

2025

Lanarkshire MAPPA Annual Report 2025

Information
Sharing

Partnership
Working

Reduced
Risk

Safer
Communities

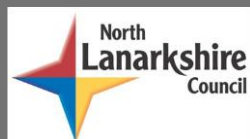


Table of Contents

1. Introduction 3

2. What is MAPPA and how does it operate in Lanarkshire? 5

3. Progress Report on Business Plan 2024/25 8

4. Case Studies.....10

5. Statistical Information 12

6. Future Business Plan 2025 /2026 19

7. Glossary 22

1. Introduction



Welcome to the eighteenth annual report for the Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) operating in the Lanarkshire area.

This is my first annual report as MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group (SOG) chair having taken on the role in May 2024.

The Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) established by section 10 of the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act 2005, provide a national framework for jointly establishing arrangements to assess and manage risks posed by certain categories of offender, namely;

- Registered Sex Offenders,
- Restricted Patients and
- Offenders assessed as posing a risk of serious harm (this may include terrorist or terrorism-risk offenders)

The fundamental purpose of MAPPA is public safety and the reduction of serious harm. The introduction of MAPPA across Scotland in April 2007 gave a consistent approach to the management of offenders across all local authority and police areas, providing a framework for assessing and managing the risk posed by such offenders.

Although I'm personally relatively new to my MAPPA role, I quickly recognised that despite the many challenges over the last 12 months, all the MAPPA partners have remained committed to managing the risks posed by those offenders subject to the legislation. Every effort is made to ensure the effective deployment of resources, within the context of more people with convictions being managed through MAPPA alongside the increasingly significant financial pressures facing local communities, voluntary and charitable organisations and indeed every public sector body and aspect of society.

This report will give feedback on the commitments made in our business plan for 2024/25 as well as outlining our commitment to progress and address significant future challenges, as detailed in our business priorities for the year ahead. Through all of this we continue to place public protection at the top of our agenda.

During the last 12 months the partnership working across all the disciplines of public protection, (Child Protection, Adult Support & Protection, Violence Against Women and Girls) including links with the Alcohol and Drug Partnership and Community Justice, has been strengthened with a more integrated approach resulting in joint training events and seminars being held to showcase and examine the interaction often evident between these different but connected arenas. This was highlighted by a joint Chief Officers (Public Protection) Group event in October 2024 that was attended by the chief officers from NLC, SLC, NHS Lanarkshire, Police Scotland (Lanarkshire

Division) as well as senior managers from each of these organisations and other partner agencies. The event demonstrated our commitment to building on existing practices to further improve the interaction between each of the public protection disciplines across the partner agencies. Therefore, over the next 12 months we will continue to build on what we have achieved and further events are already planned for 2025/6. Within the current and financially challenging environment it also makes sense not only to maximise public protection but to strive to achieve more and use our collective resources to best effect.

Despite the numerous challenges over the last few years I firmly believe that Lanarkshire MAPPA has risen to these and will continue to work collaboratively to ensure the high standards we have set are maintained and, where possible, improved. When we become aware of where practice could be improved, we have endeavoured to learn from this. During the last 12 months we have not undertaken any Significant Case Reviews but have ensured where such reviews are undertaken, the findings are scrutinised and the learning shared across Lanarkshire partners. This drive for continuous improvement through partnership working has been prevalent in Lanarkshire for many years now and although the number of people with convictions managed through MAPPA continues to increase the rate of re-offending still remains low.

As my tenure as the Strategic Oversight Group chair will come to an end in the next 12 months and my colleague Alison Gordon, Head of Education, Families, Justice and Integrated Practice, North Lanarkshire Council will assume the Chair role, I would also like to take this opportunity to pass on my personal thanks to a number of people.

Firstly, I would like to take this opportunity to convey my personal thanks and gratitude to all staff involved in MAPPA, particularly front-line staff in Social Work, Housing, Prisons, Health, Education, Addictions and Police. I am frequently impressed by the high quality of work and professionalism that staff bring to the challenging task of effectively supervising high risk offenders and helping to keep communities safe. I would also like to acknowledge the excellent service provided by the administrative staff in each of the agencies who support this effort.

Equally, the contribution from third sector and voluntary organisations is hugely important and I'd like to express my thanks to all those personnel working alongside statutory agencies to help keep our communities safe. The contribution of each and every one is crucial to ensure public safety and is greatly appreciated.

Although there continues to be significant challenges ahead in managing increasing numbers of people who require management through the MAPPA all agencies remain committed to continuously improving the collaborative approach that has been prevalent in Lanarkshire over the last 18 years. By continuing to work smarter together, being innovative and strengthening existing partnerships I'm confident that these challenges will be met.

Martin McGhee

**Detective Superintendent, Lanarkshire Division, Police Scotland and
Lanarkshire MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group Chair
May 2025**

2. What is MAPPA and how does it operate in Lanarkshire?

MAPPA stands for **Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements** – a set of arrangements established by Police, Local authorities, the National Health Service and Health Boards and the Scottish Prison Service (SPS) (known as responsible authorities) to assess and manage the risk posed by sexual and violent offenders.

The principles that govern MAPPA are simple:

- Identify those who may pose a risk of harm
- Share relevant information about them
- Assess the nature and extent of that risk
- Find ways to effectively manage the risk, using available resources most efficiently, to protect the public and reduce further harm.

Statutory basis

Sections 10 and 11 of the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act 2005 (the Act) provide the statutory basis for the operation of MAPPA. MAPPA in itself is not a statutory development but a means of the SPS, Local authorities and Police to “jointly establish arrangements for the assessment and the management of risks posed by certain categories of offenders”. The above agencies are considered “responsible authorities” and have specific responsibilities under the legislation. In addition, the Health Board(s) are also considered to be a responsible authority in relation to mentally disordered offenders.

In terms of the Local Authority, although most action will be taken by Social Work Resources, primarily Justice Services, it is the authority *as a whole* that holds the responsibilities and therefore there is an expectation that different local authority functions will work together to meet the corporate responsibility.

Therefore, although the responsibility for the joint arrangements within a local authority lies primarily with the Chief Social Work Officer, other local authority services such as education and housing also have key responsibilities in relation to this function.

The Police Service of Scotland is responsible for the operation of the Sex Offender Notification Requirements (SONR). They will normally be the responsible authority for those registered sex offenders (RSO's) who are not subject to statutory supervision by the local authority. In cases where the statutory supervision ends, but the RSO is still subject to SONR, the police will become the lead responsible authority.

The Scottish Prison Service is the responsible authority for relevant offenders whilst they are in custody and during periods of home leave.

Health boards are a responsible authority in relation to the assessment and management of mentally disordered offenders and restricted patients who meet the criteria in section 10(1) of the 2005 Act.

Furthermore, Sections 10(3) and (4) of the Act stipulates that in establishing and implementing the joint arrangements, the responsible authorities must act co-operatively with the duty to co-

operate agencies, who will be specified by the Scottish Parliament. Co-operation specifically includes the duty to share information.

A variety of agencies have been identified as having a duty to co-operate, including registered social landlords, G4S (the company responsible for electronic monitoring) and the Scottish Children's Reporter Administration (SCRA). The Health Board is also considered a duty to co-operate agency in circumstances where the offender is not mentally disordered.

Strategic Oversight

The Lanarkshire MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group (SOG) meets regularly and monitors and reviews how the MAPPA arrangements are working in this area. Chaired by the Head of Children and Justice Services, Social Work Resources, or equivalent from partner organisations, permanent members include senior representatives of South Lanarkshire Council, North Lanarkshire Council, Police Scotland, NHS Lanarkshire, NHS Greater Glasgow & Clyde and the Scottish Prison Service.

Who is subject to MAPPA?

There are different categories of offenders who are subject to MAPPA:

Category 1 - Registered Sex Offenders (RSOs)

Offenders convicted of an offence listed in Schedule 3 to the Sexual Offences Act 2003 and required to comply with the sex offender notification requirements (SONR) set out in Part 2 of the 2003 Act. Also, those made subject to a Sexual Harm Prevention Order (SHPO) or are convicted of a breach of a Sexual Risk Order (SRO).

Note: The Sexual Harm Prevention Order (SHPO) and a Sexual Risk Order (SRO) replaced the Sexual Offences Prevention Order (SOPO) and Risk of Sexual Harm Order (RSHO) respectively with effect from 31 March 2023 under sections 10 to 40 of the Abusive Behaviour and Sexual Harm (Scotland) Act 2016.

Mentally Disordered Restricted Patients

This category of offender comprises those subject to any of the following orders or directions:

- Patients who are detained following conviction under section 57A and section 59 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995;
- Patients who are detained under section 57(2)(a) and (b) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 Compulsion Order with a Restriction Order (CORO) following a finding of unfitness for trial or acquittal by reason of mental disorder;
- Prisoners detained in hospital on a Hospital Direction under section 59A of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 or a transferred prisoner on a Transfer for Treatment Direction under section 136 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003.

Category 3 - Other Risk of Serious Harm Offenders

Offenders not required to comply with the SONR or a mentally disordered restricted patient; who by reason of their conviction are subject to supervision in the community by any enactment, order or licence; are assessed by the responsible authorities as posing a high or very high risk of serious harm to the public which requires active multi-agency management at MAPPA level 2 or 3. This category may include terrorist or terrorism-risk offenders.

How does it work?

MAPPA is a tiered framework, based on three interconnected levels at which risk of harm is assessed and managed. Resources are focused upon the cases where they are most needed, generally those presenting the highest risk of serious harm. The levels are:

Level 1: routine risk management – this level of risk management is used in cases where the risks posed by the offender can be managed by one agency without actively or significantly involving other agencies.

Level 2: multi-agency risk management – where the active involvement of multiple agencies is required to manage and reduce the risk of serious harm posed, but where either the level of risk or the complexity of managing the risk is not so great as to require management at Level 3.

Level 3: Multi Agency Public Protection Panels (MAPPP) – for the critical few where the risk presented can only be managed by a plan which requires close co-operation at a senior level. This would normally be due to the complexity of the case and/or because of the unusual resource commitments required. It can also be where there are high levels of media scrutiny and/or public interest in the management of the case.

Co-ordination is a crucial element of the MAPPA and ensures that the relevant functions of the framework operate effectively. When an offender is placed on the SONR, the MAPPA Co-ordinator receives a MAPPA notification. Where the offender meets the Level 2 or 3 criteria, a referral is also made. Thereafter, the Coordinator facilitates the responsible authorities in their statutory responsibility to do the following:

- Receive referrals for RSOs, other risk of serious harm offenders and restricted patients who pose a risk of serious harm which needs to be managed at either Level 2 or Level 3;
- Share information relevant to the management of the risk of serious harm with other agencies within MAPPA on the basis that the information will be held securely and used by appropriate personnel within those agencies for public protection purposes only;
- Receive the risk management plans and minutes from all relevant Level 2 and Level 3 meetings, showing clearly the status of each offender, the agencies which are delivering components of the plan and review arrangements;
- Provide a single point of contact for advice on all aspects of MAPPA.

3. Progress report on business plan 2024/25

This progress report is in response to the commitment detailed in the MAPPA Annual Report for 2024 that Lanarkshire MAPPA would address the following issues.

Status	Description
Blue	Completed
Green	Task ongoing to following year and for regular review
Amber	On track for completion timescales
Red	Not on track

Action	Lead	Evidence Measure	Target Review / Completion date	Red Amber Green Blue	Progress /Outcome
Consider and prepare for MAPPS implementation	Training Sub-Group	Multi-agency group to consider national MAPPS implementation and resulting local issues, i.e. training requirements, contingency arrangements, capacity of services etc	March 2025	Green	<i>Roadmap for National implementation of MAPPS revised by UK Government from 2024 to late 2027/28. Locally, engagement continues with SG and UKG, including participation in MAPPS Connectivity testing, UAT etc.</i>
Undertake public protection multi-disciplinary MAPPA Audit of Category 3 cases	MAPPA Co-ordinator	Conduct multi-agency and public protection multi-disciplinary (CP, ASP, VAWG etc) audit on sample of MAPPA Category 3 cases, including those subject to a Supervised Release Order.	March 2025	Blue	<i>Completed January 2025 and report submitted to MOG & SOG</i>

Seek assistance from RMA to conduct sample of risk assessments and re-offending rates for over 60 and under 30 year-olds subject to MAPPA	MOG Task Group	Consider resource requirements for each cohort. Should be based on risk, not age. Check RMA Literature Review and C-Port risk assessment as these may be instructive/used.	March 2025		<i>Engagement with RMA ongoing. The RMA have intentions of doing work in this area and extending the analysis to all MAPPA regions and had discussions regarding this with National SOPU.</i>
Capacity monitoring group to be established to consider and evaluate the volume of MAPPA cases locally,	Training Sub Group	Establish SLWG to consider implications of continued increase in volume of offenders, including those subject to statutory supervision versus SONR only, resourcing, budgets, and impact on services and revise processes accordingly.	March 2025		<i>Multi-agency training sub-group examined capacity issues and increase in volume of offenders and revised several areas to address existing resourcing and budget issues. This included changes to review periods for Level 1 cases, ERA process amendments and reviewing existing staffing arrangements to better suit future demands.</i>

4. Case Studies

The following are two examples of good practice in collaborative working over the last year between the partner agencies involved in MAPPA across Lanarkshire. The case studies are anonymised but are based upon actual events and circumstances and demonstrate the excellent working-relationships 'in practice' between all the partner-agencies to ensure the ethos of MAPPA, '*public safety and the reduction of serious harm*' is uppermost at all times.

Case Study 1

Mr M is subject to an Order of Lifelong Restriction (OLR) for contact sexual offences and there are also wider concerns such as stalking behaviours. Mr M has complex and comorbid diagnoses of Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD). Mr M has diagnoses of Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD), Intellectual Disabilities (ID), attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) and Tourette's Syndrome. This manifests itself in behaviours such as a high level of impulsivity and lack of social boundaries.

Mr M was released directly from prison in May 2024 with a 24/7 Intensive Support Package (ISP) delivered by SACRO to reflect his high level of risk and needs. The ISP was put in place to support Mr M's level of complexity and need, and it was considered a bespoke approach was required to manage his risk in the community.

The Risk Management Plan (RMP) developed for Mr M involves a wide range of services working closely together to manage his risks and support his complex needs. This includes Justice Social Work; SACRO; Community Learning and Disability Team (CLDT); Forensic Psychology; Police and Adults Social Work. He has daily support from SACRO; twice weekly appointments with Justice Social Work; weekly sessions with CLDT and fortnightly support from Forensic Psychology. There are two-weekly Risk Management Planning Meetings (RMPMs) to co-ordinate and direct this support and SACRO provide daily observations for all partners. While Justice Social Work focus on risk management and compliance with his licence; CLDT support him with improving his independent living skills and psychology's primary focus is on his self-control and emotional regulation. Adults Social Work have arranged a capacity assessment and ensure his day-to-day social care needs are met.

This approach over the last 12 months has led to Mr M gradually becoming more able to cope in the community and learn how to interact with others. The gradual progress being made has meant the 24/7 package has been slowly decreased and it is on track to reduce to 12 hours a day, a considerable decrease given the level of risk and complexity. While a high level of monitoring and support is required Mr M is showing an ability to manage himself appropriately and he has been supported to reintegrate into the community whilst reducing risk to the public.

Case Study 2

Mr X was referred into MAPPA as a category 1, level 2. Prior to Mr X's release from custody, it was recognised that his learning needs and difficulties living independently would need to be an active consideration in the formation of his Risk Management Plan.

The MAPPA level 2 meeting brought relevant NHS colleagues from the Learning Disability Service, Police, and Social Work together to contribute to planning for his release. Upon his release from custody Social Work and the Learning Disability Service worked together to support Mr X with resettlement whilst actively managing the risk posed to the community. The Learning Disability Service provided Social Work and Police with specific guidance on how to engage/communicate meaningfully with Mr X within the context of his learning needs. This was inclusive of translating his licence conditions into a manner which were suitable to his learning needs.

Mr X's management involved liaison with Community Care Services in another local authority due to the risk he posed both to and from a vulnerable female. This liaison promoted the safety of both Mr X and the female.

Due to non-compliance Mr X was made subject to a breach report. Upon receipt of the breach report the Parole Board sought clarification that services were satisfied that Mr X suitability understood his condition. MAPPA partners were able to evidence Mr X's needs had fully been taken into account. Mr X was recalled to custody.

Mr X was referred back into MAPPA as a category 1, level 2 as he reached his sentence end date. Mr X is now a Police led case, and services continue to manage the risk whilst actively supporting him with his community care needs via liaison with Community Care Services.

4. Statistical information¹

Table 1: Registered Sex Offenders within Lanarkshire area

REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS (RSO's)	NUMBER
a) Number of Registered Sex Offenders:	
i) At liberty and living in your area on 31 st March 2025 ² :	677
ii) Per 100,000 of the population on 31 st March 2025 ³ :	(Est. population of 678,570) 66
b) The number of RSO's between 1st April 2024 and 31st March 2025 having a notification requirement who were charged with breaching the requirements to notify:	130
c) The number of "wanted" RSOs on 31st March 2024⁴:	2
d) The number of "missing" RSOs on 31st March 2024⁵:	0

¹ This section is required to be included in the MAPPA Annual Reports as per S11 3 (a) and (b) The Management of Offenders etc (Scotland) Act 2005.

² These figures are a snapshot of those offenders currently residing in the community. It does not count those offenders within SPS estate or NHS facilities managed by MAPPA.

³ [Mid-2024 population estimates - National Records of Scotland \(NRS\)](#)

⁴ A 'wanted' Registered Sex Offender is defined as those who are subject to the notification requirements of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 and who have a live warrant in force.

⁵ A 'missing person' is defined as anyone whose whereabouts is unknown and:

- where the circumstances are out of character; or
- the context suggests the person may be subject to crime; or
- the person is at risk of harm to themselves or another.

Table 2: Civil Protection Orders⁶

The Number of	Applied for by Police
a) Sexual Harm Prevention Orders (SHPOs) in force on 31 st March	21
b) SHPOs imposed by courts between 1 st April and 31 st March	0
c) Sexual Risk Orders (SRO's) in force on 31 st March	0
d) Number of sex offenders charged with breaching SHPO/SOPO conditions between 1 st April and 31 st March	10
e) Number of sex offenders charged with breaching SRO/RSHO conditions between 1 st April and 31 st March	0
f) Number of Foreign Travel Orders (FTOs) imposed by courts between 1 st April and 31 st March	0
g) Number of Notification Orders (NOs) imposed by courts between 1 st April and 31 st March	1

⁶ The Sexual Harm Prevention Order (SHPO) and a Sexual Risk Order (SRO) replaced the Sexual Offences Prevention Order (SOPO) and Risk of Sexual Harm Order (RSHO) respectively with effect from 31 March 2023 under sections 10 to 40 of the Abusive Behaviour and Sexual Harm (Scotland) Act 2016.

Table 3: Registered Sex Offenders managed under MAPPA

REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS (RSO's)	NUMBER OF OFFENDERS	
Number of RSOs managed by MAPPA Category:		
	In the community on 31 st March 2025 ⁷	In total on 31 st March 2025 ⁸
i) Level one – Ordinary Risk Management:	667	873
ii) Level two – Local Inter-agency Risk Management:	9	21
iii) Level three – MAPPA:	0	1
b) Number of Registered Sex Offenders convicted of a further Group 1 or 2 crime between 1 st April to 31 st March ⁹ .		
i) Level one – Ordinary Risk Management:	31	
ii) Level two – Local Inter-agency Risk Management:	2	
iii) Level three – MAPPA:	0	
c) Number of RSO's returned to custody for a breach of statutory conditions (including those returned to custody because of a conviction of Group 1 or 2 crime):	15	
d) Number of indefinite sex offenders reviewed under the terms of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (Remedial) (Scotland) Order 2011 between 1 April and 31 March.	7	
e) Number of notification continuation orders issued under the terms of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (Remedial) (Scotland) Order 2011 between 1 April and 31 March.	3	
f) Number of notifications made to Jobcentre Plus under the terms of the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act, 2005 (Disclosure of Information) Order 2010 between 1 April and 31 March.	121	
g) Number of RSO's subject to formal disclosure:	0	

⁷ These figures are a snapshot of those offenders currently residing in the community. It does not count those offenders within SPS estate or NHS facilities managed by MAPPA.

⁸ These figures include all offenders who have been notified to the MAPPA Coordinator by the Responsible Authorities in the community and within the SPS estate or NHS facilities as at 31 March 2025. It should be noted the method of recording these figures in the Lanarkshire Annual Report was altered from 2018 onwards. Previously, these figures included all offenders who had been notified to the MAPPA Coordinator at any point between 1 April and 31 March.

⁹ This figure is in relation to those managed at those levels from 1st April 2024 and 31st March 2025

Table 4: Restricted Patients

RESTRICTED PATIENTS (RPs):	NUMBER
1) Number of RPs:	
a) The Health Board(s) in your MAPPA region had responsibility for on 31 March 2025	40
b) The Health Board(s) in your MAPPA region had responsibility for during the reporting year (1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025)	44
2) Number within hospital/community on 31 March 2025	
a) State Hospital:	6
b) Other hospital in your area:	20
c) Community (Conditional Discharge):	14
3) Number managed by MAPPA level on 31 March 2025	
a) MAPPA Level 1	40
b) MAPPA Level 2	0
c) MAPPA Level 3	0
4) Number recalled by Scottish Ministers over the reporting year:	0

Table 5: Delineation of RSO'S by age on 31st March 2025.

Age	RSO Number	RSO Percentage %
18 - 21	19	2.12
22 - 25	50	5.58
26 – 30	90	10.04
31 – 40	204	22.77
41 – 50	195	21.76
51 – 60	163	18.19
61 - 70	112	12.50
Older than 70	63	7.03
Total	896	100.00

It is important to note that this table is in reference to the current age of those subject to MAPPA and not the age when the offence was committed.

Table 6: Delineation of RSO's by sex on 31st March 2025

Sex	RSO Number	RSO Percentage %
Male	890	99.33
Female	5	0.56
Other	1	0.11
Total	896	100.00

Table 7: Number of RSO's managed under statutory conditions and/or notification requirements on 31st March 2025

Number of RSO's:	Number	Percentage %
On Statutory supervision:	223	24.89
Subject to notification requirements only:	673	75.11
Total	896	100.00

Table 8: Number of Other Risk of Serious Harm Offenders managed under statutory conditions on 31st March 2024

Other Risk of Serious Harm Offenders	Number
a) Number of offenders managed by MAPPA level as at 31 st March 2025	
I. Level 2 – Multi-Agency Risk management	5
II. Level 3 - MAPPP	0
b) Number of offenders convicted of a further Group 1 or 2 crime:	
I. MAPPA Level 2	2
II. MAPPP Level 3	0
c) Number of offenders returned to custody for a breach of statutory conditions(including those returned to custody because of a conviction of a Group 1 or 2 crime)	6
d) Number of notifications made to DWP under the terms of the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act 2005 (Disclosure of Information) Order 2010 between 1 April and 31 March	12

Chapter 19 of the National MAPPA Guidance issued in 2022¹⁰ contains details (as below) of National performance Indicators (NPI's) that each MAPPA area across Scotland reports to the Scottish Government each year, 'Every SOG should evaluate its performance against the following National Performance Indicators:

The following are the Lanarkshire NPI stats for the current reporting period -

- 95% of Level 3 MAPPP cases reviewed no less than once every six weeks.

Achieved

- 95% of MAPPA Level 2 cases reviewed no less than once every twelve weeks.

Achieved

- Where invited, 90% attendance by each Duty to Co-operate (DTC) agency at an appropriate level of seniority for Level 2 and 3 meetings in community and custody. This includes attendance via telephone/video conferencing or a written report.

In Community – Achieved

- Where invited, 90% attendance by Police Scotland at the agreed level of seniority for Level 2 and 3 meetings in community and custody including Scottish Prison Service (SPS) Risk Management Team (RMT) meetings.

In Community – Achieved

- Where invited, 90% attendance by Community Based Social Work at the agreed seniority level for Level 2 and 3 meetings in community and custody including SPS RMT meetings.

Achieved

- 100% written contributions to be provided by Responsible Authorities in cases of non-attendance (where invited) at Level 2 and Level 3 meetings in the community or custody. Upon receipt these contributions will be recorded in the minute and Risk Management Plan.

Achieved

- 100% written contributions to be provided by Duty-to-Co-operate agencies in cases of non-attendance (where invited) at Level 2 and Level 3 meetings in the community or custody. Upon receipt these contributions will be recorded in the minute and Risk Management Plan.

Achieved

- 100% of MAPPP initial Level 3 meetings for those in custody to take place in the community no less than four weeks prior to the person being released.

N/A – No Level 3 meetings during the reporting period

- 90% of Level 2 and Level 3 meeting minutes and updating of Risk Management Plans to be issued and ratified within 10 working days following the review meeting.

Achieved

- Disclosure to be considered and the decision to be recorded in the minutes at 100% of Level 2 and 3 MAPPA meetings.

Achieved

¹⁰ [Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements \(MAPPA\): national guidance - gov.scot](https://www.gov.scot/publications/mappa-guidance/pages/19-national-performance-indicators.aspx)

5. Business Priorities – Lanarkshire MAPPA – 2025 / 2026

The multi-agency members of the Lanarkshire Management Operational Group (MOG) and Strategic Oversight Group (SOG) worked collaboratively to agree the following business priorities to address the key issues for the period 2025/26.

High Level Outcomes

1. Learning from a range of sources, including research, local quality assurance activity, practice experience, performance information, and significant case reviews informs priority setting, policy and practice developments
2. Evidence informed changes to policy and practice are introduced, monitored and evaluated, and improve the safety and wellbeing of individuals and our communities.
3. Evidence informed, up to date procedures, protocols and guidance are available in relation to core public protection business and related priority issues, these are implemented effectively and impact on practice and outcomes
4. The collective Lanarkshire MAPPA workforce is competent and confident in their individual, managerial and support roles to improve the safety and wellbeing of individuals and our communities
5. Relevant, up to date public information is available in a range of accessible and engaging formats to individuals and communities across Lanarkshire
6. The views of victims and/or their families are taken into account in relation to issues that affect them directly and in policy and practice development
7. Collaboration and co-operation between the SOG and other national and local multi-agency partnerships is effective
8. National strategy and policy developments inform SOG activity
9. Local leadership of public protection is effective in driving improvements in public protection practice and in improving outcomes for individuals and our communities

Status	Description
Blue	Completed
Green	Task ongoing to following year and for regular review
Amber	On track for completion timescales
Red	Not on track

Outcome/Priority					
Action	Lead	Evidence Measure	Target Review / Completion date	Red Amber Green Blue	Progress /Outcome
Monitor and implement terrorist / terrorism-risk offenders into MAPPA as per national guidance	SOG	Terrorist / terrorism-risk offenders incorporated into MAPPA and partner agencies aware of their responsibilities for management of these individuals.	March 2026		
Ensure any training opportunities for managing terrorist / terrorism-risk offenders are maximised locally.	MOG Training Subgroup	Staff from relevant partner agencies receive appropriate training for managing this cohort of MAPPA offenders.	March 2026		
Undertake public protection multi-disciplinary MAPPA Audit of Category 1 offender cases	MAPPA Co-ordinator	Conduct multi-agency and public protection multi-disciplinary (CP, ASP, VAWG etc) audit on sample of MAPPA Category 1 offender cases	March 2026		

Action	Lead	Evidence Measure	Target Review / Completion date	Red Amber Green Blue	Progress /Outcome
MAPPA National Performance Indicators to be reported in the Lanarkshire Annual Report and develop a performance framework for reporting these stats to PP COG's on quarterly basis.	MAPPA Co-ordinator	National Performance Indicators recorded in Lanarkshire Annual Report and local performance framework developed for reporting NPI's to respective PP COG's on a quarterly basis.	October 2025		
Housing Strategic Plan to be updated to include MAPPA cases	SOG	Strategic Plan for Housing Services in SLC and NLC to be updated to include MAPPA cases	March 2026		
Update Lanarkshire Inter-Authority Housing Protocol to include local amendments to the ERA process and development of training opportunities.	MOG Training Subgroup	Lanarkshire Inter-Authority Housing Protocol updated accordingly.	March 2026		

6. Glossary

CJS – Community Justice Scotland

COG – Chief Officers Group

CORO - Compulsion Order and Restriction Order

CPA - Care Programme Approach

CPN - Community Psychiatric Nurse

DTTO – Drug Treatment and Testing Order

DWP - Department of Work and Pensions

ERA – Environmental Risk Assessment

HD - Hospital Direction

FOI - Freedom of Information

FTO - Foreign Travel Orders

GDPR – General Data Protection Regulations

GGC – Greater Glasgow & Clyde

HMICS - Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary in Scotland

HSCP – Health and Social Care Partnership

ICR – Initial Case Review

ISP – Information Sharing Protocol

JSW - Justice Social Work

LS/CMI - Level of Service Case Management Inventory

MAPPA - Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements

MAPPS – Multi Agency Public Protection System

MDO – Mentally Disordered Offender

MOG - MAPPA Operational Group

MOU – Memorandum of Understanding

NASSO – National Accommodation Strategy for Sex Offenders

NHS - National Health Service

NLC - North Lanarkshire Council

NSOPU - National Sex Offender Policing Unit

NPI – National Performance Indicator

OLR – Order of Lifelong Restriction

ORoSHO – Other Risk of Serious Harm Offender

RMA - Risk Management Authority

RMP – Risk Management Plan

RP - Restricted Patient

RSO - Registered Sex Offender

RSHO - Risk of Sexual Harm Order

SCRA - Scottish Children's Reporter Administration

SCR - Significant Case Review

SG – Scottish Government

SHPO – Sexual Harm Prevention Order

SLC - South Lanarkshire Council

SOG - Strategic Oversight Group

SOPO - Sexual Offences Prevention Order

SPS - Scottish Prison Service

SRO - Sexual Risk Order

TTD - Transfer for Treatment Direction.

UKG – United Kingdom Government

ViSOR - Violent and Sex Offenders Register

VNS - Victim Notification Scheme

Lanarkshire MAPPA Mission Statement

“We will work together to reduce the risk posed by individuals who may cause harm within our communities. Through effective communication and information sharing, we will make our communities a safer place to work and live.