#### The Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997

### The North Lanarkshire Council (Ravenscraig Access Infrastructure South) Compulsory Purchase Order 2022

Notice is hereby given that North Lanarkshire Council constituted under the Local Government etc (Scotland) Act 1994 and having its principal offices at Civic Centre, Windmillhill Street, Motherwell, ML1 1AB (hereinafter called "the acquiring authority") on Twenty second August Two Thousand and Twenty Three made a General Vesting Declaration under section 195 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (hereinafter called "the Planning Act") vesting the land described in the Schedule to this notice (hereinafter called "the said land") in themselves on Tenth October Two Thousand and Twenty Three being the end of a period of not less than twenty eight days from the date on which service of the notices required by paragraph 4 of Schedule 15 to the Planning Act is completed.

The effect of the General Vesting Declaration is as follows:-

On the date of vesting, the said land, together with the right to enter upon and take possession of it, shall vest in the acquiring authority and the registration of the declaration in the Land Register of Scotland shall have the same effect as a conveyance registered in accordance with section 80 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845. Also, on the date of vesting, the Acts providing for compensation shall apply as if, on the date on which the General Vesting Declaration was made namely Twenty Second August Two Thousand and Twenty Three, a notice to treat had been served on every person on whom the acquiring authority could have served such a notice under section 17 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 (other than any person entitled to an interest in the said land in respect of which such a notice had actually been served before that date and any person entitled to a short tenancy or a long tenancy which is about to expire).

If the said land includes any land in which there is a short tenancy or a long tenancy which is about to expire (see Appendix A to this Notice), the right of entry shall not be exercisable in respect of that land unless, after serving a notice to treat in respect of that tenancy, the acquiring authority have served on every occupier of any of the land in which the tenancy subsists a notice stating that, at the end of a specified period (not being less than fourteen days) from the date on which the notice is served, they intend to enter upon and take possession of such land as is specified in the notice, and that period has expired. The vesting of the land will then be subject to the tenancy until that period expires, or the tenancy comes to an end, whichever first occurs.

Paragraphs 17 to 36 of Part II of Schedule 15 to the Planning Act contain supplementary provisions as to general vesting declarations. These provisions are set out in Appendix B to this Notice.

This Notice including the Schedule are sealed with the Common Seal of North Lanarkshire Council and are signed on behalf of North Lanarkshire Council by Fiona Ekinli, Legal Manager and Proper Officer, at Motherwell on Twenty second August Two Thousand and Twenty Three.

Fiona Ekinli

# THIS IS THE SCHEDULE REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING NOTICE BY NORTH LANARKSHIRE COUNCIL

### Description of the land vested in the acquiring authority by the general vesting declaration:

- 1 All the land described is situated in the County of Lanark.
- Where all or part of the land forms part of a title or titles registered in the Land Register of Scotland, the Land Register of Scotland Title Number is given at the end of the description.
- The minerals are excluded from the land, but this is without prejudice to the operation of section 70 of the Railways Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 and sections 71 to 78 of that Act as originally enacted and not as amended for certain purposes by section 15 of the Mines (Working Facilities and Support) Act 1923, as applied by section 110(5) of the Roads (Scotland) Act 1984.

Plot Number on Map attached to the General Vesting Declaration	Description of the Land
1	All and Whole the land and buildings at 1 Manse Road, Motherwell in the County of Lanark extending to 4641 square metres or thereby being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 1 on Map 2 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration  LAN 37939
2	All and Whole a narrow strip of land at the northmost boundary of 460/462 Windmillhill Street, Motherwell in the County of Lanark comprising the boundary wall and part of an access extending to 27.4 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink on the plan annexed and signed as relative to the General Vesting Declaration forming part of the land shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 2 on Map 2 signed and sealed with reference to the RAI (South) CPO
5	All and Whole a plot of land forming part of the entrance from Orbiston Street to the car dealership at 261 Windmillhill Street Motherwell in the County of Lanark extending to 125 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 5 on Map 2 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration being part of the subjects more particularly described in and in feu farm disponed by Feu Charter by the Provost, Magistrates and Councillors of the Burgh of Motherwell and Wishaw in favour of Scott and Company (Builders) Limited dated 1 March 1966 and recorded in the Division of the General Register of Sasines applicable to the County of Lanark on 10 June 1966.

All and Whole a narrow strip of ground situated between the property known as 281 Orbiston Street, Motherwell and the former Dellburn Trading Park, Motherwell in the County of Lanark extending to 49 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated in red and shaded pink and marked Plot 7 on Map 3 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration being part of the subjects more particularly described by and disponed by Disposition by Trustees for Firm of Marshall Fleming & Company with Consents to Marshall Fleming Company Ltd dated 21 October 1915 and recorded in the Division of the General Register of Sasines applicable to the County of Lanark on the 26 October 1915
All and Whole a small triangular parcel of land situated generally to the south west of the former Dellburn Trading Park and between the former Dellburn Trading Park and the adjacent car dealership extending to 8 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked plot 8 on Map 3 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration being part of that plot of ground containing One rood and twenty six poles or thereby Imperial Measure more particularly described in Disposition by James Richardson Forman and Another as Trustees and Others in favour of Charles De Neuville Forman dated Eighth and Eleventh and recorded in the Division of the General Register of Sasines on Seventeenth all days of October Eighteen hundred and Ninety five
All and Whole the land and buildings at the former Dellburn Trading Park, Orbiston Street Motherwell in the County of Lanark extending to 9545 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 9 on Map 3 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration  LAN217745
All and Whole a long strip of land lying generally to the north east of the West Coast Main Line Railway between Shieldmuir and Motherwell stations and adjacent to the site of the former Ravenscraig steelworks, at the foot of the eastern railway embankment, in the County of Lanark extending to 46 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 11 on Map 4 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration
All and Whole an area of land, being a part of the land occupied by an existing steelworks, and comprising unused peripheral external areas and a boundary fence lying generally to the north east of the West Coast Main Line Railway, between Shieldmuir and Motherwell stations in the County of Lanark extending to 7040 square metres or thereby and being shown delineated red and shaded pink and marked Plot 12 on Map 4 signed and sealed with reference to the General Vesting Declaration  LAN217897

#### **APPENDIX A**

## THIS IS A COPY OF PARAGRAPH 38 OF SCHEDULE 15 TO THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (SCOTLAND) ACT 1997

#### © HMSO

(1) In this Schedule-

"short tenancy" means a tenancy for a year or from year to year or any lesser interest, and

"long tenancy which is about to expire", in relation to a general vesting declaration, means a tenancy granted for an interest greater than a short tenancy, but having at the date of the declaration a period still to run which is not more than the specified period (that is to say, such period, longer than one year, as may for the purposes of this paragraph be specified in the declaration in relation to the land in which the tenancy subsists).

- (2) In determining for the purposes of this paragraph what period a tenancy still has to run at the date of a general vesting declaration it shall be assumed-
  - (a) that the tenant will exercise any option to renew the tenancy, and will not exercise any option to terminate the tenancy, then or later available to him, and
  - (b) that the landlord will exercise any option to terminate the tenancy then or later available to him.

#### **APPENDIX B**

THIS APPENDIX CONTAINS A COPY OF PARAGRAPHS 17 TO 36 INCLUSIVE OF SCHEDULE 15 TO THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (SCOTLAND) ACT 1997 AS AMENDED. REFERENCES TO NUMBERED PARAGRAPHS TO "THIS SCHEDULE" AND "THIS ACT" REFER TO PARAGRAPHS OF THAT SCHEDULE OF THE PLANNING ACT.

#### © HMSO

#### Exclusion of power of entry under the Acquisition Act 1947

17. Paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 to the Acquisition Act 1947 (power to enter upon land after service of notice to treat) shall not apply to land specified in a general vesting declaration under this Act.

#### Restriction on withdrawal of constructive notice to treat

18. The power conferred by section 39 of the Land Compensation (Scotland) Act 1963 to withdraw notice to treat shall not be exercisable, in respect of a notice to treat which is deemed to be served under paragraphs 6 to 8, at any time after the interest in respect of which the notice is deemed to be served has vested in an acquiring authority by virtue of paragraph 7.

#### Objection to severance

- 19. Paragraph 4 of Schedule 2 to the Acquisition Act 1947 shall not apply to land in respect of which a general vesting declaration is made under this Act.
- 20. (1) If a general vesting declaration under this Act comprises part only of a house, building or factory, or of a park or garden belonging to a house, any person who is able to sell the whole of the house, building, factory, park or garden may by notice served on the acquiring authority (in this Part referred to as a "notice of objection to severance") require them to purchase his interest in the whole.
- (2) Except as provided by paragraph 29, a notice of objection to severance served by any person shall not have effect if it is served more than 28 days after the date on which the notice required by paragraph 4 above is served on him.
- 21. Where a notice of objection to severance is served in respect of a person's interest in any land (in this Part referred to as "the land proposed to be severed"), and is so served within the time allowed in accordance with paragraph 20(2), then, notwithstanding anything in paragraph 7-
- (a) that interest shall not vest in the acquiring authority, and
- (b) if he is entitled to possession of that land, the acquiring authority shall not be entitled to enter upon or take possession of it,

until the notice has been disposed of in accordance with the following provisions of this Schedule.

- 22. Within 3 months after a person has served on an acquiring authority a notice of objection to severance, the acquiring authority shall either-
- (a) serve notice on him withdrawing the notice to treat deemed to have been served on him in respect of his interest in the land proposed to be severed,
- (b) serve notice on him that the general vesting declaration shall have effect, in relation to his interest in the land proposed to be severed, as if the whole of that land had been comprised in the declaration (and in the compulsory purchase order, if part only of that land was comprised in that order), or
- (c) refer the notice of objection to severance to the Lands Tribunal and notify him that it has been so referred.
- 23. If the acquiring authority do not take action in accordance with paragraph 22 within the period allowed by that paragraph, then at the end of that period they shall be deemed to have acted in accordance with sub-paragraph (a) of that paragraph.
- 24. Where in accordance with paragraph 22 or 23 the notice to treat deemed to have been served in respect of a person's interest in the land proposed to be severed is withdrawn, or is deemed to have been withdrawn-
- (a) that interest shall not vest in the acquiring authority by virtue of the general vesting declaration, and
- (b) if he is entitled to possession of that land, the acquiring authority shall not be entitled by virtue of that declaration to enter upon or take possession of it.
- 25. Where an acquiring authority take action in accordance with paragraph 22(b), the general vesting declaration (and, where applicable, the compulsory purchase order) shall have effect as mentioned in that paragraph, whether apart from this Schedule the acquiring authority could have been authorised to acquire the interest in question in the whole of the land proposed to be severed or not.
- 26. Where in accordance with paragraph 22(c) an acquiring authority refer a notice of objection to severance to the Lands Tribunal, and on that reference the Tribunal determines that the part of the land proposed to be severed which is comprised in the general vesting declaration can be taken-
- (a) in the case of a house, building or factory, without material detriment, or
- (b) in the case of a park or garden, without seriously affecting the amenity or convenience of the house,

paragraph 21 shall thereupon cease to have effect in relation to that notice.

27. - (1) If on such a reference the Lands Tribunal does not make a determination in accordance with paragraph 26, the Tribunal shall determine the area of that land (being the whole of it or a part of it which includes the part comprised in the general vesting declaration) which the acquiring authority ought to be required to take; and the general vesting declaration shall have effect, in relation to the interest in that area of the person who served the notice of objection to severance, as if the whole of that area had been comprised in the general vesting declaration, whether apart

from this Schedule the acquiring authority could have been authorised to acquire that interest in the whole of that area or not.

- (2) Where sub-paragraph (1) applies, and part of the area determined by the Lands Tribunal was not comprised in the compulsory purchase order, the general vesting declaration shall have effect as mentioned in that sub-paragraph as if the whole of that area had been comprised in the compulsory purchase order as well as in the declaration.
- 28. Where by virtue of paragraph 22(a), 23, 25 or 27 a general vesting declaration is to have effect in relation to a different area of land from that originally comprised in the declaration, the acquiring authority shall alter accordingly the description of the land affected by the declaration.
- 29. (1) Where in accordance with paragraph 20(1) a person is entitled to serve a notice of objection to severance, and it is proved-
- (a) that he did not receive the notice required by paragraph 4 to be served on him, or received that notice less than 28 days before, or on or after, the date on which the period specified in the general vesting declaration expired, and
- (b) that a notice of objection to severance served by him was served not more than 28 days after the date on which he first had knowledge of the execution of the general vesting declaration,

that notice shall have effect notwithstanding that it is served after the time allowed in accordance with paragraph 20(2) has expired.

- (2) Where, in the circumstances specified in sub-paragraph (1), a person serves a notice of objection to severance after the end of the period specified in the general vesting declaration,-
- (a) paragraphs 21 and 24 shall not have effect in relation to that notice.
- (b) paragraph 22 shall have effect in relation to that notice as if sub- paragraph (a) of that paragraph were omitted,
- (c) paragraph 23 shall have effect in relation to that notice with the substitution, for the words "sub-paragraph (a)", of the words "sub-paragraph (b)", and
- (d) paragraph 26 shall not have effect in relation to that notice, but without prejudice to the making by the Tribunal of any such determination as is mentioned in that paragraph.

#### Compensation

- 30. Where any of the land specified in a general vesting declaration under this Act has become vested in an acquiring authority by virtue of paragraphs 6 to 8, the acquiring authority shall be liable to pay the like compensation, and the like interest on the compensation agreed or awarded, as they would have been required to pay if they had taken possession of the land under paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 to the Acquisition Act 1947.
- 31. Sections 56 to 60 and sections 63 to 66 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 (absent and untraced owners) and sections 117 to 119 of that Act (interests omitted from purchase) shall not apply to the compensation to be paid for any interest in land in respect of which

a notice to treat is deemed to have been served by virtue of paragraphs 6 to 8.

#### Charges and tenancies

- 32. (1) Where land specified in a general vesting declaration under this Act is, together with other land not so specified, charged with a charge, such proportion of the charge as may be apportioned under section 109 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 to the first mentioned land shall, subject to sub-paragraph (3), be treated as having been extinguished by virtue of paragraphs 6 to 8 on the vesting of that land in the acquiring authority under those paragraphs.
- (2) Where by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) a portion of a charge is treated as having been extinguished, sections 108 to 111 of the Act of 1845 shall have effect as if the extinguishment had taken place under section 110 of that Act.
- (3) If, in the circumstances described in sub-paragraph (1), the person entitled to the charge and the owner of the land subject to it enter into an agreement to that effect, sections 108 to 111 of the Act of 1845 shall have effect as if, at the time of the vesting of the land in the acquiring authority under paragraphs 6 to 8, the person entitled to the charge had released that land from the charge on the condition mentioned in section 109 of that Act; and in that case no part of the charge shall be treated as having been extinguished as regards the remaining part of the land charged with it.
- (4) In this paragraph "charge" means any such feuduty, ground annual or rent or other payment or incumbrance as is mentioned in the introductory words to sections 107 to 111 of the Act of 1845.
- 33. Where land specified in a general vesting declaration under this Act is, together with other land not so specified, comprised in a tenancy for a term of years unexpired, section 112 of the Lands Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act 1845 shall have effect in relation to it as if for references to the time of the apportionment of rent mentioned in it there were substituted references to the time of the vesting of the tenancy in the acquiring authority.
- 34. Where any of the land specified in a general vesting declaration under this Act has become vested in an acquiring authority under paragraphs 6 to 8, any person who, in consequence of it, is relieved from any liability (whether in respect of rent, interest on a heritable security or any other payment) and makes any payment as in satisfaction or part satisfaction of that liability shall, if he shows that when he made the payment he did not know of the facts which constituted the cause of his being so relieved, or of one or more of those facts, be entitled to recover the sum paid from the person to whom it was paid.

[Note: Paragraphs 32 to 34 above inclusive should be read with Section 6 of the Land Tenure Reform (Scotland) Act 1974]

#### Miscellaneous

35. Where, after land has become vested in an acquiring authority under paragraphs 6 to 8, a person retains possession of any document relating to the title to the land, he shall be deemed to have given to the acquiring authority an acknowledgement in writing of the right of the acquiring authority to production of that document and to delivery of copies of it and (except where he retains possession of the document as heritable creditor or as trustee or otherwise in a fiduciary capacity)

an undertaking for safe custody of it.

- 36. (1) The time within which a question of disputed compensation, arising out of an acquisition of an interest in land in respect of which a notice to treat is deemed to have been served by virtue of paragraphs 6 to 8, may be referred to the Lands Tribunal shall be 6 years from the date at which the person claiming compensation, or a person from whom he derives title, first knew, or could reasonably be expected to have known, of the vesting of the interest by virtue of those paragraphs.
- (2) In reckoning the period of 6 years referred to in sub-paragraph (1), no account shall be taken of any period during which the person claiming compensation or the person from whom he derives title was under legal disability by reason of nonage or otherwise.

Fiona Ekinli