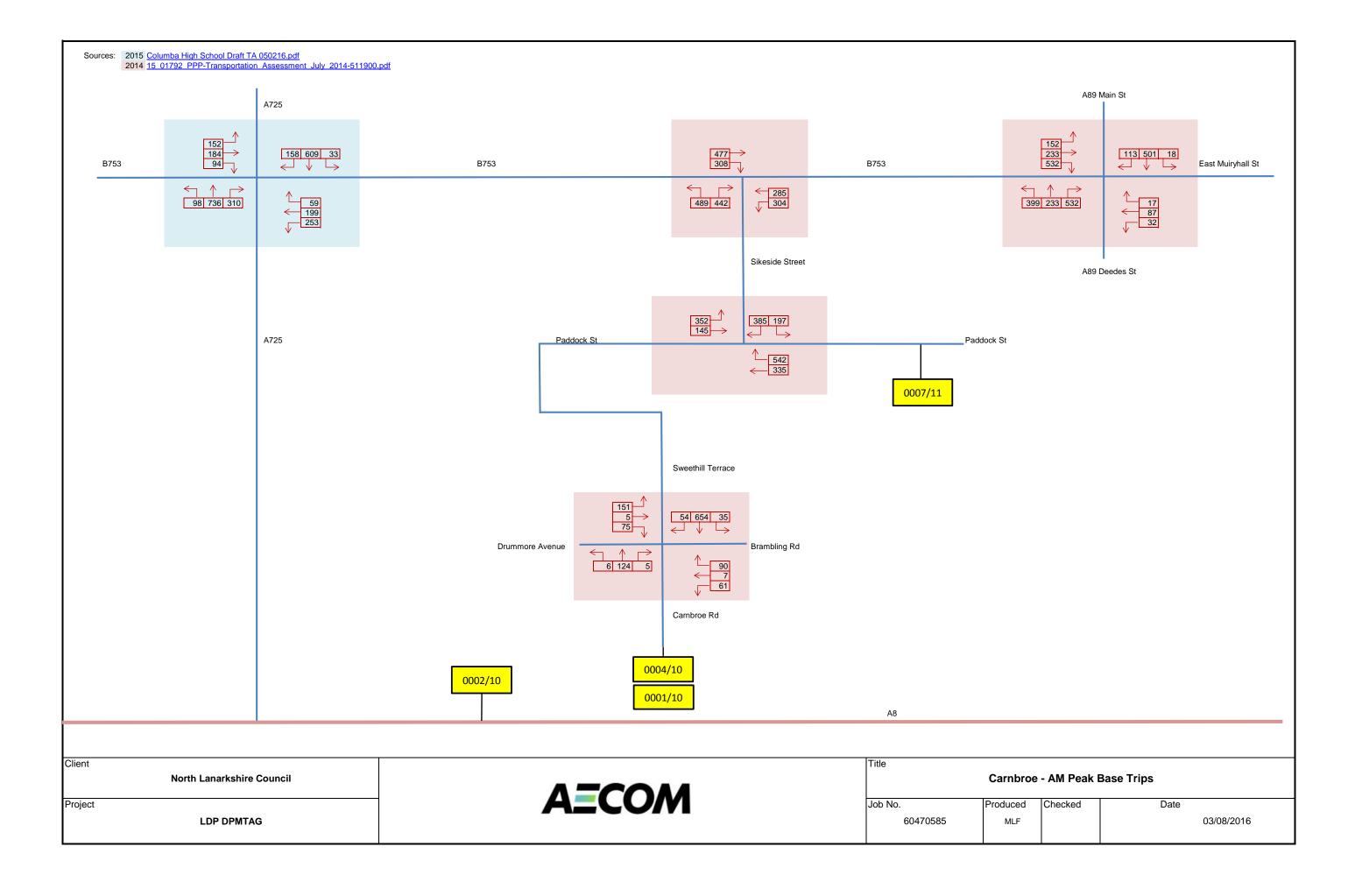
0007/11	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$			
0001/10	✓			
0002/10	✓			
0004/10	✓			

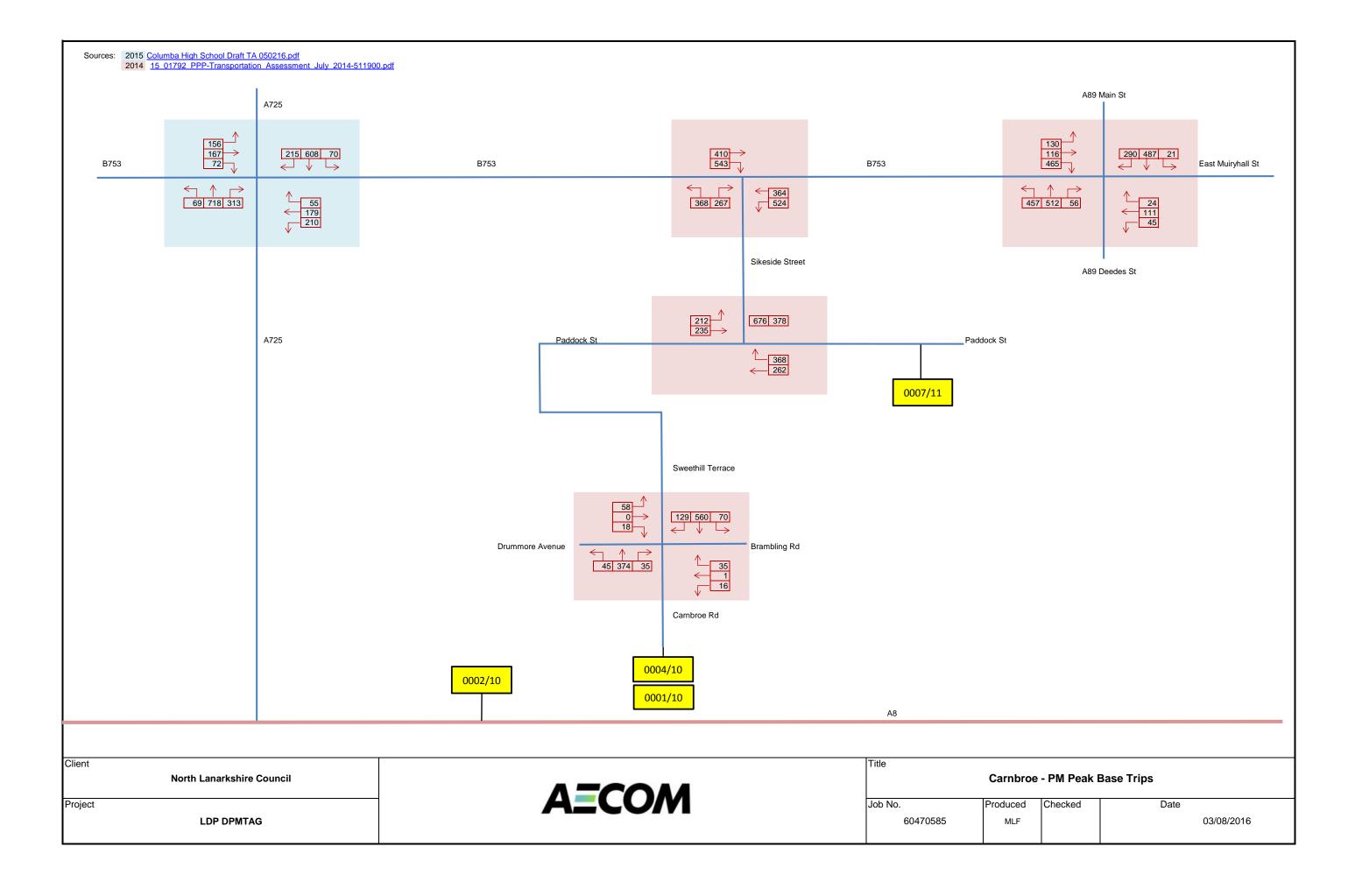
Graphical Results

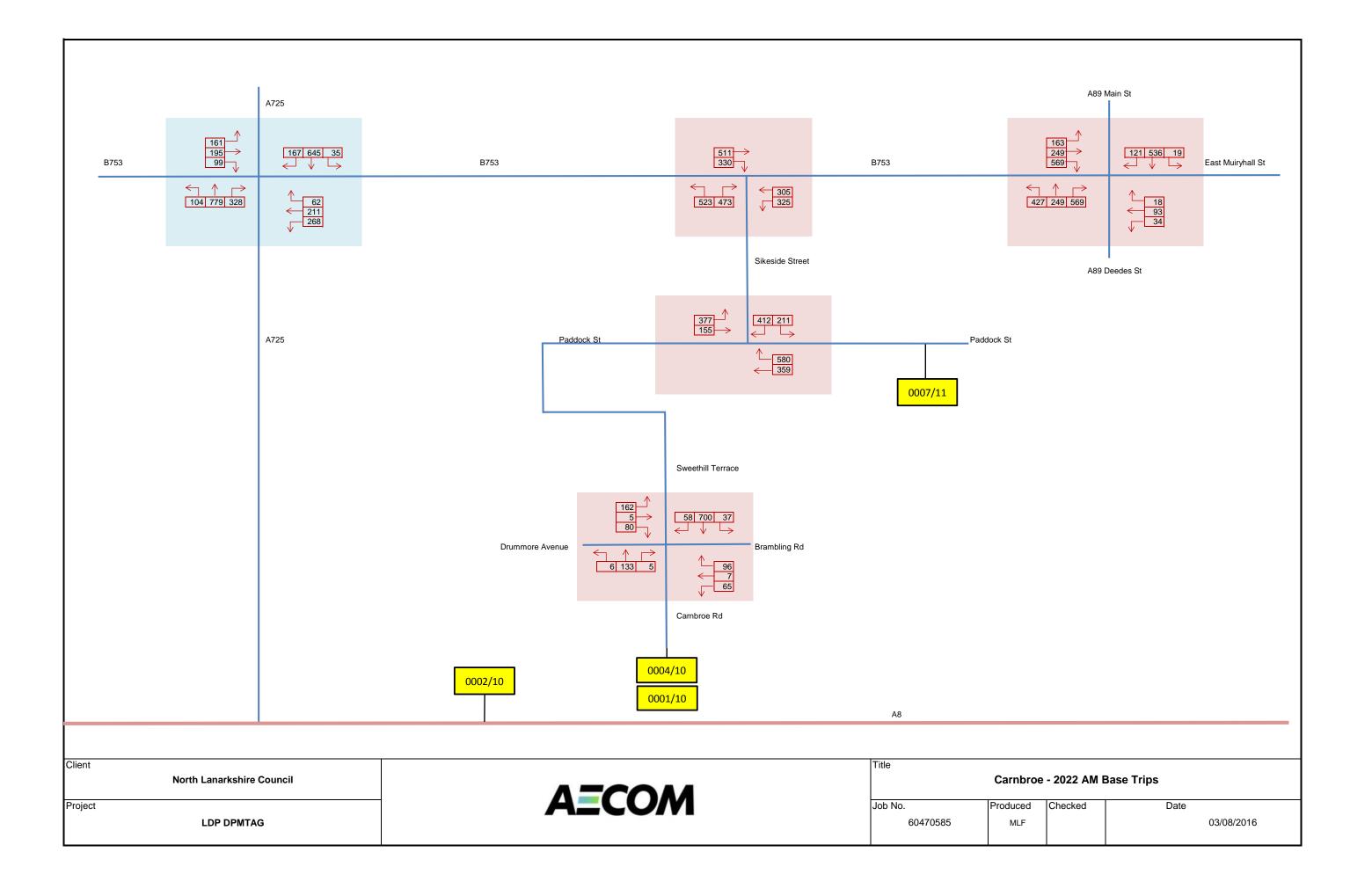
Graphical Results
2022 AM Development Impact TA!A1
2022 PM Development Impact TA'!A1
2027 AM Development Impact TA'!A1
2027 PM Development Impact TA'!A1
2022 AM Development Impact TMfS'!A1
2022 PM Development Impact_TMfS'IA1
2027 AM Development Impact TMfS'!A1
2027 PM Development Impact, TMfSIA1

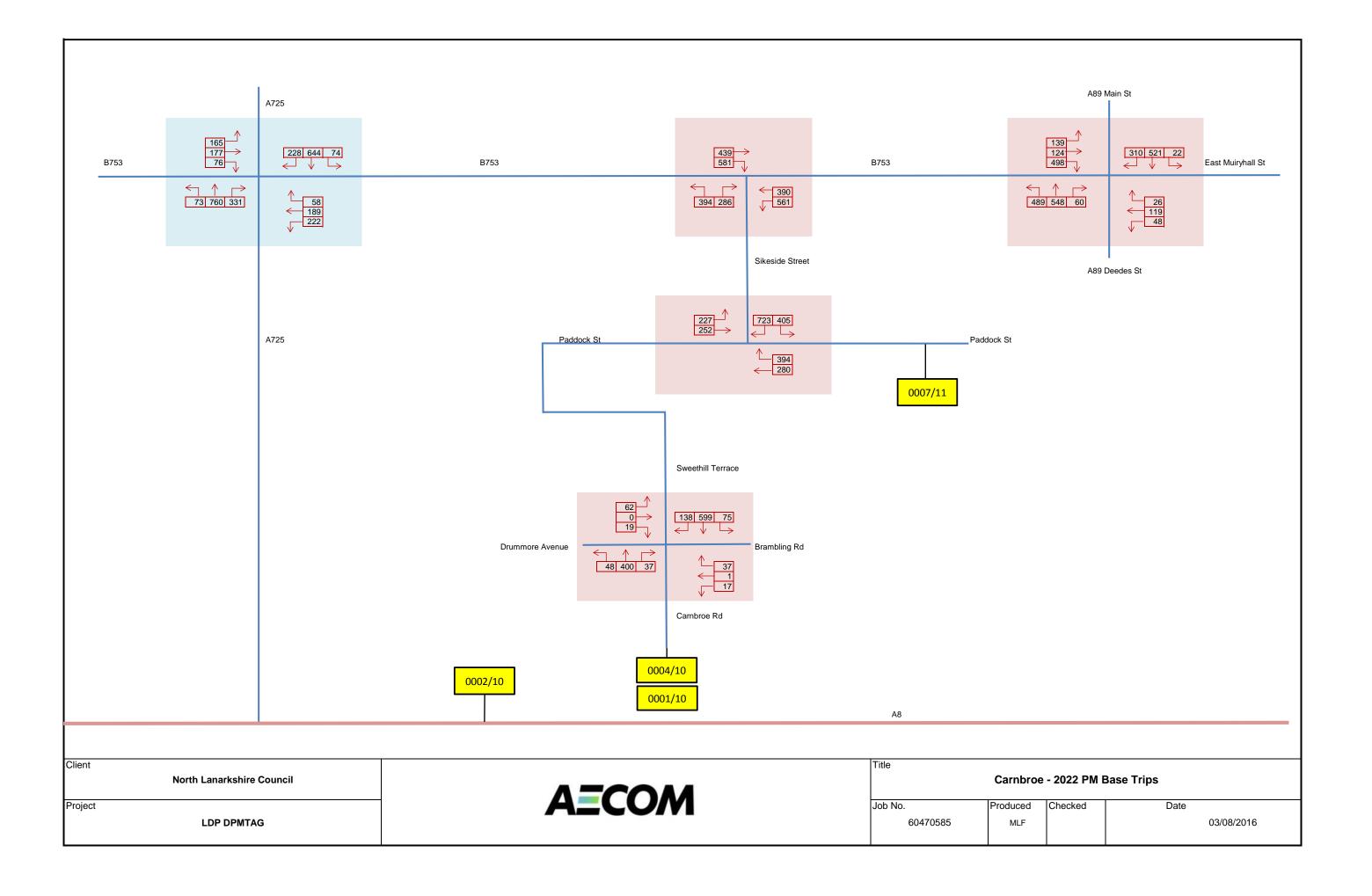


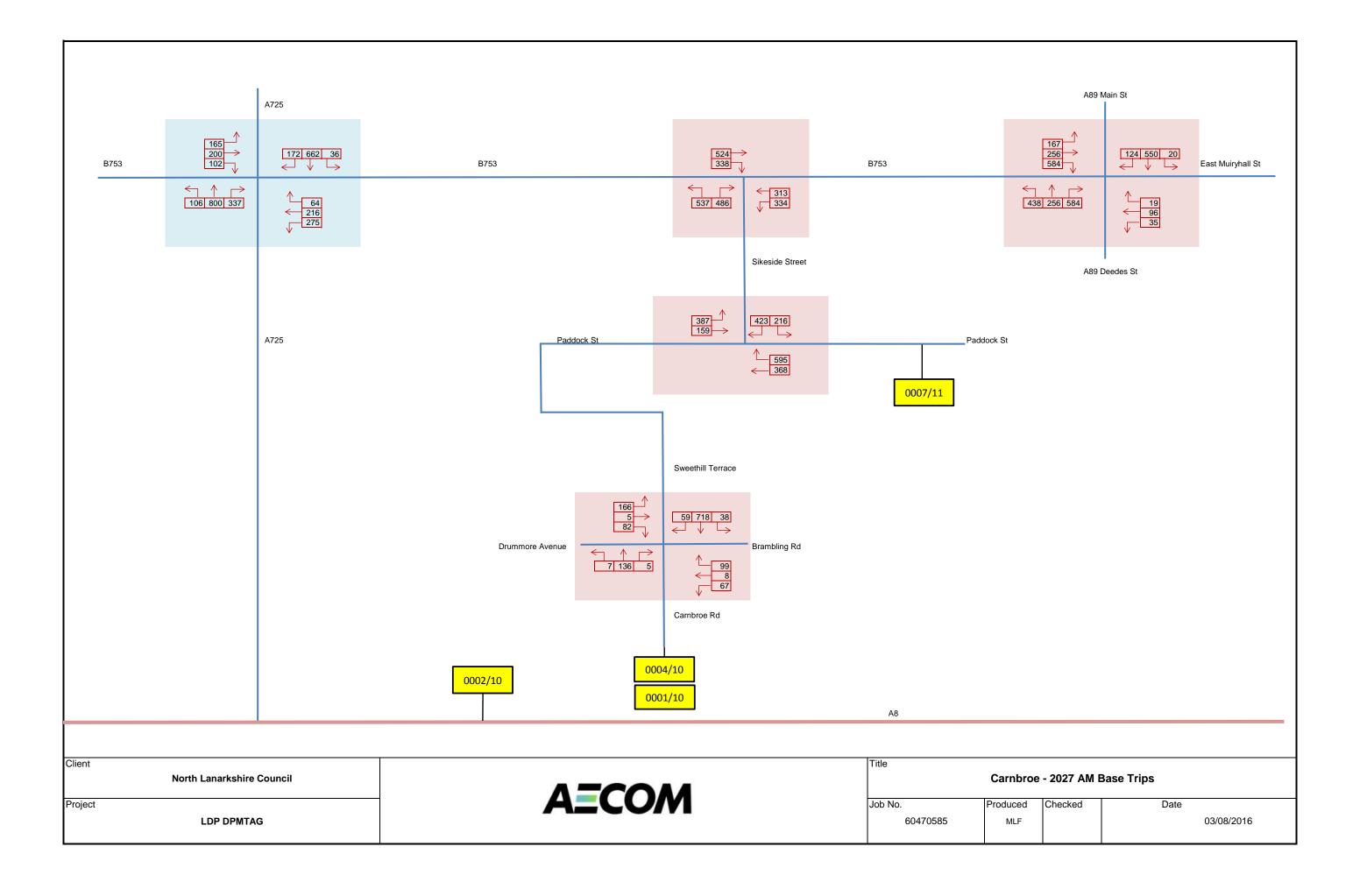
Results				TA fl	ows			TMfS14	4 flows	
			202	22	202	27	20	22	20	27
Name	Junction Type	Approach	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
		B753 West	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
A725 / B753	Signals	A725 North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
A1237 B133	Signais	Calder Street	9%	3%	8%	3%	7%	3%	7%	3%
		A725 South	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		B753 West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
B753 / Sikeside Street	Roundabout	B753 North	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%	1%	2%	1%
		Sikeside Street	4%	3%	4%	3%	-	-	-	-
	Roundabout	Main Street West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
B753 / Main Street		E Muirhall Street	1%	0%	1%	0%	-	-	-	-
B/33/ Wall Street		Main Street East	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		B753	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%
		Paddock Street West	7%	10%	6%	10%	-	-	-	-
Sikeside Street / Paddock Street	Roundabout	Sikeside Street	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
		Paddock Street East	4%	2%	4%	2%	-	-	-	-
		Drummore Avenue	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Sweethill Terrace / Cambroe Road	Roundabout	Sweethill Terrace	1%	1%	1%	1%	-	-	-	-
Sweethiii Terrace / Carribroe Road	Roundabout	Brambling Road	0%	0%	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
		Carnbroe Road	24%	10%	24%	10%	-	-	-	-

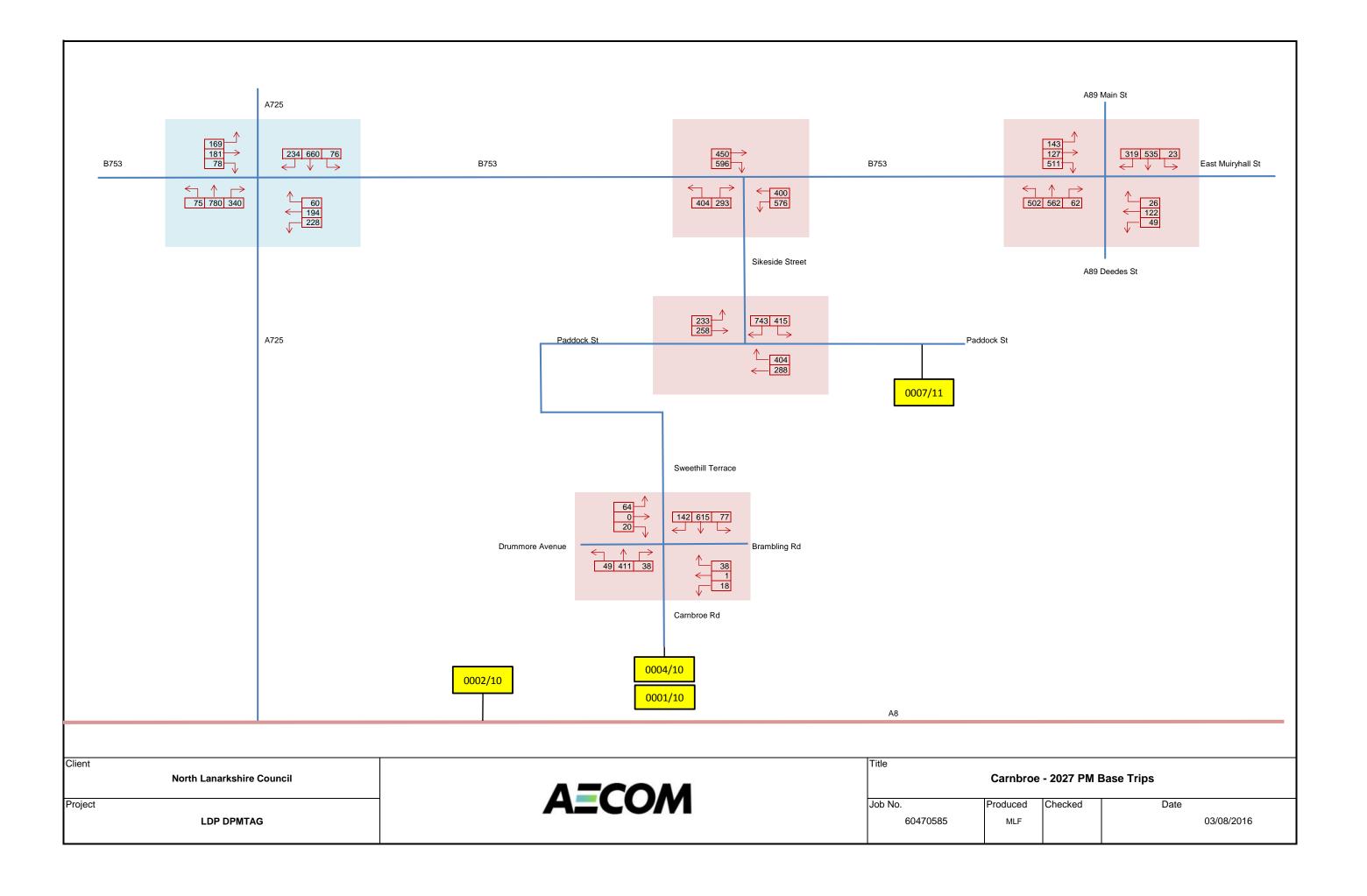


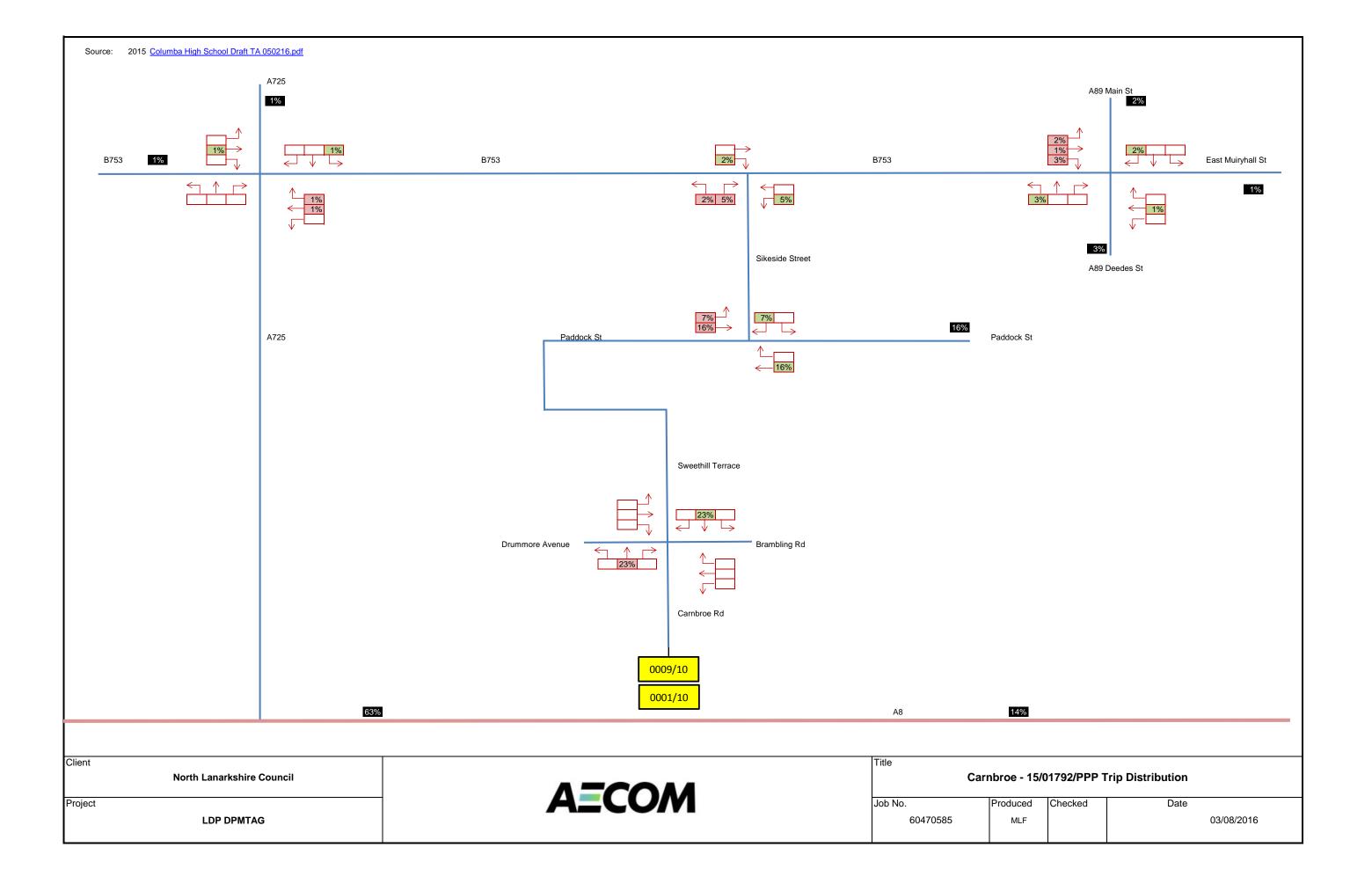


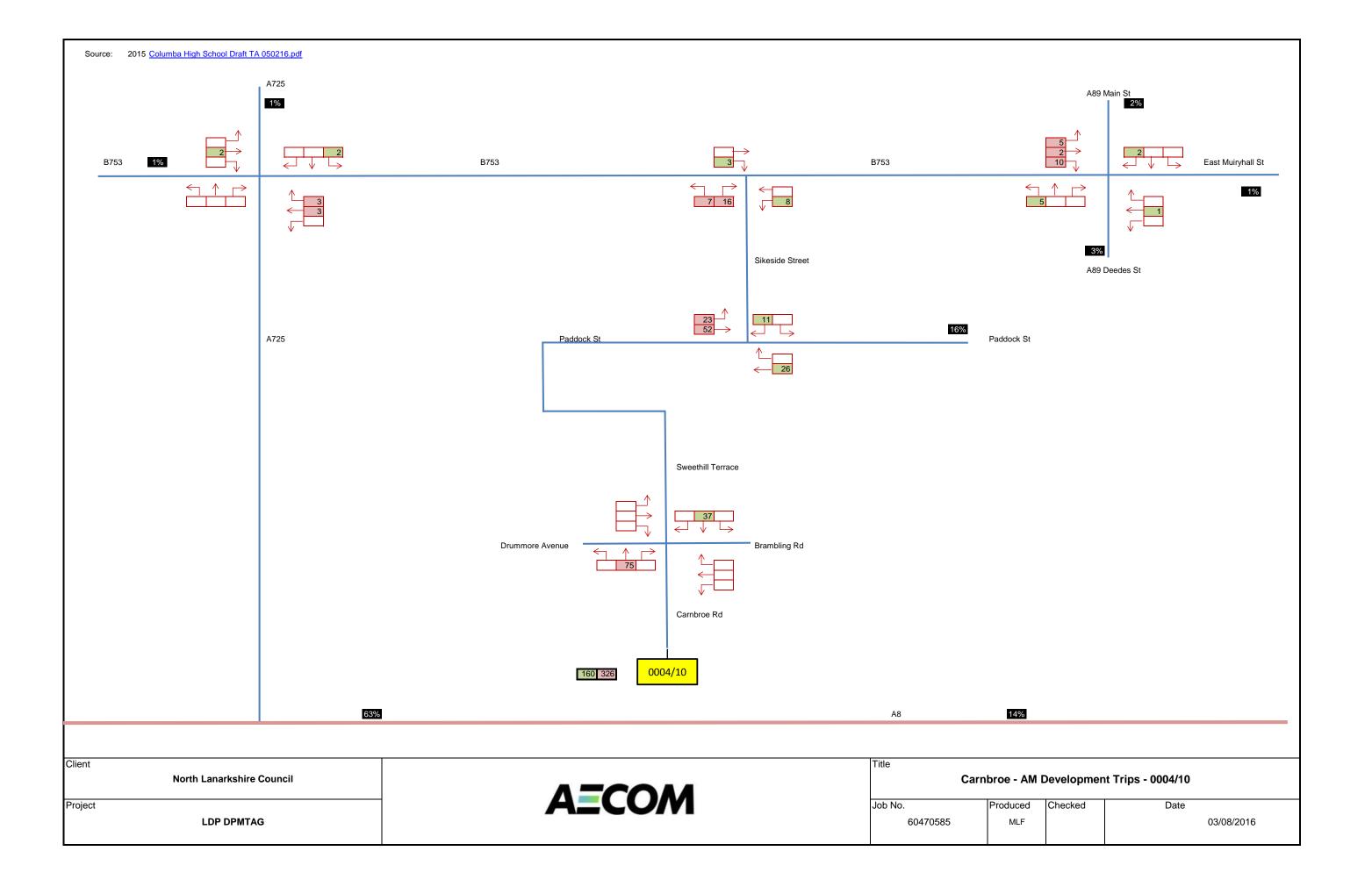


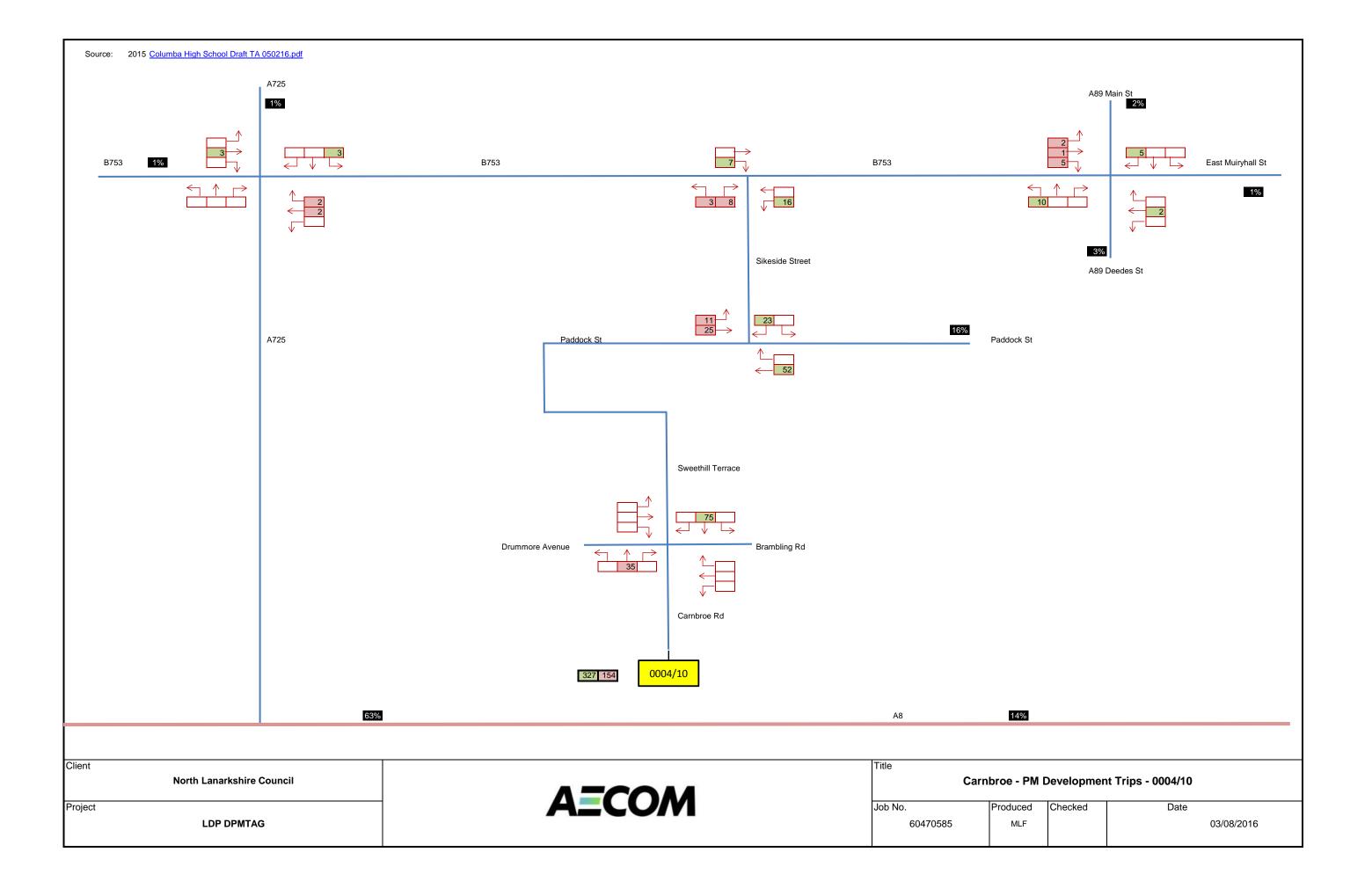


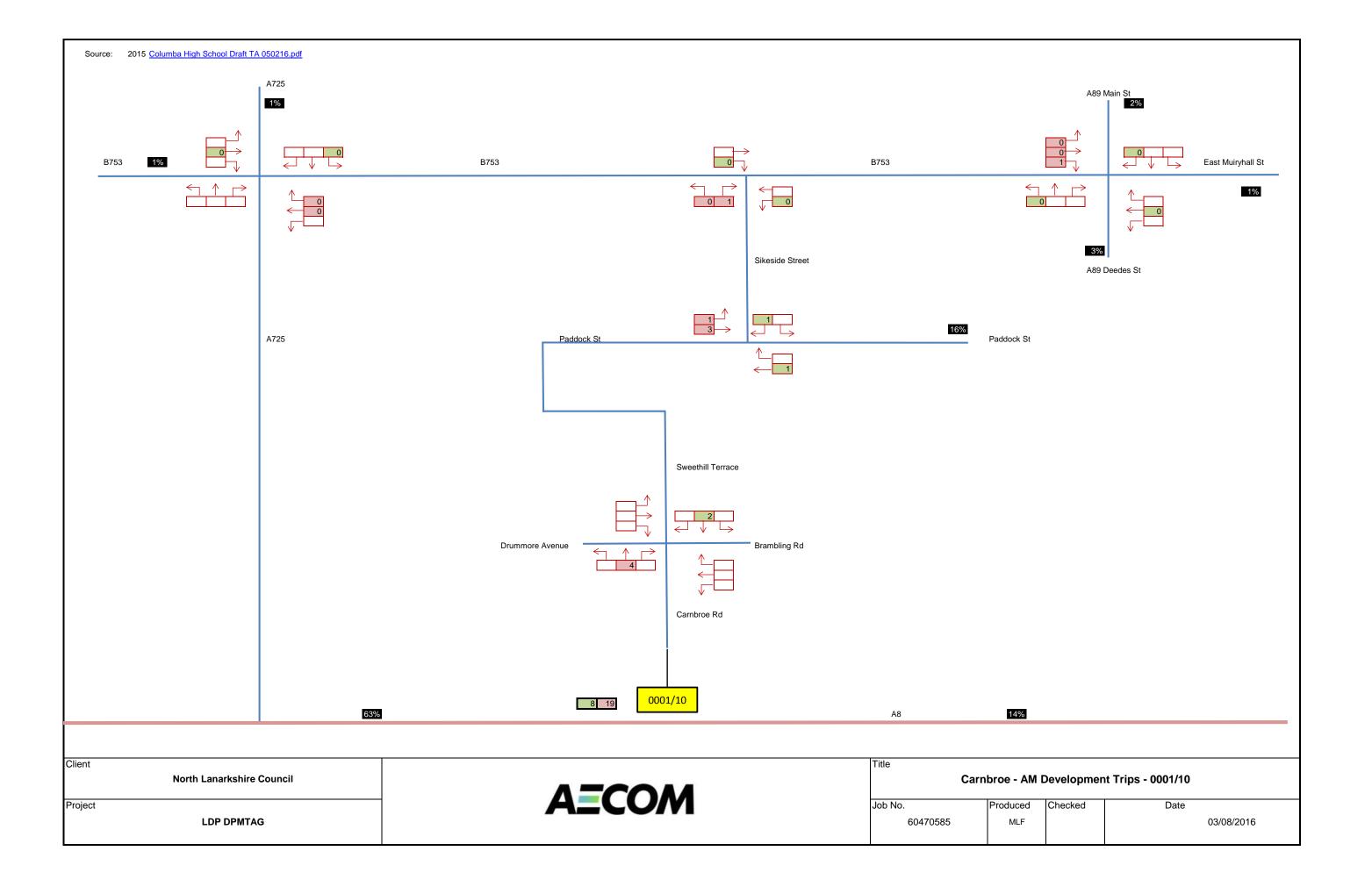


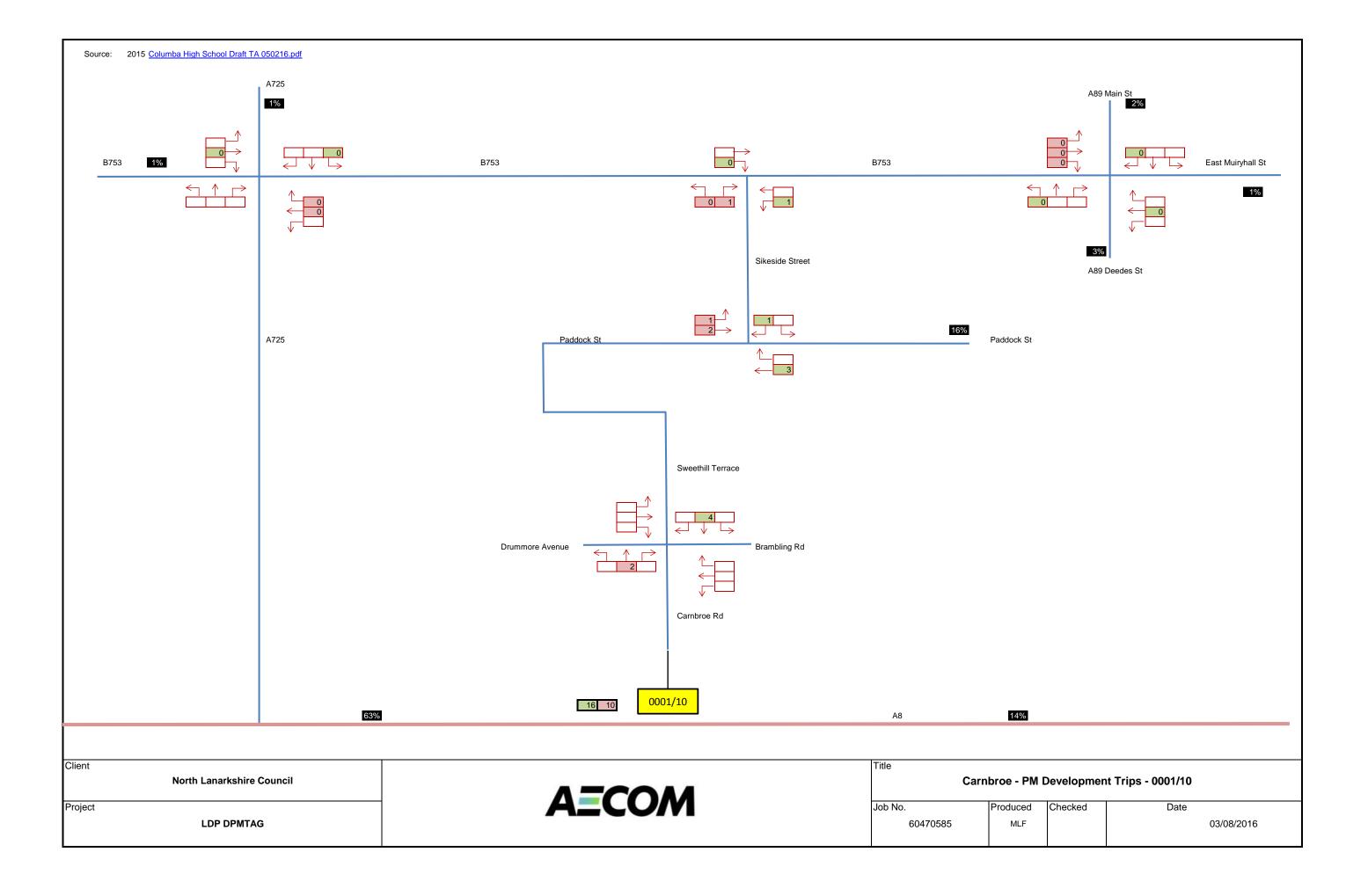


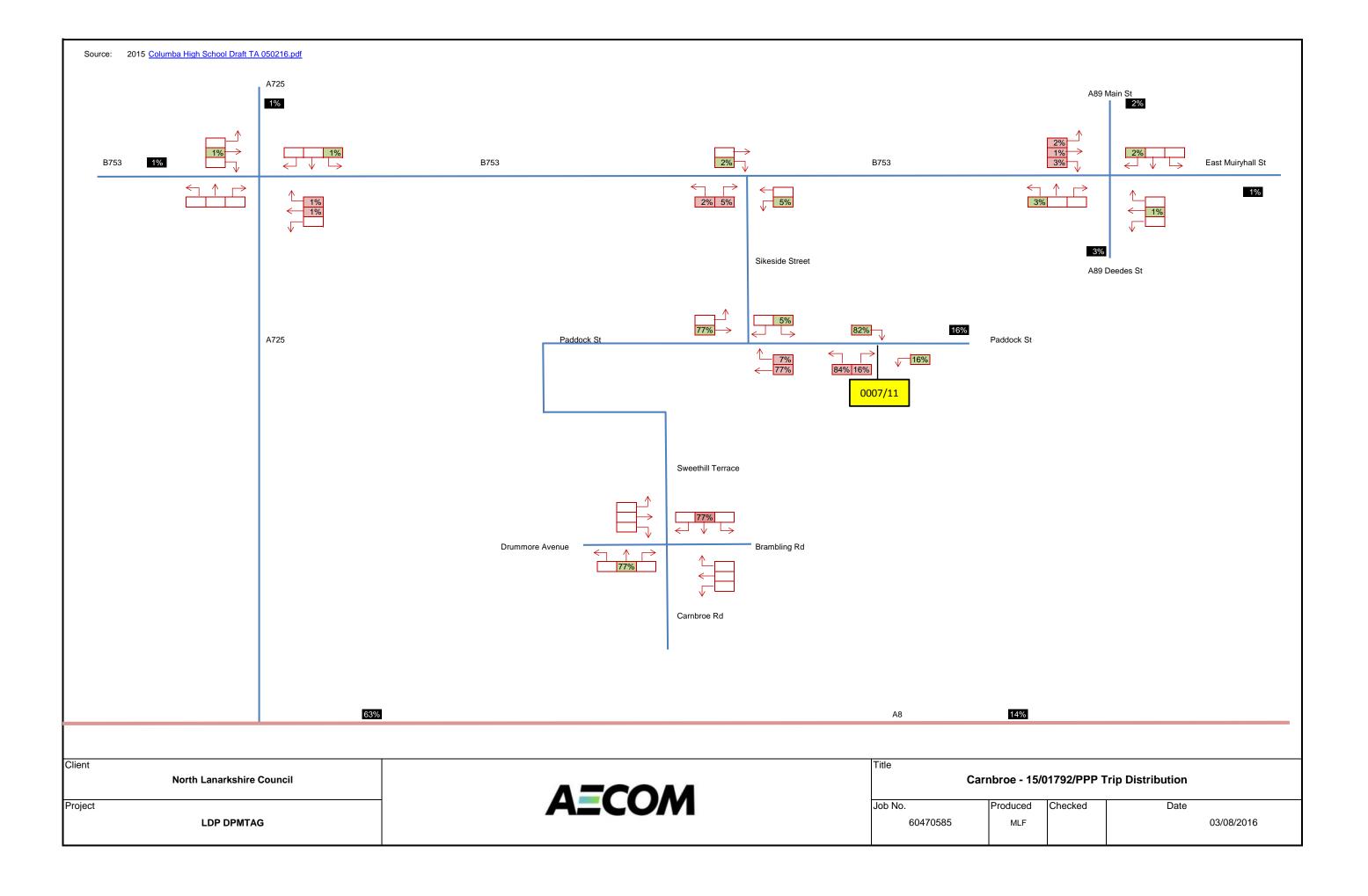


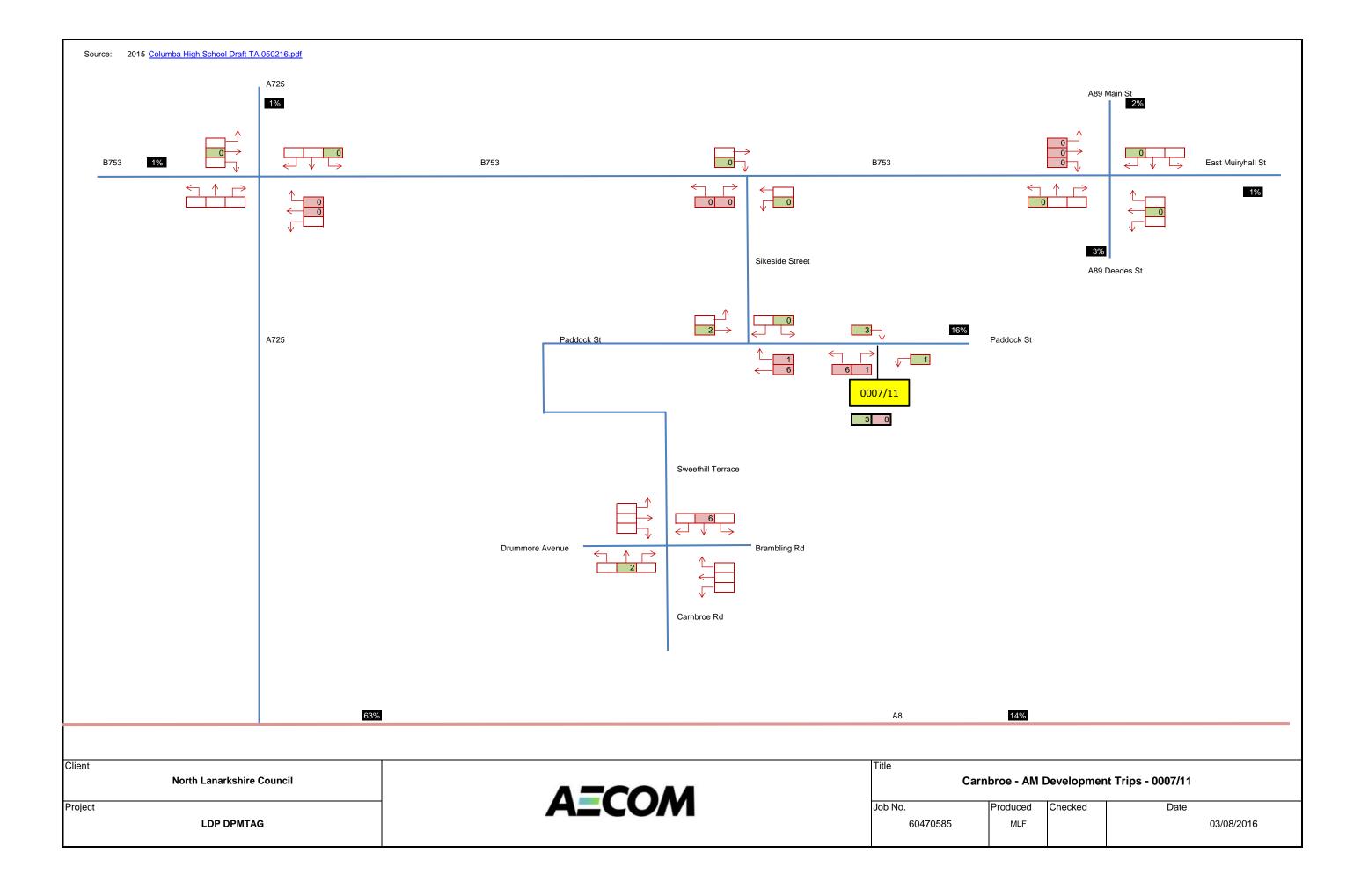


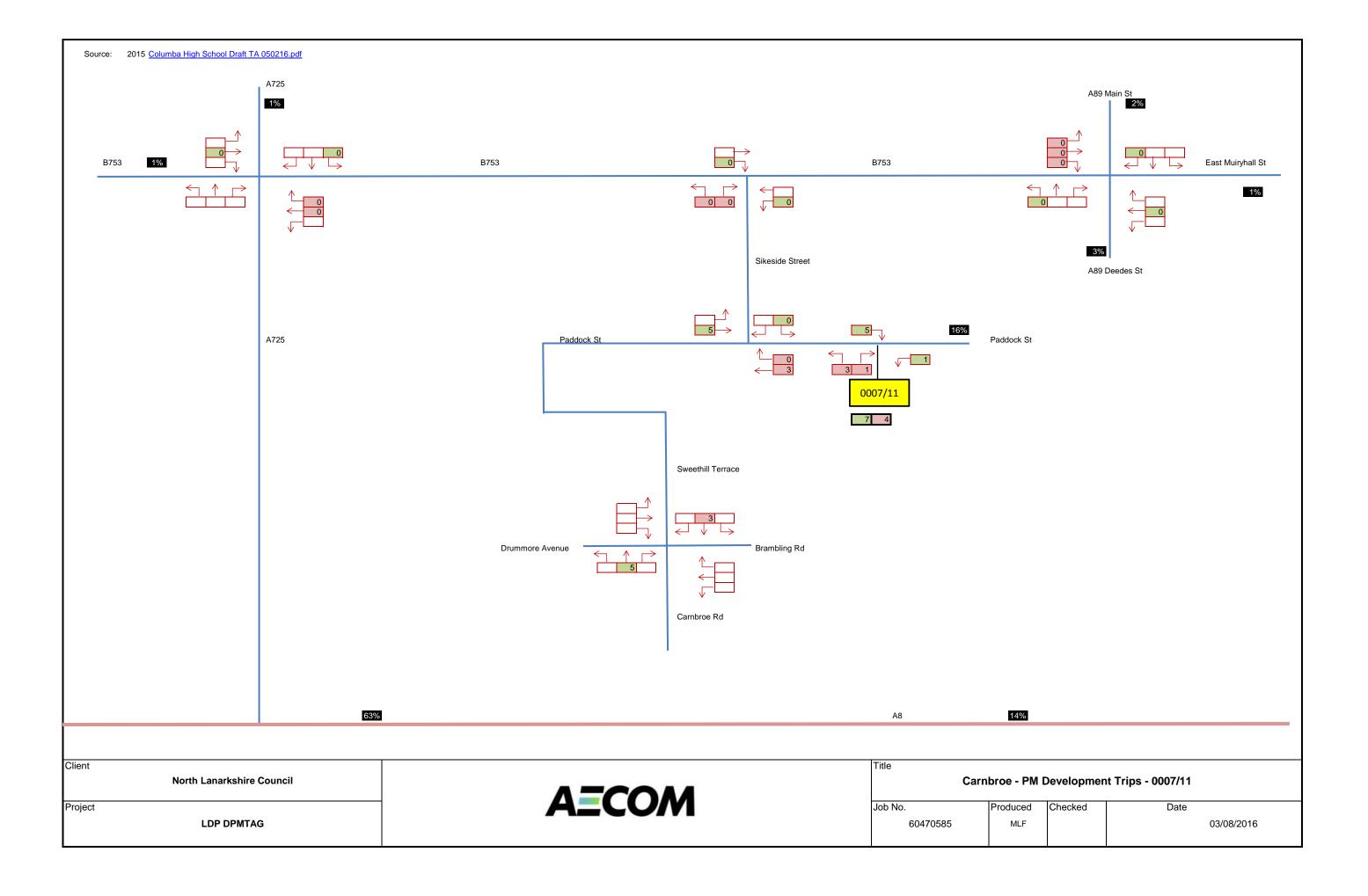


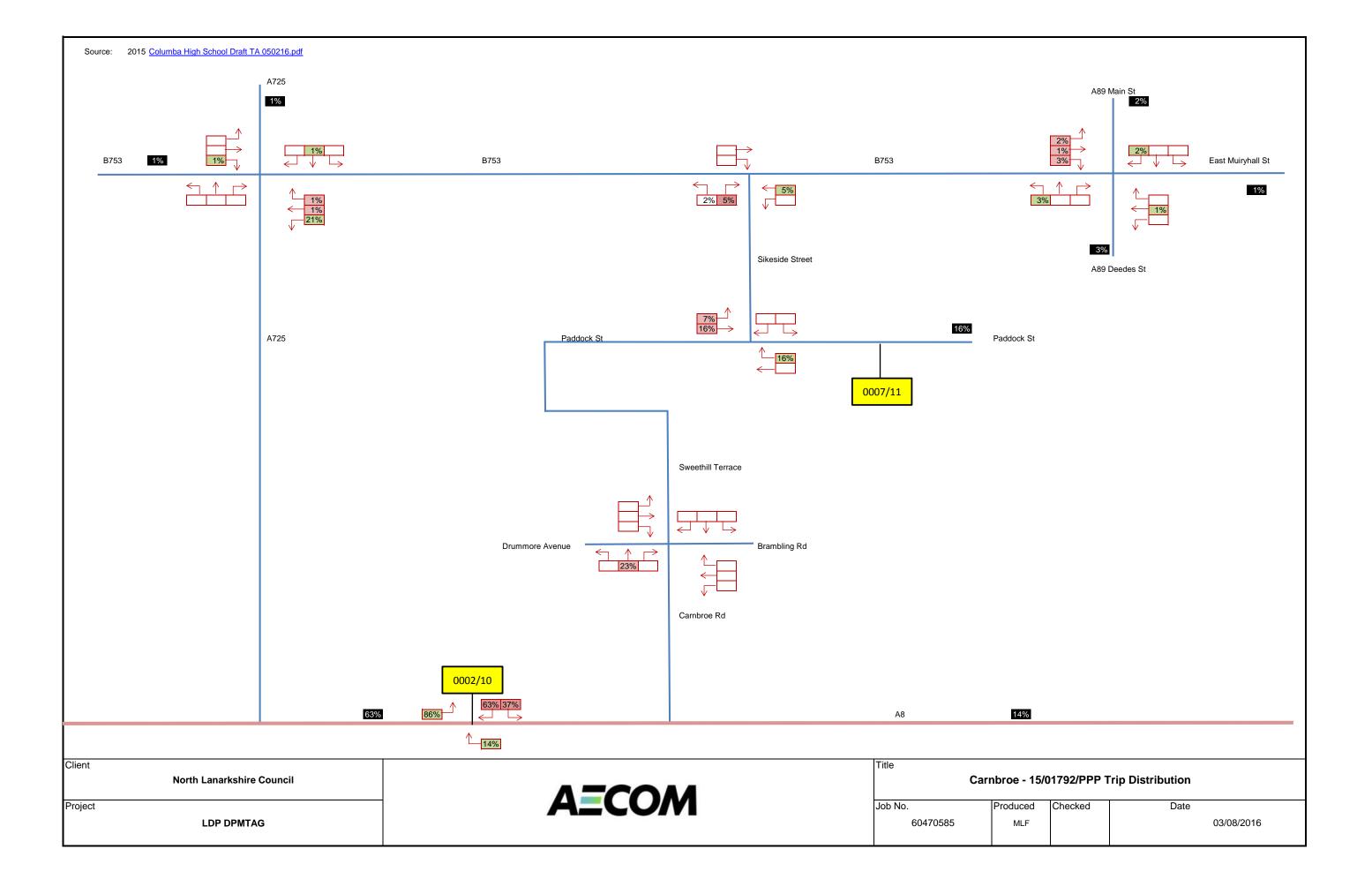


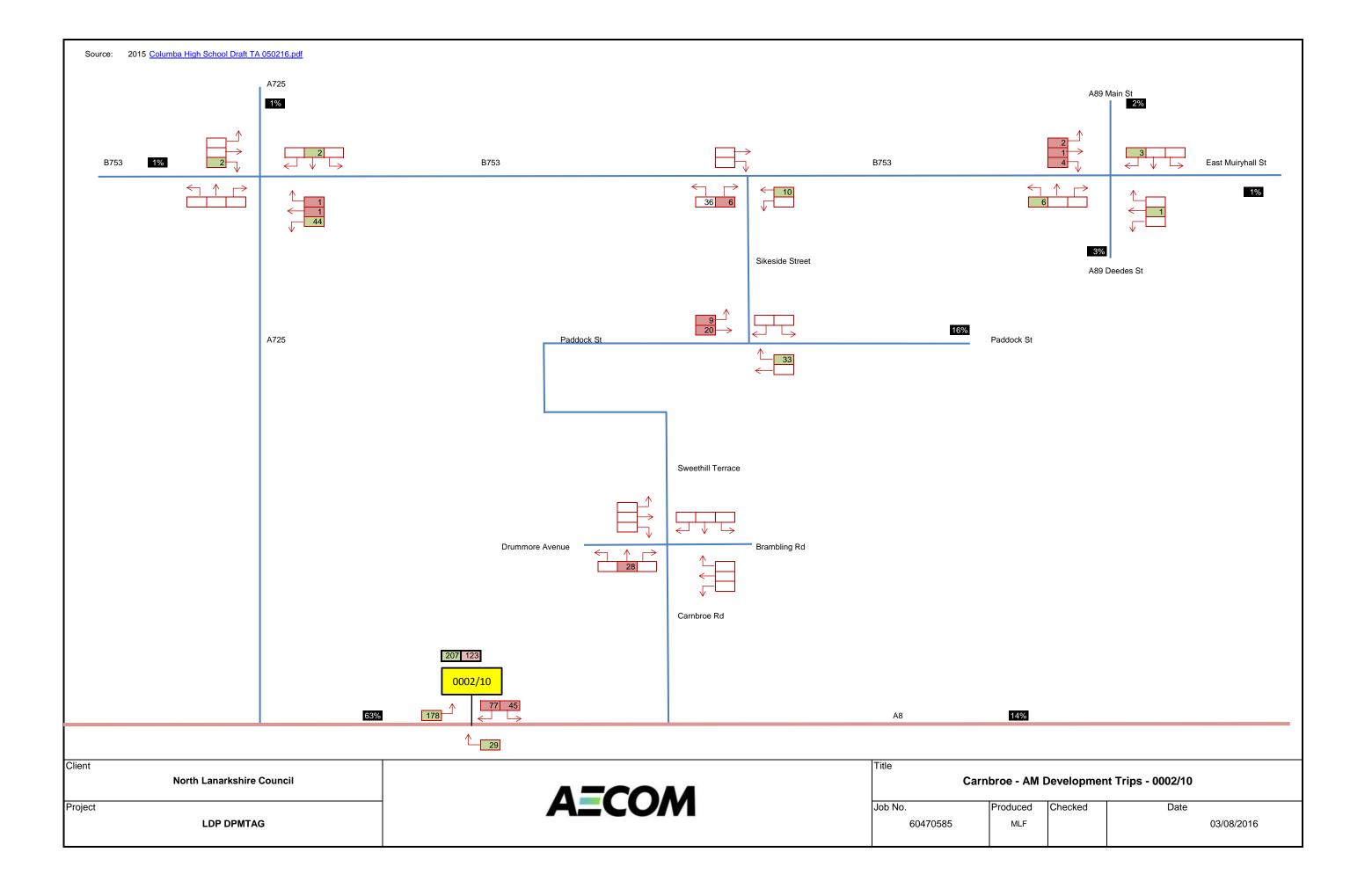


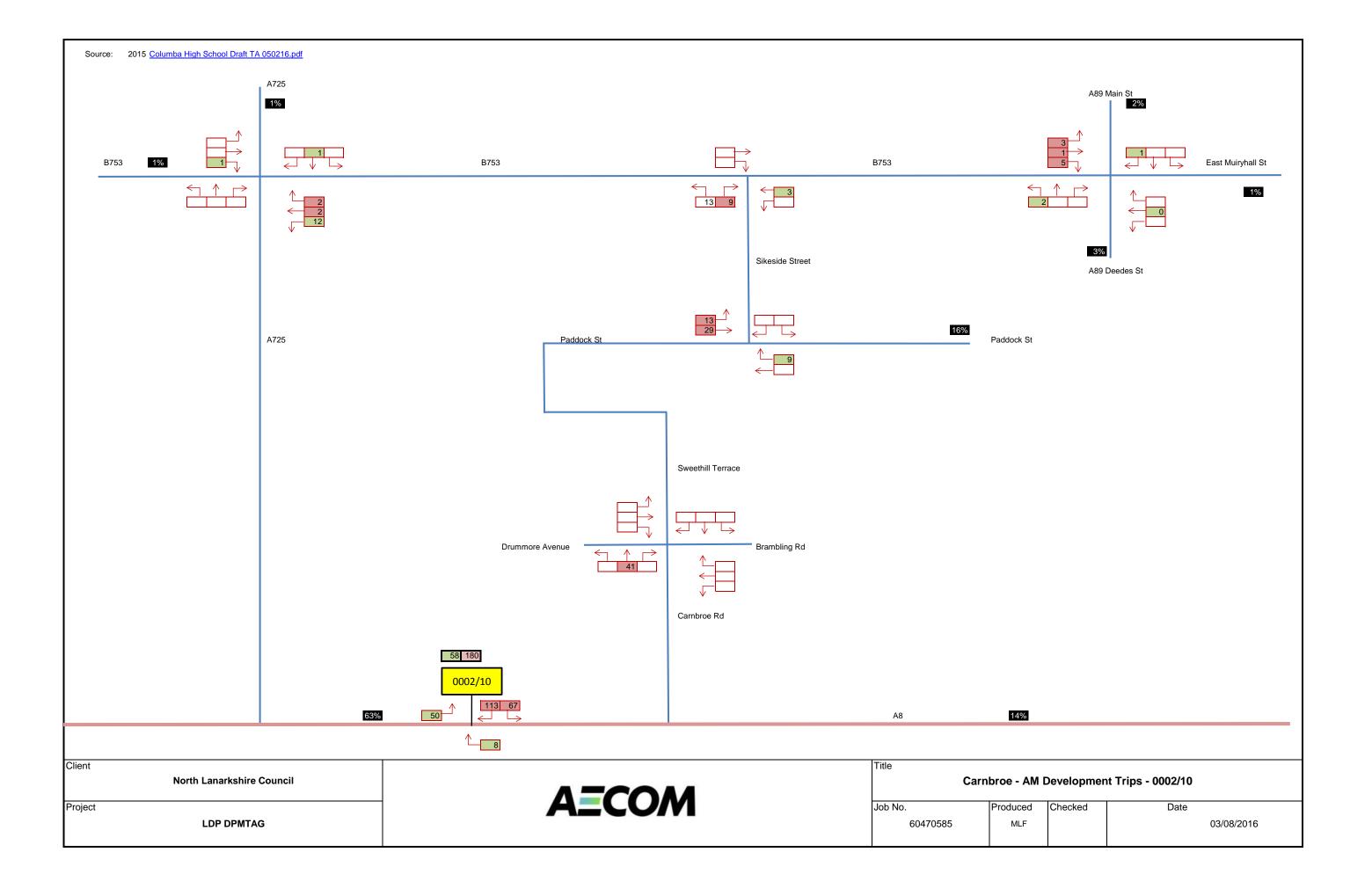


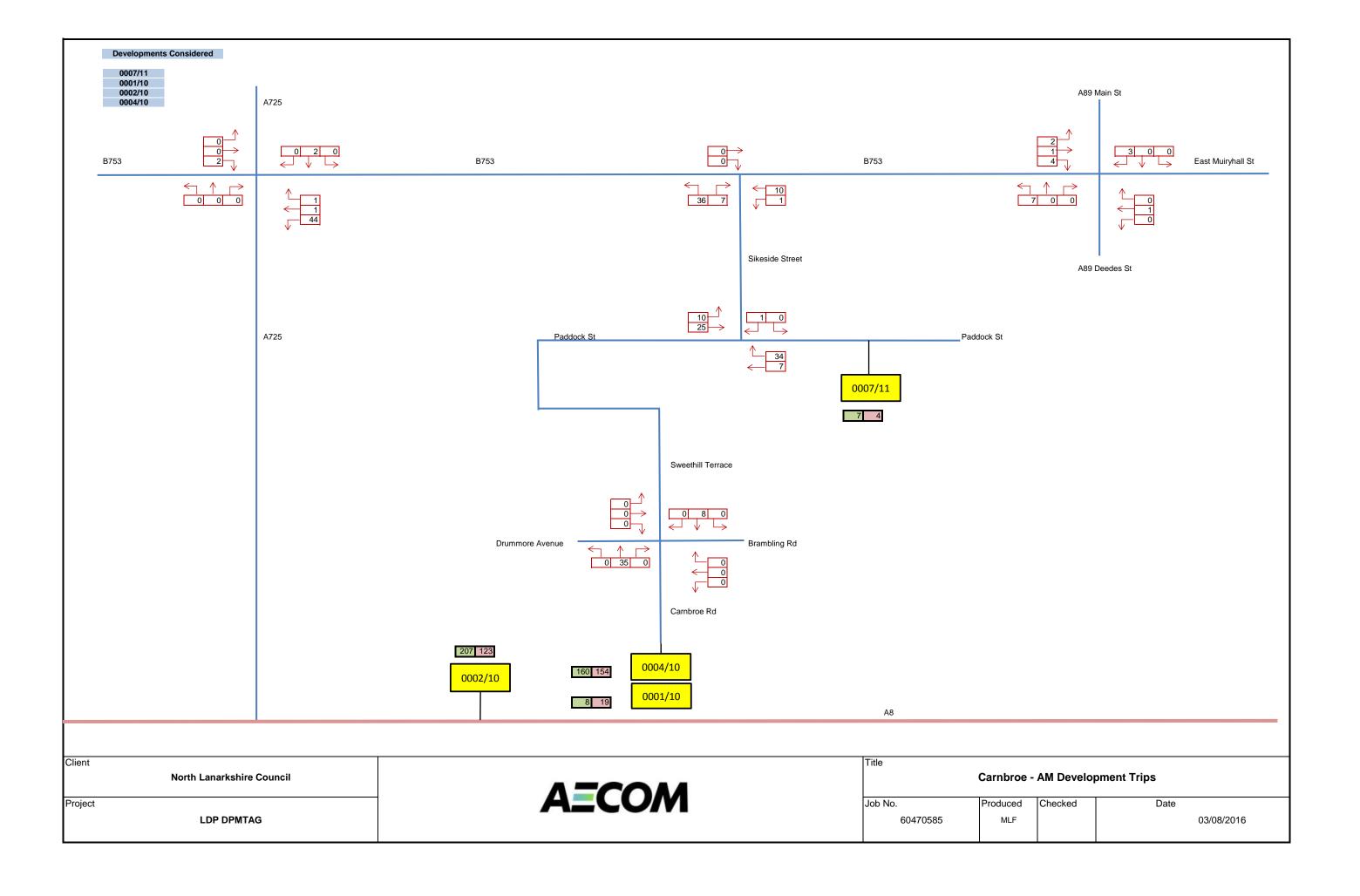


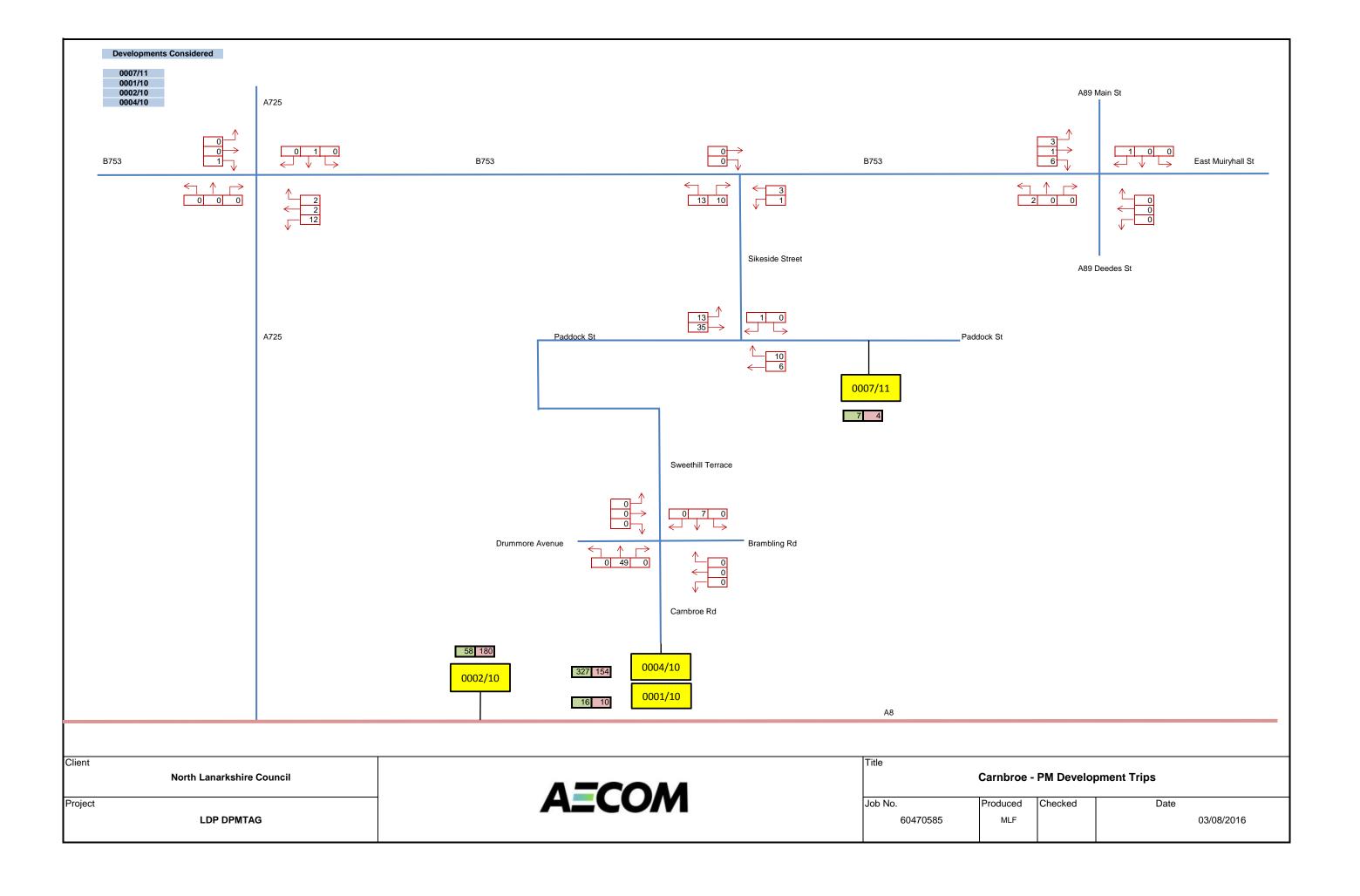


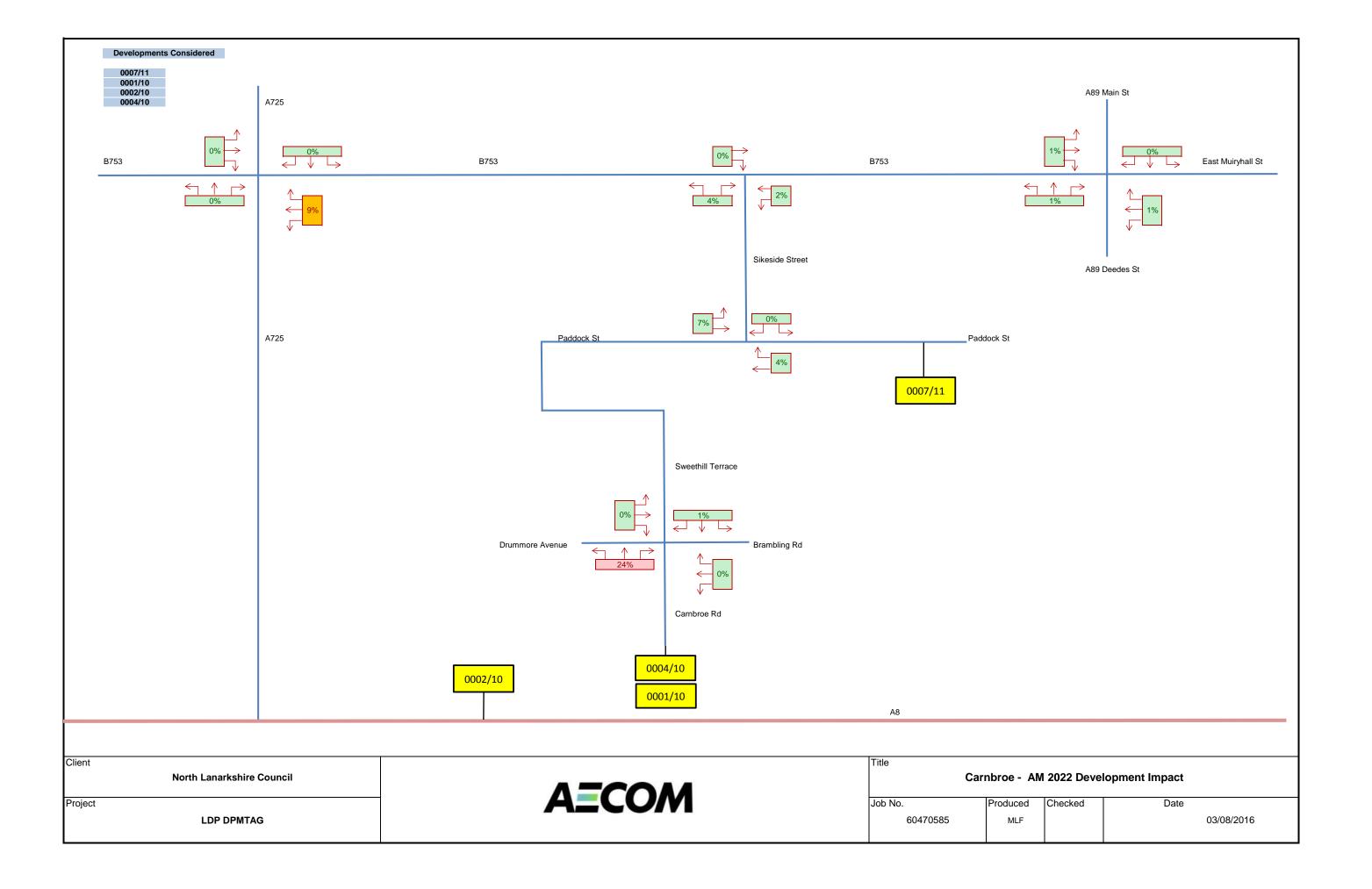


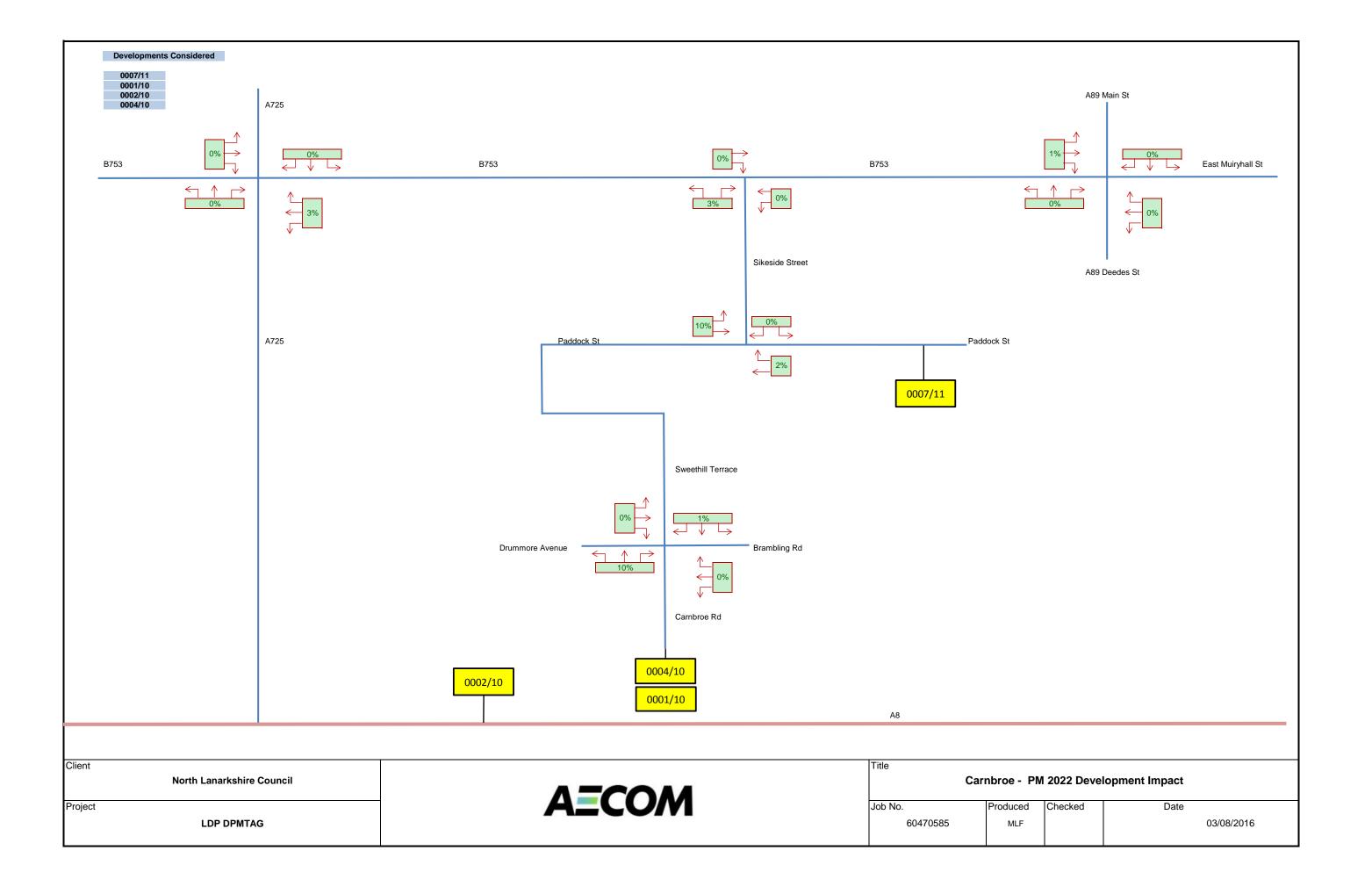


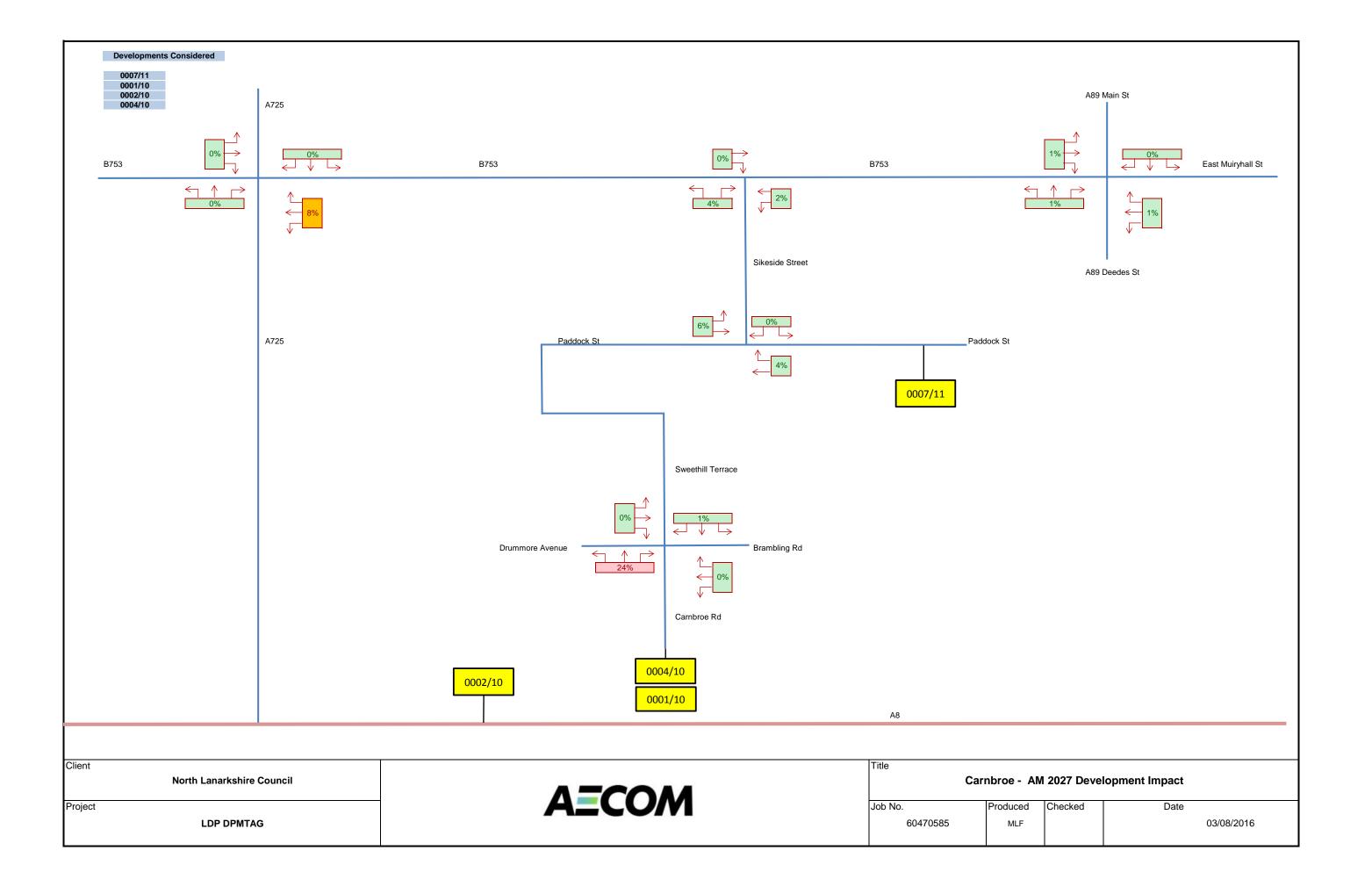


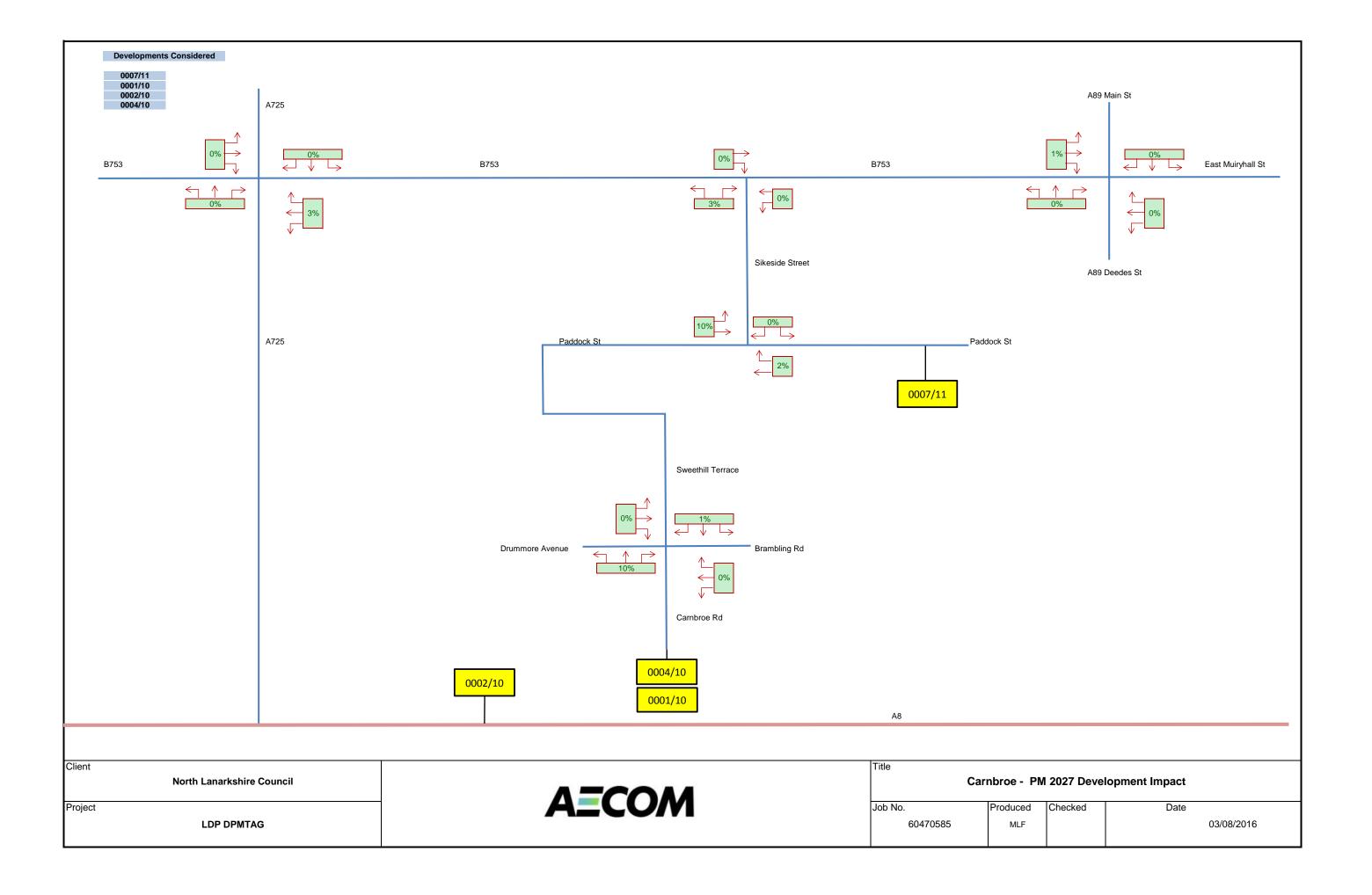


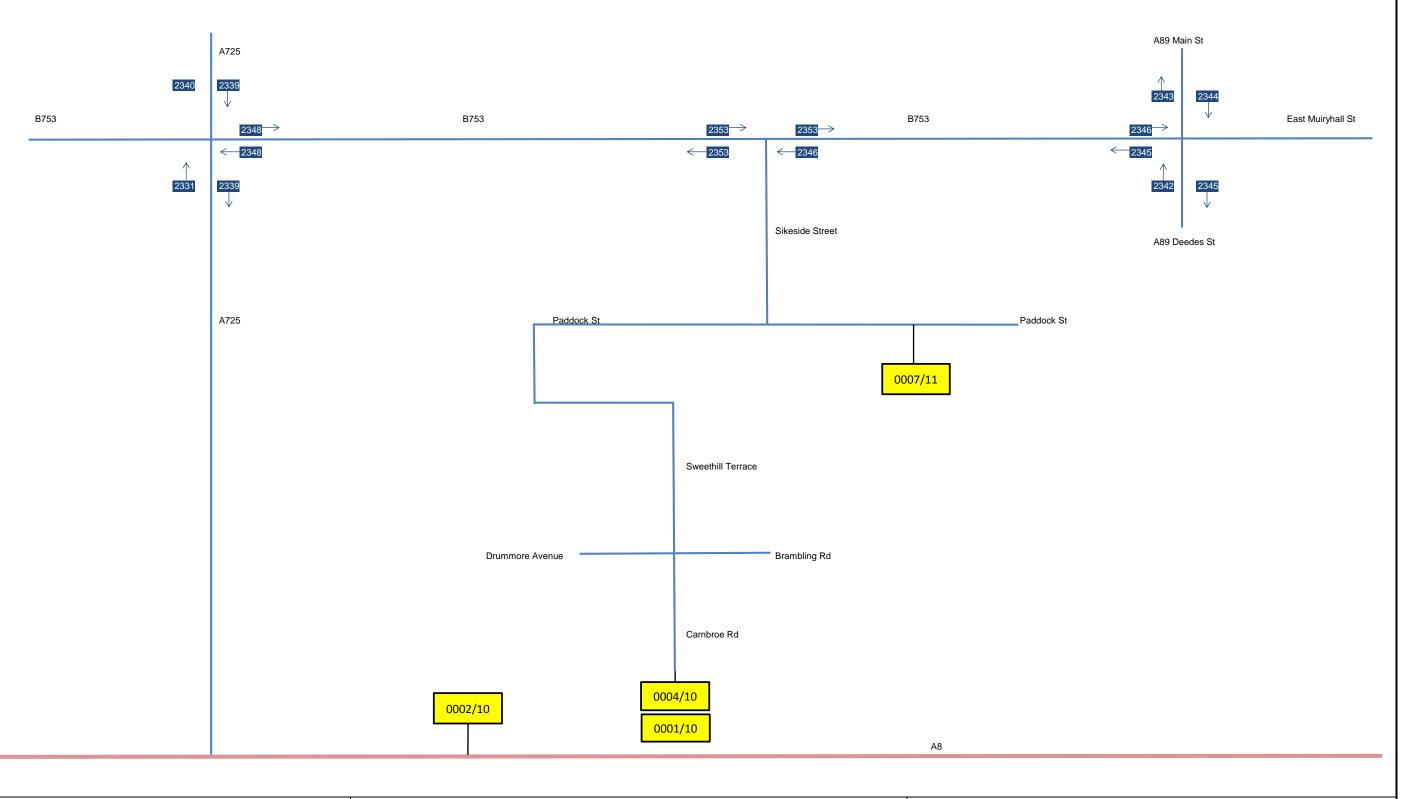








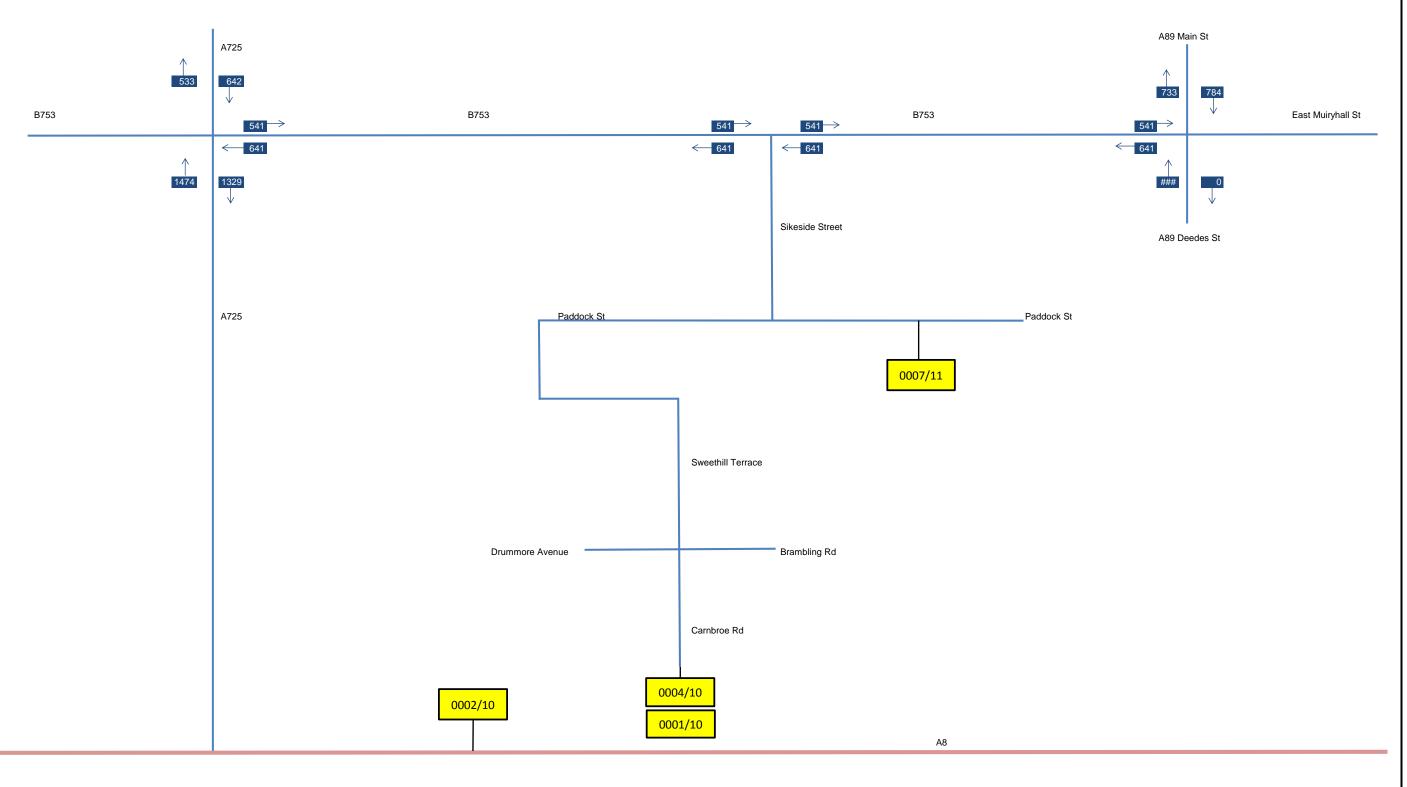




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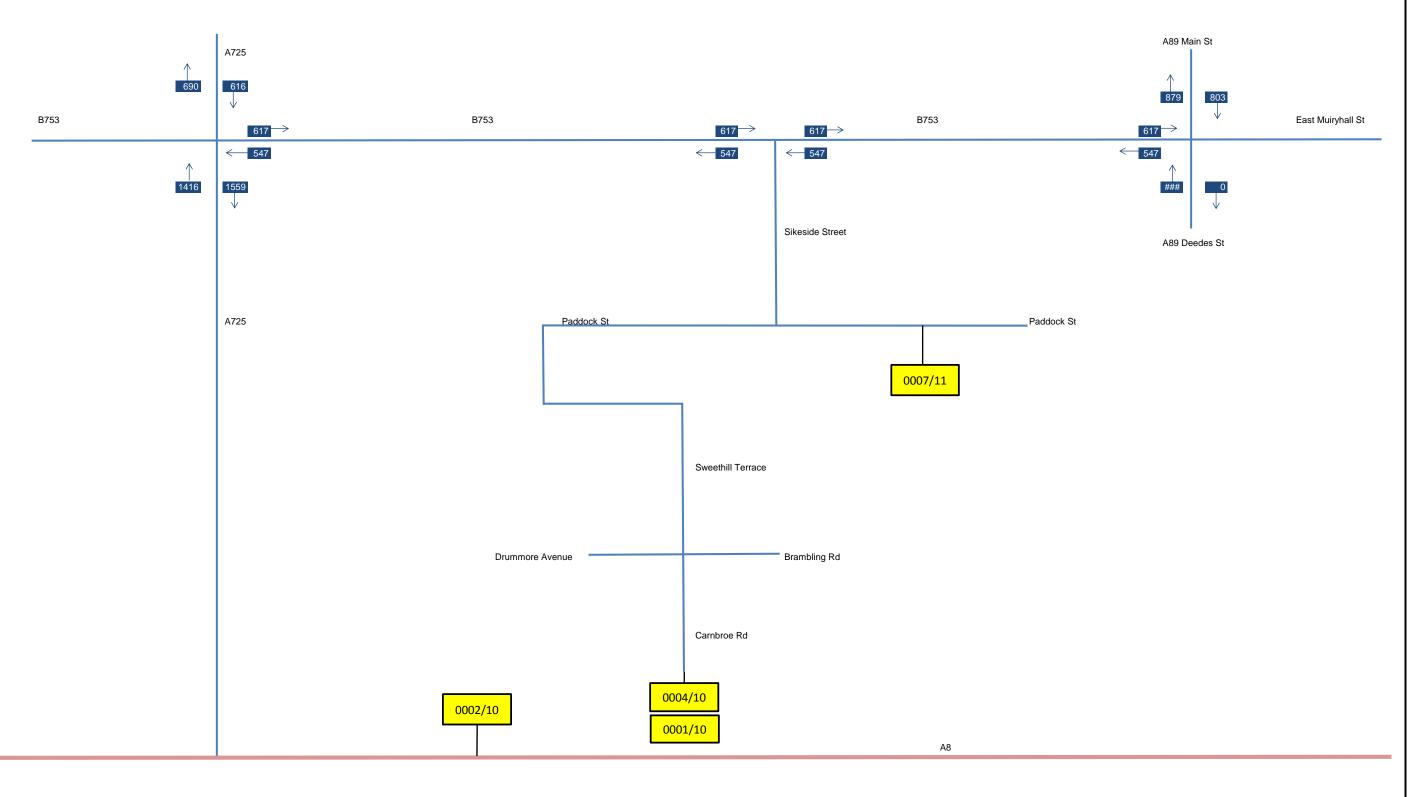
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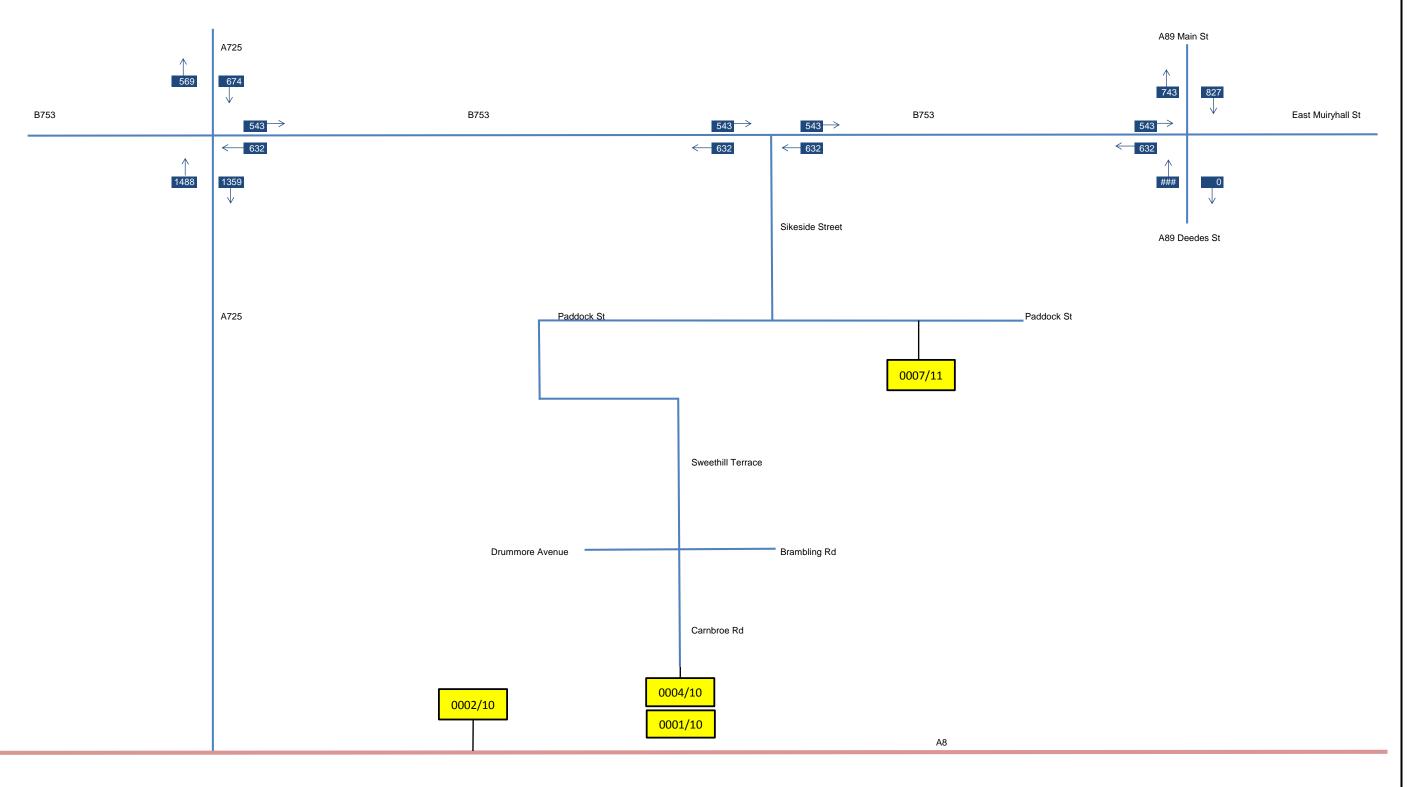
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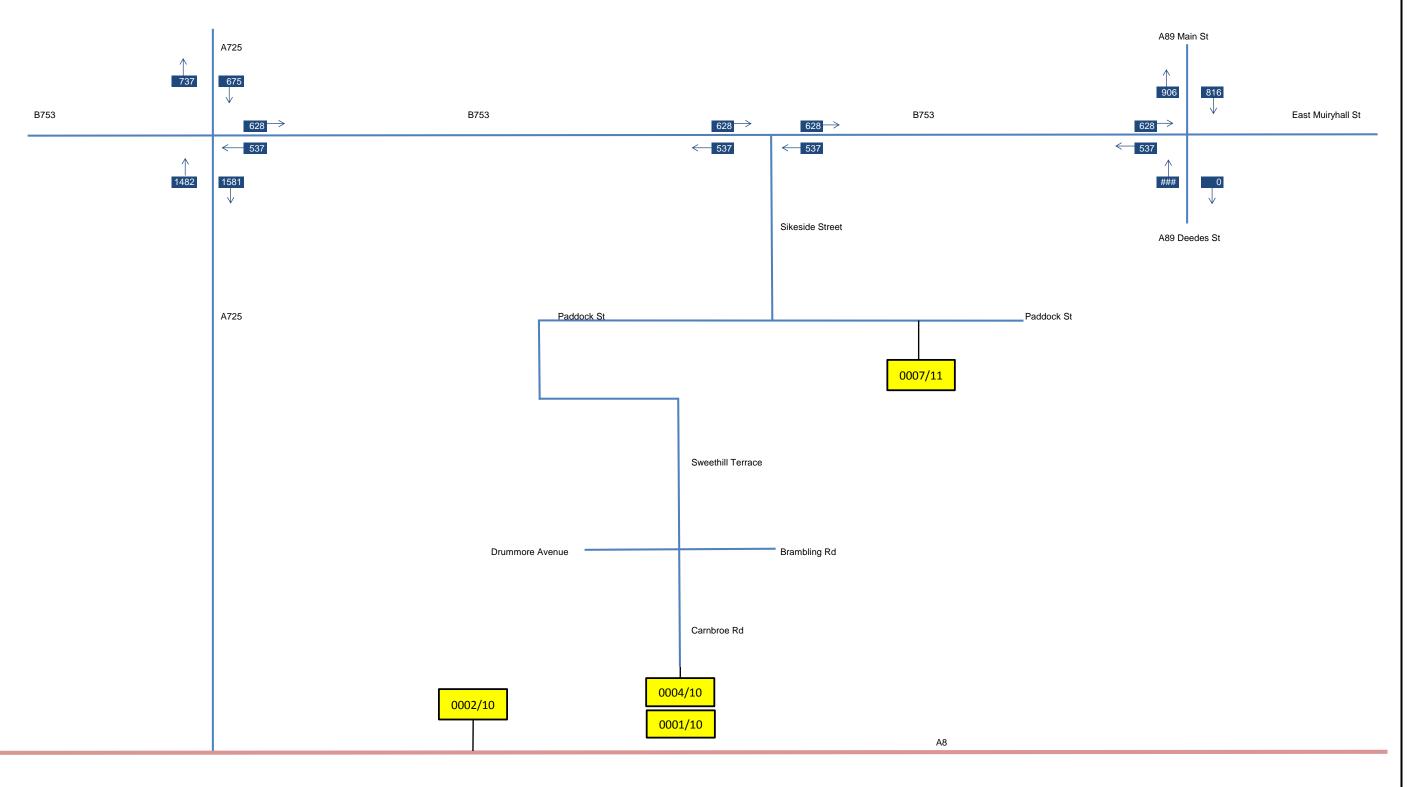
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	North Lanarkshire Council	
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Title Carnbroe - TMfS14 PM 2027 Flows							
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